The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. VIII. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 3, 1871. NO. 193.

The DAILY COMMERCIAL is published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, opposite Postoffice.

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☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 5 cents; delivered by carriers (per week), 25 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address THE COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the Family.

☞ TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2 00; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50; one copy gratis to the getter-up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

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FIRST EDITION.

CIVIL WAR.

Communists Concentrating at Issy.

Versaillists Reported Repulsed.

Imperial Council at Berlin.

Situation at Paris Considered.

Probable Restoration of the Regency.

Charges Against Gen Cluseret.

Insurgents Throwing Petroleum Shells Into Paris to Keep Up the Indignation—Rumored Capture of Dombrowski and Staff—A Great Battle Expected—Repulse of the Versaillists at Issy.

LONDON, May 2.—The *Times'* Versailles special says the insurgents at Neuilly are themselves throwing petroleum shells into Paris to keep up the indignation of the populace against the Versailles Government. The people are led to believe that they come from the lines of the Army of the Assembly.

The Reds have been successful in the elections at Lemans and Narbonne.

A force of fifteen thousand National Guards has carried the Versaillist barricade in the lower part of the village of Issy, after an engagement.

The *Moniteur* of this morning says it is rumored that General Dombrowski and staff have been made prisoners by the Assemblists at Asnieres.

VERSAILLES, May 2.—The Clamart railway station was captured last night by the Chasseurs at the point of the bayonet. Three hundred insurgents were killed in the action.

The Chateau of Issy defense, which the insurgents had temporarily abandoned, was simultaneously attacked by two regiments of Versailles troops. Three hundred Communists were found in the deserted castle, who surrendered to the assailants, and will arrive here to-day.

The *Daily News'* special dispatch from Versailles says McMahon has sent a column of twenty-five thousand troops against insurgents who are making sorties by way of Choissy le Roi. A great battle is expected to-morrow.

A new army for the reinforcement of that enveloping Paris is being formed at Auxarre.

The Versaillists Repulsed.

PARIS, May 1, evening, *via* LONDON, May 2.—The *Reveil* this evening announces that the Versaillists attacked Fort Issy and were repulsed. Workmen who were sent from Paris had unspiked the guns in the fort, which was thereby enabled to make an effective resistance.

The bombardment of forts Vanvres and Montrouge is continued.

There was an engagement before Hautes Bruyeres to-day, and a general action is expected this evening.

The Versaillists are daily gaining ground.

Another dispatch says that the occupation of Fort Issy by the Communists is again contradicted. It is said the fort is entirely deserted.

The truth of the rumor that disturbances have occurred in Lyons is officially denied. The result of the recent elections is satisfactory to the Government.

Fort Issy Mined Preparatory to Its Surrender—The Arrest of Cluseret.

VERSAILLES, May 1, Monday night.—Fort Issy proposes surrendering. Government troops surround the fort. Hostages are demanded by General Faran as a guarantee that the fort will not be mined, and he threatens that if it is blown up, the garrison will be shot.

General Cluseret has been displaced by Rossel, a young man of twenty-eight years and a Lieutenant of French engineers. There are sixty thousand men ready at Reuil to make an attack.

PARIS, Monday night—The second *enceinte* of fortifications has been erected close to the real fortifications. Issy is in ruins, and the village has been evacuated. I understand that the fort has been mined, and when the Versailles troops enter it is to be fired. Mesy, the Governor of Issy, has been arrested.

The *Journal de Paix* has been suspended.

Dombrowski has ordered the inhabitants of Neuilly to evacuate the place within twenty-four hours.

The cause of Cluseret's arrest was the abandonment of Issy, for which he was partly blamed.

The battery of the Porte Des Ternes is dismounted. It is reported that Dombrowski has been arrested.

Germany's Ultimatum—If Order is Not Soon Established the Regency Will Be Restored.

NEW YORK, May 2.—The special correspondents telegraph the following from Berlin last Saturday: An Imperial Council was held here to-day to consider the situation of Paris. Bismarck was present. It was agreed to notify the Versailles Government that a further limited period would be allowed for the restoration of authority, for the enforcement of order, and the fulfillment of the treaty stipulations, after which Germany will take independent action to establish law and order in Paris.

The dispatch will emphasize the wish of Germany not to interfere in the internal and political affairs of France, but will add that such interminable civil war, originating in revolution and characterized by disgraceful excesses, cannot longer be tolerated, for the moral and material interests of Germany, as well as the whole of Europe are suffering.

Private reliable information leads to the belief that it is the intention of the Germans to restore the Regency, as the next legitimate government, in the event of the Versailles government being unable to enforce its authority.

Another Communal Decree—Immense Concentration of Communists Troops at Issy—Serious Charges Against Gen. Cluseret—Assemblist Victories Denied.

PARIS, May 2.—The Commune have issued a decree appointing a Committee of Safety.

The arrest of Gen. Cluseret was ordered because he was guilty of negligence, by which the safety of Fort Issy was compromised.

The session of the Commune on Monday was an excited one. Serious charges were made against Gen. Cluseret, and the suggestion was even made that he be shot within forty-eight hours.

There is now an immense concentration of Communist troops in and about Fort Issy.

The Railway Companies have paid the sums demanded from them by the Commune, and 1,680,000 francs have already been received into the Treasury from that source. Weekly payments will hereafter be made by the companies.

The official journal of the Commune denies the reports emanating from Versailles of victories for the Assemblist forces.

The Free Masons have been ordered to retake the banners which they had planted on the ramparts of the city, the Versailles Government and troops declining to respect them.

Communist Agents in London—Napoleon Will Not Return to France—Thiers Determined on a Coup d'Etat.

[Special to the World.]

LONDON, May 2.—Several agents from the Paris Commune arrived in this city yesterday. They have been commissioned by that body to enter into contracts here for the purpose of revictualling Paris, but as they propose to pay for their goods in thirty days, dealers decline to contract with them.

Emperor Napoleon declared yesterday that he would not return to France, nor listen to any proposition for his return. Theirs has determined on a coup d'etat after entering Paris, making himself and Marshal MacMahon joint regents with the Empress Eugenie.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 2, 1871.

THE MURDER OF AVERY D. PUTNAM.

The Coroner's jury in the case of Avery D. Putnam returned the following verdict: "We find that Avery D. Putnam came to his death from acute meningitis and fracture of the skull and laceration of the brain, caused by a blow or blows on the head, inflicted with a heavy iron car hook, in the hands of Wm. Foster, on the evening of April 26th, at the corner of Seventh avenue and Sixteenth street."

The authorities are using all possible exertions to bring the accused to trial at the earliest moment. An indictment against Foster is being drafted, and witnesses were before the Oyer and Terminer Grand Jury to-day. Foster will probably be arraigned before Judge Cardoza, of that Court, to-morrow. An effort, however, will be made by his counsel to put off the trial to a more distant day, fearing the present state of the public mind in reference to the outrage would be prejudicial to the interest of the prisoner. It is even rumored that a motion will be made to change the place of trial, on the ground that he could not have a fair trial in this county on account of the excited state of the community at large.

REORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD OF POLICE.

The Board of Police reorganized this morning and elected Henry A. Smith President and Thomas J. Barr Treasurer. Under a recent act of the Legislature the Board of Police were made trustees of the police insurance fund.

SENTENCED.

Patrick Toomey, the policeman who was convicted of clubbing to death the boy Jno. Murphy, was to-day sentenced by Recorder Hackett, of the Court of General Sessions, to two years imprisonment at hard labor at the State prison.

ARRIVED.

The steamship Thuringia, from Hamburg.

QUARRYMEN'S STRIKE.

The strike of the Society of Quarrymen continues. Collisions with the police have occurred, and a riot is progressing in the northern part of the city. The police are all under marching orders.

OUTRAGES IN STREET CARS.

In the Court of Sessions, Judge Bedford, charging the jury, said in many instances car drivers and conductors are accomplices of thieves and rowdies who assault and rob passengers in street cars.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

The steamer Scotia takes out to-morrow a large number of passengers, among them General Spinner and family, Miss Usher, Rev. Dr. Adams, H. C. Fahnestock, partner of the banking house of Jay Cooke & Co.; Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams, and Mr. William J. Florence and lady. The latter party will be absent nearly two years, and will spend most of the time in Ireland. Madame Seebach sailed for Europe to-day.

COMMITTED.

Henry M. Carples, arrested for preparing fraudulent bounty papers, was committed to-day by Commissioner Davenport, to await the action of the grand jury.

CHAS. BROCKWAY SENTENCED.

In the Court of Sessions to-day, Chas. Brockway, the notorious forger, who pleaded guilty at the last term of Court, was sent to Sing Sing for four years and nine months.

VIADUCT RAILWAY.

It is stated that a prominent banker has proposed, if the city issues five million bonds toward the construction of the Viaduct Railway, to take the whole at a small premium.

STATE LEGISLATURES.

Ohio.

COLUMBUS, May 2.—The General Assembly adjourned *sine die* at noon to-day, after a session of one hundred and twenty days. One hundred and twenty-five general and sixty-six local laws were passed, and fifty-six joint resolutions were adopted during the session.

CRIME.

MEMPHIS, May 2.—A shooting affray occurred to-night at the corner of Main and Jefferson streets, between Dan Marrigan and David Mallert, Jr., in which the latter was shot in the right side and probably mortally wounded. Marrigan was arrested. The difficulty originated in a game of cards.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

A Revolution in Railroads.

Narrow-Gauge Roads Superseding the Wide—Their Practicability and Necessity.

BROAD VS. NARROW-GAUGE RAILROADS.

We extract the following from an article in the New York *Tribune* of the 27th inst.: "The old battle, so fiercely waged forty years ago between Brunel and the Stephensons, is to be fought again by the the theoretical and practical engineers of our day. The Stephensons of old gained the fight in the general adoption of their 4-foot 8½-inch gauge, and the advocates of further revolution bid fair to win in the present contest. If trunk railways are the arteries of a great country, branch lines are the smaller vessels by which the life-blood is distributed from and returned to the heart. On the correctness of the theory that very narrow-gauge lines can be profitably and safely worked depends the construction of innumerable feeders to the trunk lines, opening new districts, and placing others, already peopled and cultivated, in the world—for in these days villages and townships out of reach of railway communication are practically out of the world. Economy in the construction of railways has for many years been the professed study of capitalists, engineers and contractors. But they almost all made the grand mistake of looking for economy in the wrong direction. Cheap road beds, cheap rails and cheap bridges are not economy; on the contrary, they are reckless extravagance. It is in a road of sufficient capacity that true economy is to be found. A well-equipped, narrow-gauge road, meeting only present requirements, and those likely to arise in the course of a few years, can often be built and worked where a broad-gauge road, constructed at a greatly enhanced cost, and entailing much heavier expenses for operation and repairs would be out of the question. At the same time there would be an annual saving in the capital account of the narrow gauge road, which would go far to meet the expense of development in years to come. Suppose that a narrow gauge line can be constructed, equipped and furnished with rolling stock for $500,000, where a broad-gauge line would cost $800,000—an assumption which may be fairly made—there would be $300,000 less capital to be raised—itself no insignificant consideration. If the bonds of the company have twenty years to run at the time of their maturity the company will have saved the $300,000 and the annual interest on it, say at 7 per cent., amounting in the aggregate to to $720,000, or $200,000 more than the original cost of the line, furnishing abundant means wherewith to enlarge or develop the line if necessary. But who can assert that engineering skill may not by that time have rendered development in the shape of enlargement unnecessary? When Mr. Brunel built the Great Western Line he asserted that he built it for all time. The very next generation of stockholders has been compelled to reduce its gauge from seven feet to four feet eight and a half inches, in order to save themselves from utter ruin.

Indeed, engineers have by no means agreed to what extent the width of gauge may not be reduced. In Wales there was formerly a horse railroad running between the slate quarries of Festiniog and Port Madock. This line has been converted into a steam railroad, but the width of the gauge remains the same, only twenty-three and a half inches. When the Company first began to carry passengers on this line, Captain Tyler, the Government Inspector of Railroads, limited the of speed at which the trains might travel to twelve miles an hour. He has since given authority to the Company to run passenger trains at any rate of speed they may think fit; and in his last official report he affirms that he "traveled over this little road at thirty miles an hour, with every feeling of safety." Thirty miles an hour, with every feeling of safety, over a twenty-three and a half road! Is there "every feeling of safety" in traveling thirty miles an hour over the best constructed of the four feet eight and a half inches roads in this country? Such has been the success of this thirteen miles of railway between Festiniog and Port Madock that the Russian, the Norwegian, the Indian and the British Governments sent Commissioners into Wales to inspect the line and to investigate the whole theory and practice of narrow gauge lines. They arrived at the unanimous opinion that "the common railroad gauge of four feet three and one-half inches is far beyond all ordinary requirements." All the members considered three feet ample for all purposes; many of them put the maximum at two feet six inches. In accordance with the recommendations made by the Commissioners to their respective Governments many narrow-gauge lines have been constructed or are in course of construction. In Queensland they have been tried, and are a decided success. Mr. Pihl, Government Engineer of Railroads in Norway, reports similar success there. In France there are two private railroads and one public railroad of 29-inch gauge. In Prussia the 31-inch gauge Broelthal Railroad is working most successfully, both as a railroad and as a financial speculation. Two narrow-gauge lines are building in Russia. In this country it is mentioned that the forty-four miles of road about to be built between Piqua and Celina, in Ohio, will have a gauge of 2½ feet, and it is determined that the line from Santa Fe to Denver City, over 300 miles in length, shall be constructed on the narrow-gauge principle.

It is almost unnecessary to detail the many items of saving in the cost of construction of narrow gauge lines. The road bed of 4-feet-8½-inch gauge line is almost uniformly 18 feet wide in cuttings and 14 feet wide on embankments. The reduction of 2 feet in the gauge would allow of more than a corresponding reduction in the width of embankments. It is also acknowledged by the most eminent engineers that a narrow gauge admits of steeper grades and sharper curves; both of which items sensibly diminish the cost of construction. The same lessening of cost also applies to tunnels, bridges, culverts, sleepers, cross-ties, ballasting, etc. The smaller weight of the trains, too, admits the use of lighter rails. In fact the cost of construction of a narrow gauge line may be fairly put down as at least $10,000 a mile less than that of a broad gauge line. But great as it is, the first cost of construction of a broad gauge line is not a greater drain on the resources of railroad companies than the excessive cost of operating them. In a paper lately read by Mr. Fairlie before the British Association at Liverpool, that gentleman said: "It ought to be engraved on the mind of every engineer, that every inch added to a gauge beyond what is absolutely necessary for the traffic adds to the cost of construction, increases the proportion of dead weight, increases the cost of working, and in consequence reduces the useful effect of the railway." In this sentence is the gist of the whole question between broad and narrow gauge railroads. The real point involved is the proportion of capacity to requirements. It has been the invariable custom of engineers to build lines of inordinate capacity, and thus render them, financially, failures. Mr. Fitzgibbon, Chief Engineer to the Government of Queensland, in advocating narrow gauge lines, says: "It is the wisest possible policy to provide only for the wants we now foresee, and to carry out effectually a system of railways which is within our present means, leaving posterity to decide what further expenditure should be incurred to meet its wants." And he adds: "To spend two or three times the necessary amount now, with a view to meet any want which cannot be felt for perhaps twenty years or more, is simply to expend in interest alone a sum sufficient to rebuild an entirely new system of communication."

In no country is the inordinate capacity of its railroads more marked than in the United States. There are now 3,673 miles of railroad belonging to the companies operating in the State of New York which have been built at an expenditure of $224,733,412 30. For the year ending September 30, 1869, (the last official report published), their gross earnings were $54,185,648 19; their gross expenditures $44,885,585 29, and their dividends paid $8,560,159 47. These figures show the expenses to be 69.11 per cent. of the gross earnings, and the average rate of interest to be 4 2-5 per cent. This average would be very much lower but for the New York Central, the Harlem, Hudson River and New Haven lines, which pay an average dividend of 8½ per cent., and whose united capital is one-fourth of the aggregate capital of all the State railroads. All the lines carried last year 10,903,498 passengers, the average number to each train being 68.39, or about 17 passengers to a car. The average number of tons of freight to a train was 120.84. Now compare these figures as showing the inordinate capacity of these lines with these published by the Board of Trade in England. The report from which the latter are taken is for the year 1868, when the whole railway system of England had just passed through a fearful convulsion. The comparison, therefore, should be very favorable to the railways of this country.

There were then 14,247 miles of railway in Great Britain, constructed at an outlay of capital of £502,262,887. This is about 3 8-9 times the mileage of the railways operating in the State of New York. The returns show that 313,699,268 passengers were carried in that year. But this includes season-ticket holders who travel every day; the real number of passengers carried was computed at 350,000,000. One line alone carried 4,003,832 tons of merchandise. This same line—the London and Northwestern—carries about 20,000,000 passengers a year, and has a revenue of about £2,000,000 per annum. Its gauge is nevertheless the usual one of 4 feet 8½ inches. Thus, this one line carries more passengers and has $1,500,000 more income than all the railways operating in New York. And yet it declares its urgent need of more business, and is making every possible effort to obtain it. No less than 300,000 persons travel in and out of London daily. The number of trains daily running into the Cannon street terminus is nearly 600; the number of trains passing through the Clapham Junction, in the suburbs of London, is over 700 daily. This enormous traffic is carried on at an expenditure of a fraction over fifty per cent. of the gross earnings; and the average net profit is a fraction over 4 per cent., and this in spite of the startling fact that the average cost of construction of English railways is £41,500 a mile. There are, then, 3 8-9 times as many miles of railway in Great Britain as there are in the State of New York. For convenience call it four times as many. Four times the number of passengers carried by the New York railways would still give them only 80,000,000 passengers against the 350,000,000 carried by the British railways; the average travel of an American passenger being 61 miles. The average travel of each British passenger is only 8½ miles; but this is accounted for by the innumerable short branch, trunk-feeding lines which cover the country, and reduce the average distance traveled by each train to the low figure of 19 miles. The freight traffic shows the same unequal ratio. The freight carried by the New York roads last year was 13,803,159 tons, earning $35,172,183. Multiplying this sum by four, to equalize the mileage with the British lines, gives $140,688,232. But from the report of the Board of Trade, quoted above, it appears that the British lines earned £38,164,254 in that year or about £10,000,000 more than the New York State lines. The ratio of expenses to the earnings on the New York lines is 69.11, exclusive of interest on floating debt, against fifty per cent. on the British lines, including interest on floating debt; while the dividend (in spite of the enormous cost of British, compared with American lines, and the vast difference in the general commercial rate of interest and returns from investments expected in the two countries) is only two-fifths of one per cent. more with the New York than with the British lines.

A few figures will exhibit at a glance the enormously increased cost of operating our railroads in consequence of this inordinate capacity. Their unwarranted breadth of gauge not only entails an unnecessarily heavy charge for maintaining and repairing the road—amounting in one year to $13,760,758 67—but also compels the use of engines of great power, cumbrous cars, and heavy rails. Thus it follows that every engine which leaves New York has to draw a vast amount of non-paying "dead" weight. It is estimated that for every passenger carried in a drawing-room or palace car, the engine has to draw 3,000 lbs. of dead weight; and that with the ordinary cars the engine draws, including tender and baggage wagon, 2,000 lbs. per passenger. The passenger traffic of the New York Central amounted to 206,000,000 passengers carried one mile; but they carried 306,250,000 tons of dead weight with them, *i. e.*, a ton and a half of dead weight per passenger, exclusive of the weight of baggage. The Erie did worse than this. They carried 128,500,000 passengers one mile, with 425,500,000 tons of dead weight; which is three and a half tons of dead weight per passenger. In the freight traffic, the Central moved 474,500,000 tons one mile with 410,700,000 tons of dead weight, or 9-10 of a ton of dead weight for every ton of paying freight; while the Erie moved 813,000,000 tons of freight with 1,083,333,000 tons of dead weight, or 1⅓ tons of dead weight per ton of paying freight.

This dead weight, out of proportion to that of all other known means of transportation, shows that the companies are doing an immense amount of work that does not pay. The additional charge made on passengers riding in drawing room cars cannot pay the companies, and yet on the third of the present month a bill was introduced into the Legislature at Albany to reduce the extra charge for them to half a cent a mile. The wear of these heavy cars on the rails is necessarily very great. The common car as now built weighs 32,000 pounds empty and hammers the rail with 4,000 pounds on each wheel. The car of a three-foot gauge road would only hammer the rail with 1,300 pounds per wheel. The same truth applies to locomotives. An engine that bears with it weight of twenty tons on its driving wheels, distributes five tons to each wheel, and with its loaded tender and its own ineffective load weighs altogether about fifty tons, of which one-half is dead weight. In the Fairlie engine, which is especially constructed for use on very narrow gauge lines, the entire load, including coal and water, is placed on the driving wheels, and is thus utilized in the work of hauling the train. Thus, instead of an engine carrying fifty tons in order to procure the working effects of twenty, we have an engine weighing this twenty tons, and no more; and this load is distributed over eight wheels, giving but two and a half tons per wheel, instead of five tons. The wear and tear of rails forms a heavy item in railway expenditure, as also does the cost of renewal and repair of rolling stock

FORT WAYNE, IND.

The City Election Results in a Democratic Victory.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., May 2, 1871.

The municipal election to-day passed off quietly, but quite differently from what many had expected, the entire Democratic ticket being elected over the people's ticket, the majorities varying from 350 to 1,150, Freeman, for Clerk, receiving a much larger majority than two years ago. Mayor Randall was also re-elected by an increased majority. The Democrats elected seven Councilmen to Republicans' two. Reports from adjoining towns are not yet received.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The funeral of Hon. Sharon Tyndale, murdered at Springfield, Ills., on Saturday morning, took place at Belleville, Ill., Monday afternoon with Masonic honors. The mystery surrounding the horrible murder seems to grow deeper, the greater the efforts to unravel it.

The corner-stone of Smithson College, at Logansport, Ind., will be laid next week.

The New York *Tribune* of yesterday morning publishes a queer story regarding the sudden death of Gottschalk, the celebrated pianist. It appears that Gottschalk, while making arrangements for a concert near Rio Janeiro, incurred the displeasure of some college boys in that place. After the concert he was prostrated by a blow from a sand bag in the back. He was momentarily stunned, but death finally resulted. It is not known who the assassin was.

On complaint of George Carter and wife, colored, Major Crompton, conductor on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and others were indicted in the Federal Court, now sitting at Nashville, for forcibly ejecting them from the ladies car on said road. Defendants' counsel moved to quash the indictment, and after argument of the motion Judge Trigg decided in favor of the defendants and they were discharged, on the ground that a common carrier had the right to regulate their own affairs. He added, further, that plaintiffs might sue for damages, the jury to determine whether their right had been infringed.

Says a Cleveland telegram of yesterday: The sentence of Wm. Schallenberger, who was to have been hanged on the 18th for the murdering of his wife, has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

An accident occurred on the Kinsman Street Railroad, at Cleveland, yesterday morning, resulting in the death of a boy eight years old, son of Mr. Gillette, proprietor of the Birch House, and the probable fatal injury of a driver named Graham. The boy was riding on the front platform, and having arrived at his destination, the driver attempted to lift him over the inclosure surrounding the platform, when the horses started and the boy and man fell to the track and were run over.

Rev. Dr. Harris has resigned the position of President of Bowdoin College and accepted the New Haven professorship. It is expected that ex-Governor Chamberlain will succeed Harris.

Mahlen Williamson, a retired dry goods merchant of great wealth, of Philadelphia, died on Monday.

At the sale of imported Jersey cattle at Philadelphia, yesterday, heifers sold at prices ranging from $275 to $425. A three-year old cow brought $430. The whole lot, nineteen in number, were sold, and the bidding was very spirited. A Guernsey cow sold for $520, and another for $390. Pigs and boars from the Prince Consort's show at Windsor, England, sold at from $50 to $60.

The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, held their annual meeting at Philadelphia yesterday. The report of operations for the past year show a deficit of over $207,000, which is attributed to losses from coal strikes. The report says the position assumed in this contest was not determined upon by the managers until after full deliberation, and it had been ascertained that if the demands of the men had been yielded to they would be followed by demands from other branches and seriously embarrass future operations of the company, so that notwithstanding the prospect of loss from a long suspension, it was thought better to suspend operations for a year, if necessary, than to fasten a policy upon the company which would subject its property to the demands of others, and result in the employment of its whole capital solely for the benefit of hostile organizations.

T. D. Rodgers was found dead on his wife's grave, at Lowell, Mass., yesterday. He had taken laudanum.

The American Medical Association convened at San Francisco yesterday, Dr. Alfred Steele, of Philadelphia, in the chair. The session will last until Friday next.

The result of the election at Terre Haute, Indiana, yesterday, was a decided Republican victory by large gains. The Republicans elect all their candidates on the general ticket and their Councilmen.

Robert Bonner, of New York, has purchased at Lexington, Kentucky, at a high price, the great colt Mambrino Bertie, that trotted at Cincinnati last fall in 2:41, seventeen seconds faster than ever made by any other two-year old.

Judge Swing, of the United States Court, at Cincinnati, held, in the case tried before him yesterday, that a distiller is not liable for tax on the full capacity of a distillery, according to survey, when the whole amount was not actually produced.

A Memphis telegram of yesterday says: Black caterpillars have made their appearance in the surrounding bottoms in such droves as in one instance to stop a train of cars, and are destroying vegetation.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis of Observations by the United States Signal Corps for the Past Twenty-Four Hours—Probabilities.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 2, 1871.

Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours: The barometer continues falling at San Francisco, with a decided increase of temperature. It has remained stationary in the Rocky Mountains, with a rising temperature. The low pressure on Monday evening in Missouri has extended eastward, and the barometer, which has risen on the lakes and Southern States is now stationary or falling. The pressure has risen in the Eastern States. The clear and clearing weather in the Eastern and middle States is now being rapidly succeeded by clouds and light rain, which now prevail east of the Mississippi. Northeast winds continue to prevail on the lakes and southerly winds on the Gulf.

PROBABILITIES.

It is very probable that cloudy and perhaps rainy weather will on Wednesday be experienced at San Francisco. Increased northeast winds with rain are probable for the lakes, cloudy weather, with light rains along the Atlantic coast, and fresh southerly winds on the Gulf.

THE COAL STRIKE.

The Effect of Ignoring the Leaders of the W. B. A.—The Prospect Brighter.

[From the Philadelphia Ledger.]

Very little absolute advance has been made the past week in the settlement of the difficulties between the coal miners, the operators and the carrying companies. There has been much talk but comparatively little action. Yet we think the way has been broken to the most salutary results at a very early day. The circular issued on the 22d ult. by the committee of operators, offering terms, and addressed directly "to the workingmen of Schuylkill, Northumberland and Columbia counties," ignoring altogether the leaders of the W. B. A., was most stunning in its effects, and from the very moment that it reached the hands of the workmen there has been steadily increasing promise of good results in the Schuylkill coal region, which is composed of the counties named. The leaders of the W. B. A. resolved that they were indignant, but at the same time offered terms greatly reduced from what they had previously demanded—in fact, in the matter of wages and arbitration, came near to the terms offered by the operators—the demand for the $5 50 basis for coal at New York being entirely omitted. The fact is, the patience under long suffering of the men in the Schuylkill region has been borne quite to the bitter end, and the leaders see that it is necessary to relax a little or lose entirely the control they have so long held. As it is, the men at the large collieries at "Centralia" and "Hazel Dell," in Columbia county, went to work almost immediately on receiving the operators' circular on the 22d ult., and have continued at work ever since, in spite of persistent efforts of the leaders to induce them to break off, and the declaration of President Kealey, that the men had stopped. On Friday one hundred cars were shipped from the two collieries named, and nearly as many the day before. At last accounts the men were still at work, and negotiations favorable to resumption on like terms were progressing at various other points in the Schuylkill regions, the whole movement promising a general resumption in that region in all the present week. The great bulk of the coal shipped from the two large collieries named is to furnaces on the line of the road, the balance of their production being taken by the Reading Railroad Company, probably for its own use, and at toll charges satisfactory all round. Great interest is manifested in this first innovation on the orders of the W. B. A., the movement having the sympathy of the entire trade outside of the gradually lessening number still held in the arbitrary control of the W. B. A. officers. With this one region once fairly started at work, resumption will soon follow in all the other coal regions. The coal prospect is brighter all round, and production is increasing.

INTRODUCTION OF BITUMINOUS COAL.

There is a steady increase in the production and marketing of bituminous coal. A number of manufacturing establishments at the eastward have altered their furnaces to the use of this softer coal, and in many instances it is found to work so satisfactory that they will not be altered back to the use of hard coal—a loss fairly chargeable to the long coal suspension. Vessels that were formerly employed in carrying coal from Philadelphia are now, to a large extent, taken up on charters by consumers in eastern towns and cities to carry bituminous coal from Alexandria, and at about the same freights as heretofore paid from Port Richmond, find pretty full employment.

WHEN THE SUSPENSION WILL END.

A correspondent writes from Scranton: It is now confidently predicted by well informed men that the suspension will end by the 15th of May at the farthest. This hope is based upon the great necessity of the men and the utterly exhausted condition of the merchants, who have been keeping the miners alive thus far, but can do so longer, because their stocks of goods are gone and their only assets questionable book accounts, on which no money can be realized until a month after work has commenced. A retail dealer in provisions and groceries, who, being unable to continue business, closed his establishment last week, stated that he had his entire capital, nearly $20,000, on his books, which he would sell for $5,000, with which he would again start on a small scale, and do a cash business. There are many similarly situated. The merchants are almost unanimous in their determination never to do a credit business again during a suspension.

A NEW DIFFICULTY.

There is an important movement on foot by that class of workmen known as the miners' laborers—the men who load the coal after the miners have cut or blasted it. These men have heretofore received no consideration whatever. They receive only a fraction more than half as much wages as the miners, and are required to work nearly twice as many hours. The miner receives a certain sum per car for getting out the coal, and then hires his laborer to whom he pays one-third of what he gets. The laborers propose to rebel against what they call the laborers' system, and will demand to be placed nearer an equality in wages with miners. This threatens to be a new difficulty in the near future. In Providence, Pittston and other places the question of reform in this matter is now being vigorously agitated.

DOWN WITH HIGH PRICES.—A new rosewood, seven octave, carved leg piano, with all the modern improvements, and the makers guarantee for seven years. Price $285. $75 cash down and $20 a month until paid. To be seen Saturday, May 6th, at Hale's Piano Warerooms, 29 Fifth avenue, over Sands & Reineman's.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Democracy and Civil Service Reform

The Organ Takes the Back Track—Cattle Disease in Virginia—Another Eccentricity of Judge Olin—Ben. Wade and the Ohio Governorship—Investigation of Peck's Recent Raid on Federal Officers in Toledo, &c., &c.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, May 2, 1871.

Base Ball.

The Boston Red Stocking nine, as it is called, played the first game of the proposed series here to-day with the Nationals. The game commenced at four o'clock and lasted two hours and a half, the result being a score of 32 to 3 in favor of the Bostons. The Nationals tallied only on the first and last inning. The play of the Boston Club was distinguished by all those old features which characterized the Cincinnati Club in days gone by, demonstrating that Harry Wright has carried into effect the same principles of drill and discipline which he has always maintained among the players. To-morrow the Boston Club will play the amateur nine of the Olympics, and will follow on Thursday with a game with the professional Olympics, which promises to be one of the most exciting games ever witnessed in the country.

The Democracy Take the Back Track.

The Democratic organ here shows a disposition to back down from the position assumed by it the other day, to the effect that civil service reform is impracticable. In a leading editorial to-day, it assumes that further legislation on this subject is not necessary, but that all that is required is to carry out the practices inaugurated when the Democratic party was in power. However, it reiterates the hope that the Democrats will not support any of the measures which it is proposed to press next winter.

Cattle Disease in Virginia.

A disease, somewhat resembling the Texas cattle fever, has broken out in Fairfax county, Virginia, and has reached to such an alarming extent as to cause the Mayor of Alexandria to issue a proclamation to prevent the cattle afflicted from being brought within the city limits. The disease is represented to be contagious and fatal in every case.

The Eccentric Olin.

Judge Olin, of the District Criminal Court, whose remarks while on the Bench are always listened to by both the Bar and outsiders with as much gravity as they can command, entertained his usual audience to-day. While a jury was being impanneled in a murder case, one juror was challenged as to whether he had formed any opinion by reading what the newspapers had to say, when Judge Olin broke in with the following observation: "He said he was well satisfied as to the effect of newspapers on public trials. The meanest part of the business is that people will think articles in newspapers to be better than ordinary talk on the sidewalk. In France it is required that the writer should append his name to the article so that the public may see if he is an ass, knave or a fool. It is as mean a trick to publish an article about a trial as if some scoundrel should approach one of the jurors and attempt to influence the verdict."

Wade and the Ohio Governorship.

An officer of one of the departments here, who traveled extensively over Ohio last week, and has just arrived from Columbus, represents the feeling in favor of the nomination of Ben. Wade for Governor as rapidly strengthening.

A Fruitful Field.

Prominent Republicans of Toledo are bringing considerable influence to bear to obtain an investigation of the circumstances attending to the attempts made to change the Assessor, Postmaster and Collector in that town. A full statement of the matter, involving the proposition on the part of the friends of Representative Peck to sell the offices for cash, has been filed here, with a request for investigation. An attempt has already been made to prevent it.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

TELEGRAPH MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.

The National Telegraph Memorial Association is now fully organized and subscription books have been opened, and the prospects of success are encouraging.

CABINET MEETING.

There was a Cabinet meeting to-day for the first time for several weeks. Every department was represented, excepting the War Department. It is understood that routine business only was transacted.

GEN. STONEMAN'S SUCCESSOR.

Gen. Crook has, by special order of the President, been assigned to the command of the Department of Arizona, in place of Gen. Stoneman.

REPORTS FROM NATIONAL BANKS.

The Comptroller of the Currency has called upon the National Banks to make a report of their condition at the close of business Saturday, April 8.

ANOTHER VERSION OF THE TREATY.

Several of the American Commissioners have informed some of the Senators who are to take a prominent part in the debate on the forthcoming treaty between Great Britain and the United States of the main points of settlement. It appears that the navigation of the St. Lawrence river and the Canadian canals is settled outright and favorable to the Americans. The fishery question is settled with a proviso that the United States is to pay Canada a certain amount for fishing privileges. The San Juan boundary question is to be referred to an arbiter, whose decision our Commissioners believe cannot fail to be in favor of the United States. The Alabama claims are not settled absolutely, but the principles upon which they are to be adjusted hereafter by the Commissioners are agreed upon. These principles are regarded as very liberal toward the United States. The last clause of the treaty, which will provoke opposition, is the matter in which our Government admits the validity of the claims against the United States held by Englishmen. These claims are to go before a separate commission to be audited. The American claims against Great Britain are also to be audited by a separate commission. A prominent Senator, who has examined the whole subject, states that the English claims, which are put forward by the British Government as an offset to our claims, will reach from thirty to fifty millions, and will far exceed that which has been claimed by the United States for damages growing out of the depredations of rebel cruisers. He says if we get off without paying a large sum out of our treasury, he will be surprised.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The German Parliament.

BERLIN, May 2.—In the German Parliament to-day the bill for the corporation of Alsace and Lorraine with the Empire came before the House. Bismarck restated the arguments on which the measure was based. The annexation of these provinces to Germany was necessary to give her a bulwark against the recurrence of French aggressions, cases which had been so frequent in times past. One instance of recent date was cited: On the 6th of August, 1866, France sent to Berlin an ultimatum demanding the cession of Mayence, and the illness of the Emperor of the French alone prevented hostilities then.

Strike of Canal Diggers.

BRUSSELS, May 2.—Five hundred workmen, employed in digging the canal in the forest of Hertogenvald, marched in a body to Verviers and demanded the payment of their wages, for some time overdue. Their appearance caused much excitement and apprehension. The gens-d'armes proved unreliable and were confined to their barracks. The town finally paid the workmen their wages, and all fears of disorder are allayed.

The Question of Papal Guarantees.

FLORENCE, May 2.—The Italian Senate continues the discussion of the question of Papal guarantees. An amendment to the bill abolishing the Pope's right to grant *exequatur* to consuls of foreign powers has been rejected. A demonstration planned to celebrate the events of 1849 in some instances proved a failure, the government having been warned that disturbances were intended by the International Society. The report which has been current that changes are intended in the diplomatic representation of Italy abroad is ascertained to be without foundation.

Reduction of Roumanian Standing Army.

BUCHAREST, May 2.—The Roumanian Government, as a measure of economy, has decided upon the disbandment of the third battalion of each regiment of infantry, cavalry and artillery, in its standing army, and the abolition of a regiment of chasseurs. This step will reduce the standing army about ten thousand.

Foreign Legations of Baden to be Abolished.

CARLSRUHE, May 21.—The Government of Baden has decided to abolish all foreign legations of the Grand Duchy after November next.

German Peace Jubilee.

LONDON, May 2.—The German residents of London celebrated the return of peace by a festival yesterday.

International Exhibition of Science and Art.

The opening of the International Exhibition of Science and Art took place this afternoon. His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, presided on the occasion, accompanied by the Princess Christiana. Several other members of the Royal family were present. The building and approaches were crowded with visitors, and many noblemen and ladies were among the assemblage.

Marine News.

LONDON, May 2.—The steamship Rhein, from New York, touched at Southampton, and the Nestorian, from Portland, at Moville.

The Markets.

LONDON, May 1, 4:30 P. M.—Consols 93⅜. Bonds steady; 5-20s of '62 90⅝; do '65 90⅜; do '67 92⅛; 10-40s 93⅛.

Sugar 36s 9d@36s 6d spot; 23s 6d afloat and declining.

FRANKFORT, May 2.—5-20s of '62 96⅝@97.

LIVERPOOL, May 2.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 7⅛d.

Western wheat 10s 10d@11s 2d. Flour 27s 6d. Corn—No. 2 mixed 32s 9d.

CORONER'S RECORD.

Inquests Held During April.

During the month ending April 30th Coroner West held seventeen inquests, as follows: Adam Schneider, Lower St. Clair township, heart disease; Leonard Wendel, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, run over on the coal siding of Armstrong & Dickson; Mary E. Bender, run over by a car of the Oakland Passenger Railway; George Banks, found drowned at Saltsburg, North Versailles township; unknown man, found drowned in the Allegheny river at the foot of Thirtieth street; Valentine Wenzel, suicide by hanging in East Birmingham; John Pilkinton, Ninth ward, Allegheny, heart disease; Philip Steinagle, suicide by hanging in Allegheny lock-up; John F. McCandless, Fifth ward, Allegheny, found drowned; Jno. L. Bucklew, drowned in the Allegheny river; Sebastian Meyer, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, suicide by cutting his throat with a razor; Wm. Slagle, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, heart disease; Henry Gilmore, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, congestion of the brain; Henry Mellon, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, burned to death in carpenter shop; Timothy Donavan, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, accidentally run over by a runaway team; R. B. Patterson, accidentally killed by falling into a coal yard, on Sandusky street, Allegheny; Jane Duncan, North Versailles township, death from overdose of laudanum.

THE SALE TO-DAY of fine and elegant barouches, buggies, wagons, carriages and buck boards will commence at the manufacture of Messrs. Stoner & Mariatt. Their assortment consists of over seventy different varieties and styles. As the entire sale is of their own manufactory, it gives a guarantee to the purchasers that the work offered by them will stand the wear and tear of the trade's use. Do not fail to attend to-day at 167, 169 and 171 Penn street.

HARRISBURG.

Proceedings of the Legislature.

The Dead-Lock Broken—House Bills Passed by the Senate—Mr. Humphreys's Coal Bill Passed—Change in Terms of Supreme Court, &c., &c.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Press.

HARRISBURG, PA., May 2, 1871.

SENATE.

Bills Passed.

The bill relative to the bonds issued by the Lawrence School District, Pittsburgh, was passed.

The bill from the House, establishing the Soho and Ormsby Steam Ferry, over the Monongahela, was passed.

The Pittsburgh Public Park bill was objected off. This was the old Senate bill.

The following House bills passed: Incorporating the Pittsburgh Driving Park Association; incorporating the Artizans' Institute of Pittsburgh; incorporating the Lawrenceville and Evergreen Passenger Railway; vacating a portion of North street, Pittsburgh.

The Senate concurred in the House amendment to the bill changing the term of the Supreme Court in the Western District.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The amendment from the Senate to the Pittsburgh Loan Bank Bill was concurred in.

Mr. Mann moved the consideration of the joint resolution for final adjournment on the 10th instant. Lost, yeas 35, nays 57.

Screens, Weight and Measure of Coal.

Mr. Humphreys's bill regulating screens, weight and measure of bituminous coal passed with Tioga, Elk, Cambria, Center, Bradford, Sullivan, Jefferson, Armstrong, Huntingdon, McKean, Butler, Greene, Somerset, Bedford, Venango, Warren, Lycoming, Indiana and Dauphin counties stricken out.

The bill prohibiting the crossing at grade of the Philadelphia and Erie, Pennsylvania, Allegheny Valley, Western Pennsylvania, and other through routes, was discussed for several hours, Messrs. White and Kerr opposing, and finally voted down, yeas 37, nays 52.

Change in Terms of Supreme Court.

The bill changing the terms of the Supreme Court in the Western and Northern Districts, having been returned on request from the Governor, Mr. Robb amended by providing the first Monday in October as the time of meeting in the Western District, the term to last eight weeks, and the bill again passed.

House Bills Passed.

The following House bills passed: Extending the Pittsburgh vehicle license law to St. Clair borough; authorizing the authorities of St. Clair borough to grade, pave and macadamize streets, lanes and alleys, construct sewers and assess the expense thereof; prohibiting the sale of intoxicating drinks in Monongahela City and Carroll township, Washington county, and Forward township, Allegheny county; incorporating the Carrollton and Ebensburg Railroad Company; incorporating the Plate Glass Insurance Company of Pittsburgh; incorporating the Titonia Insurance Company of Allegheny City; incorporating the People's Cemetery of Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. Reinoehl objected off Mr. Humphreys's bill for the appointment of commissioners to investigate the condition of the bituminous coal mines.

The bill incorporating Hillsdale borough, Allegheny county, was negatived.

Mr. Robb had the bill preventing the adulteration of drugs and medicinal compounds, and providing for the appointment of a drug inspector in Allegheny county killed.

The bill incorporating the consolidated gas company passed finally.

The dead-lock is ended, and the Senate is now passing House private bills.

BLESSED PAUL OF THE CROSS.

Anniversary of Canonization of Paul of the Cross—Interesting Ceremonies in the Chapel of the Passonists Monestery—Address by Father Devlin—Vocal and Instrumental Music—Visiting Priests, &c.

Friday last was the anniversary canonization of "Blessed Paul of the Cross," who was born on the 3d day of January, 1694, in Orada, Genoa, and died on the 18th of October, 1775, at the age of eighty-one years, nine months and fifteen days. The services on the occasion were solemn and impressive, not to say imposing and grand. The altar was illuminated with an innumerable number of waxen candles, the walls of the chapel hung with paintings, whilst the organ, accompanied by a full orchestra, pealed forth the solemn strains of Lambillata's Mass. The chapel was filled to its utmost capacity, all of whom paid the most devout attention to the ceremonies. Celebrant of Mass, Very Reverend Father Hickey, of St. Paul's Cathedral, assisted by Fathers Frederick and Sebastian. Master of Ceremonies, Father Henry. In the Sanctuary we noticed Rev. Christy, of Ebensburg; Rev. Polland, of St. John's, Birmingham, together with the members of the Passionists Order connected with the Monestery.

After the first gospel, Rev. Father Devlin stepped to the front of the altar and proceeded to deliver an extempore address, choosing for the foundation of his remarks the words "Take up your cross and follow me." The speaker dwelt at some length upon the canonization of saints, contending that as God was honored through His saints, it was but proper and right that those who live after them should pay homage to their memory, and try to imitate their virtues. He paid a glowing tribute to the Christian character of "Paul of the Cross," who had during his whole lifetime endeavored to follow in the footsteps of his Divine Master. Passing from his early life, he reverted to his founding the order of Passionists, which, by the eye of faith, he saw spreading over the world. In the year 1852 the order took possession of the barren wilderness on the summit of the hill overlooking Birmingham, which, through united effort and perseverance, they soon converted into a lovely spot, erecting thereon a large monastery, commodious chapel, fine brick stable, an extended garden, vineyard, shrubbery, &c. But we have not space to follow the reverend speaker through his remarks. Suffice it to say that the burthen of his address was to inculcate the necessity of taking up the cross and following the Divine Master, to love God and keep His commandments, and thereby secure the crown of glory which is reserved for all who perform their whole duty here on earth. The speaker closed by urging his hearers to take up the cross, and imitate the example of Blessed Paul, and thus secure a crown of glory in the world to come.

The music, as we have remarked, was truly grand and inspiring. Mr. Schmirt presided at the organ. The full choir from St. Michael's Church, Birmingham, was also present. Sopranos: Miss Knap and Mrs. Wyland; tenor, M. Brecht; basso, M. Langenbach. It is scarcely necessary to say that the persons named, as indeed the entire choir, acquitted themselves in a highly satisfactory manner.

On the conclusion of the interesting ceremonies the Fathers of the Monastery entertained a number of invited guests with an elegant and sumptuous dinner, showing that however austere lives they may practice themselves, they know how to treat "outside barbarians" who have the moral courage and physical ability to ascend the high mount upon which their retreat is erected.

It may not be uninteresting to the reader to know how the Order of Passionists came to be located in this vicinity. It seems that in the year 1852, the then Bishop of this Catholic diocese, Rt. Rev. Dr. O'Connor, knowing well the peculiar spiritual wants of the Catholics of the United States, and the peculiar fitness of the Passionists' religion to supply these wants, obtained from Rome a band of them for his diocese. This band consisted of three priests and one lay brother. They did not know a single word of English, did not understand the peculiar turn of the American mind, spirit or character, and had neither cash nor credit. The Bishop gave them the lot where the Monastery now stands, and about one year after their arrival here they set about the building of a house for themselves. For years did these quiet, unobtrusive priests labor and toil to erect a house suitable to their wants, and to-day they are in possession of a large, commodious, handsome structure, attached to which are several acres of valuable land, part of which is in a high state of cultivation, and from which they supply their table with many luxuries, the labor of cultivation being by their own hands. Thus did the Fathers of the Passionist Monastery enter this vineyard, even as the dews of night quietly descend to refresh the parched leaves of trees and plants, and for the last twenty years have been quiet, humble and efficient co-laborers in the cause of religion and education. From a work before us, dedicated to the "Right Rev. Father in Christ, Michael O'Conner, D. D., Bishop of Pittsburgh, who first opened to the Catholics of America the stream of benedictions perennially flowing from the zeal and holy life of the Passionest Fathers," we gleen the following facts: In 1859 the order numbered one thousand, divided into thirty-four monastries or Retreats, as follows: Italy twenty-five, England three, France two, Belgium one, Holland one, Ireland one, America one. At that time in the American Retreat there were thirty-four inmates, nine of whom were priests, thirteen students, seven lay brothers and five novices. Since that time two additional retreats have been established, one in Hoboken, New York, and another in Dunkirk, in the same state. The following are the present heads of the order here: Superior, Rev. F. Anthony, assisted by Father Guido; Master of Novices, Father Dominec. The object of the order is the education of young men, and fitting them to go forth as missionaries. They are not under the direction and control of the bishop of the diocese in which the order is located, but are an independent order of Christian missionaries.

THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Report for April.

The Mayor's Clerk, Mr. James S. Patterson, Esq., makes the following report for the month of April:

NUMBER OF CASES.

Drunkenness	396
Disorderly conduct	224
Vagrancy	25
Informations	54
Total	699
Discharged	54

RECEIPTS.

Fines and forfeitures	$1,337 25
Jail receipts	217 00
Police	323 75
Dramatic license	220 00
Pawn license	100 00
Total	$2,198 00

Change of Piano Agency.

The agency of the Dunham & Sons pianos for Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia, recently held by Hoffman & Hale, have been transferred this 1st day of May to Mrs. Kate Hale.

DUNHAM & SONS,
17 Union Square, New York.

Hale's new piano warerooms, No. 29 Fifth avenue, over Sands & Reineman's, will be opened on Saturday, May 6th, with an immense stock of the celebrated Dunham & Sons' pianos; also a large stock of Stanley & Son's pianos. Great inducements to purchasers will be offered at this house; first-class pianos for less money than at any other house in the city. Business will be conducted on entirely new principles. No commissions to teachers. Intending purchasers will do well to use their own judgment and the reputation of the piano. Go to the store, select your piano and thereby save *one-fifth*, or $75, which amount is usually paid to the teacher accompanying the purchaser. The firm propose publishing the names of *one thousand* persons who have been using the Dunham & Sons pianos in this section of country for a period varying from one to *thirty-five* years.

Monthly Pay Rolls.

The Controller has certified warrants for the following pay rolls for April:

Police bills	$ 1,825 65
First District streets	2,324 81
Second District streets	2,129 66
Third District streets	1,326 87
Engineer's Department	1,141 08
Try street sewer and Fulton street stairs (streets)	1,133 51
Paid on account of Seventeenth street sewer (streets)	1,421 10
Allegheny Wharf	127 08
Salaries	2,466 64
Total	$13,887 32

NEAL DOW'S LECTURE.—It is only necessary to call attention to the free lecture at the Christian Association Rooms by Hon. Neal Dow, the father of the celebrated Maine law, on Saturday evening, May 6. He is too well known to require any comment at our hands. Tickets of admission can be had free at the Y. M. C. A.

THE LICENSE BOARD.

Additional Decisions—Ninety-four Applications Granted and Five Refused—Hearings Resumed—Contested Cases—Some Singular Developments, &c., &c.

The License Board resumed their session Tuesday morning, when decisions were announced in the following cases:

APPLICATIONS GRANTED.

Pittsburgh—Henry Schnellbach, Eleventh ward; B. H. Lubber, Seventh ward; Peter Spreyer, Seventh ward; John Keller, Seventeenth ward; Frederick Meyer, First ward; Charles Harbaugh, First ward; Charles Engelkamp, Ninth ward; Adam Raab, Tenth ward; G. W. Colwell, First ward; W. H. Meeland, First ward; Nave & Fotney, Fourth ward; John Simpson, Second ward; George Warner, Second ward; Joseph McKee, Second ward; Millingar, Hershberger & Co., Fifth ward; M. Evart, First ward; Fred. Schild, First ward; Pat. Reagan, First ward; Joseph Levi, Second ward; H. J. Weber, Tenth ward; Jerry Driscoll, Fifth ward; M. Johnston, Eighth ward; Nicholas Adrian, Ninth ward; M. Mahan, Twelfth ward; Sneck & Morrow, Second ward; F. H. Raible & Son, Ninth ward; Kerr & Devlin, Fourth ward.

Allegheny—John Beyer, Third ward; M. Kross, Third ward; J. Pretting, Fourth ward; F. Schlotter, Fourth ward; C. Kemple, Sixth ward; J. McIntyre, Fourth ward; N. Glitch, Sixth ward; H. Callahan, First ward; G. Frelich, Sixth ward; C. Yerst, Third ward; Henry Weckson, Seventh ward; J. Sigmund, Third ward; K. Keely, Third ward; McCullough & Smith, Fourth ward; T. D. Casey & Co., Fourth ward; Kiser & Scandrett, Third ward; Rodelheimer & Affolder, First ward; J. Keller, Third ward; P. Gelsheimer, Ninth ward; F. Weidmeyer, First ward; E. Steifle, Seventh ward; P. Costlow, Seventeenth ward; W. Reid, Ninth ward; N. Adrian, Ninth ward; Thomas Durkin, First ward; Ed. Davis, Fourteenth ward; John Roth, First ward; G. Wells, Second ward; A. Guckenheimer & Bros., First ward; James Getty, Jr., Ninth ward; James McDonald, Second ward; C. Kinschler, Second ward; C. Lauer, Third ward; A. Bingel, Third ward; F. B. Byrne, Second ward; Pat Craney, Sixth ward; F. Fristch, Fifth ward; E. Sweeny, Ninth ward; John Hamilton, Sixth ward; J. Brosie, Sixth ward; Ch. Geib, Third ward; J. P. Wacher, Fourth ward; J. Doench, Sixth ward; A. G. Ehlers, Fourth ward.

Boroughs and Townships—James White, Shaler; Cyrus Lapp, East Birmingham; Joseph Arnfeld, McKeesport; Catharine Kiel, McKeesport; Ludwig Schmidt, Birmingham; George Long, Birmingham; E. Kunfield & Bro., Birmingham; John A. Staff, South Pittsburgh; Lewis Aurin, West Pittsburgh; J. B. Lutz, Ormsby borough; M. Att, Allentown; P. Meinhart, Sharpsburg; Peter Spellman, Mifflin; R. R. Bill, Lower St. Clair; Barbara Altmeyer, Mifflin; W. R. Newell, Plum; Mary Betzhoover, Lower St. Clair; L. Hoofman, Lower St. Clair; F. Wolf, Indiana; J. A. Baumgartel, McCandless; John Lunch, Hampton; J. Schick, Reserve.

APPLICATIONS REFUSED.

G. Ach, Birmingham; J. Dell, Third ward, Allegheny; W. Seddon, Fourth ward, Allegheny; W. Hanman, Allentown; Hettie Scharff, Temperanceville.

ADDITIONAL APPLICATIONS HEARD.

The Board then proceeded to hear additional applications, as follows:

Louis Sterne, Sixth ward, Allegheny; James Donnelly, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh; Fred. Werner, Third ward, Allegheny; Matilda McCall, Third ward, Allegheny; Adolph Ludwig, Second ward, Pittsburgh; A. Tutner, Third ward, Allegheny; W. Deitchenmiller, Fifth ward, Allegheny; Hannah Augustine, West Pittsburgh; Jno. Kennedy, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh; Margaret McGuire, Lower St. Clair; Jane Cartrick, East Birmingham; Alice Beardall, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh; John Hughes, Ninth ward, Allegheny; Rudolph Runk, Birmingham; Reineman & Son, Second ward, Pittsburgh; John Carley, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh; Jerome Shaffer, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Wm. Shafler, First ward, Pittsburgh; John McCambridge, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh; Daniel Maladay, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh; John O'Donnell, Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh; Peter Ashhurst, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Henry Omert, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh; Daniel McWilliams, Second ward, Pittsburgh; John Richardson, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh; Peter Dornberger, Seventh ward, Allegheny; John Smith, Second ward, Allegheny; Wm. Brown, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; A. Hoffman, Third ward, Allegheny; John E. Buettner, Fourth ward, Allegheny; Elizabeth Voltz, Third ward, Allegheny; Stephen Bittner, Ninth ward, Allegheny; Caspar Shoffner, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh; Frank Blessing, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Henry Martin, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh; John F. Wolf, McKeesport; Wm. Young, Lower St. Clair township; Blaney & Carroll, First ward, Pittsburgh; Michael Powers, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Philip Zimmerman, McKeesport; Mary Cook, Mifflin township; Thomas Hulings, Indiana township; Wm. J. Dorsey, Mifflin township; C. Feld, East Birmingham; Michael Carter, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh; Geo. Bowman, Shaler township; E. Rittenback, Fourth ward, Allegheny; James Ward, North Versailles; C. Bauerline & Bro., Shaler township; Jos. Shultz, Baldwin township; Christ. Threnheisen, Baldwin township; Robert Cheatham, Elizabeth borough; Patrick McGreavy, North Versailles; John Davis, Mifflin township; Wm. Thorpe, Mifflin Township; Christ. Dierstein, Mifflin Township; Henry Bost, Mifflin Township; Peter Berres, Mifflin Township; Henry Willard, Second ward, Pittsburgh; J. D. Cherry, First ward, Pittsburgh—prescription druggist—refused; J. K. Lanahan, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh; Nicholas Kunsler, Birmingham; Edward C. McTiernan, Ormsby borough—papers signed by two non-residents. Edwin Hennig, Third ward, Pittsburgh; Laurence Sproal, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Owen Sullivan, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh; John G. Trummell, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh—not enough beds; refused; John Shaffer, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh; Martin Freudenich, Etna borough; William Wayman, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh; Levi Lewis, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Julius Webber, Ninth ward, Fred. Gerker, Third ward, Allegheny, refused; John F. Bater, East Birmingham; Pat. Vallaley, Monongahela, withdrawn; John Nusser, Sr., Birmingham; Joseph Kellerman, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh; Henry Seitz, Etna borough; Henry Leiffer, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh; Patrick Devlin, Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, refused; Louis Zellar, East Birmingham; Robert Miller, Third ward, Allegheny; Chas. Shambaugh, Birmingham; James C. Fries, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh; F. Hampey & Co., Lower St. Clair township; Edward Barker, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh; Chas. Hilger, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; John From, Lower St. Clair township; Henry Bender, Second ward, Pittsburgh; Fred. Richter, Third ward, Allegheny; Thomas Fidder, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh; Louis List, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh; Julia Kilgallon, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.

CONTESTED CASES.

When the case of Mrs. Beardall was heard, Isaiah Dickey, Esq., was called as a witness, and testified that he had been in her house; it was in a secluded neighborhood, and he requested her not to take out a license to sell liquors, as the people required no such place. She admitted that she sold by the pint and half pint, but alleged that no liquor was drank on her premises. Drunkenness was very common in the neighborhood, but the witness could not say that the liquor came from her house.

A NON-RESIDENT INDORSER.

When Messrs. Reineman & Son's case was being heard, Mr. H. K. Porter was called and testified that Mr. J. H. Lippincott, who had signed the petition, lived in the Eighth ward, and not in the Second.

BRIBERY, BUT NO MONEY.

When the case of Mr. Ashurst was heard, Mr. Negley produced a piece of paper, and handed it to the witness, Mr. Skillett to read. After the witness had examined it carefully, he admitted that he had written it and sent it to Mr. Negley. The paper was then read to the Board, as follows:

"Mr. Negley, Respected Sir, did you yesterday Receive from the Major the sum of $20 in favor of Peter Ashurst, if you did Remember me when you see me again.

PETER ASHURST.

"Don't let him be refused for the writer is well posted in all matters connected with the Bar, it will be A favor that you will not Regret."

Mr. Negley stated that the man who would send such a proposition to a lawyer, must be either a knave or a fool.

Capt. Pollock, counsel for Ashurst, denied that the applicant had any knowledge of the matter.

Mr. Negley stated that such might be the case, but what was the testimony of such a witness worth? He was certainly not worthy of belief. The intimation that $20 had been paid by somebody called "the Major," for the purpose of buying off opposition to Ashurst's getting a license, was false so far as the counsel for the people were concerned, and the very idea was preposterous. Mr. Negley would not have known who sent the note, had he not recognised the witness as the person who handed him a card, in the court, with the following written upon the back:

"Mr. Negley—Don't forget Peter Ashurst and the XX that came from the Major—Say granted."

The papers were handed to the Court, as a part of the case.

A FATAL OMISSION.

John Richardson, of the Sixth ward, admitted, on cross-examination, that he had but five rooms, while his petition called for ten. The lady who owns the house lives in five of the rooms, and rents the other five to Richardson, but the latter omitted to state this very material fact until it was drawn out of him.

KNOWN AT THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Mr. Jennings made the remark that Frank Blessing, of the Second ward, was well known at the Mayor's office; to which Mr. Coyle, his counsel, retorted that this was not true, and that Mr. Jennings had acted ungentlemanly in assailing him in that way. Mr. Jennings said he would prove his assertion, and some two or three hours later he filed a record of conviction before the Mayor in the case of Blessing, for selling liquor on Sunday.

DEVILE VS. DORSEY.

Thomas Devile was called as a witness to prove that W. J. Dorsey sold liquor on Sunday. He stated that he had sent to Dorsey's bar several times, and got liquor on Sunday.

The counsel for Dorsey alleged that this testimony was instigated by malice, and in support of this allegation submitted a record of conviction against Devile for selling liquor on Sunday, and also a charge for keeping a gambling house, in both of which Dorsey was prosecutor. An illustration of the adage: "When rogues fall out," etc.

KEYS FOR THE BACK DOOR.

C. Feld, of East Birmingham, denied that he had a hundred keys made for his back door, that his customers might get in on Sunday. He got the keys for the use of the members of a building association, who used an upper room but did not patronize the bar.

A DAMAGING WITNESS.

Edward Barker, of the Ninth ward, had been so unfortunate as to get Alderman Taylor to sign his petition, the alderman having moved out to East Liberty and lost his residence in that ward. Mr. Coyle, counsel for Barker, called Wm. J. McFetridge to prove that Taylor still resided in the Ninth ward. The witness, instead of doing this, went on to state that Alderman Taylor had a bill before the Legislature to allow him to reside out of the ward and hold office in it; that Alderman Taylor's name was signed to other petitions that went through, and he didn't understand why Barker should be objected to, etc. Mr. Coyle, seeing that McFetridge was ruining his client, urged him to hold his tongue, and shoved him away from the stand! The spectacle of a lawyer getting rid of his own witness in this way provoked a general laugh among the members of the bar.

Mr. Negley asked the witness what other applicant had Alderman Taylor's signature, and he replied, "Marker Rush went through for one, and no objection was made." Mr. Negley said they would have to go for all of them alike.

ORDER FOR TO-DAY.

The Board will meet this morning at ten o'clock, and resume hearings. The wholesale dealers on the seventh list will be called, after which the fifth list will be taken up.

A Very Useful Book.

Accountants, book-keepers, and business men in general, will do well to examine, as they may have opportunity, Bryant, Stratton & Packard's *Interest Tables, &c., &c.—arranged for the averaging of accounts.* Unless we are much mistaken, they will find the book greatly more worthy of attention than any of the works of the sort in common use. Some of its points of superiority are the following: Its figures are so arranged as to enable the accountant to obtain the interest on odd amounts without referring to different parts of the book, each column showing the interest on *any* sum from $1 to $100,000. It is remarkably comprehensive, as it gives the basis for computing interest at all rates per cent. By its method the averaging of accounts is rendered easy and simple, dispensing with computation of time, multiplication and division. Finally, the accuracy of the book, a very important matter, seems indubitable, as it is attested by the Treasury Department, and its use directed in the offices connected with the United States Treasury after rigid examination. The book is used by all the leading banking and commercial houses in New York and Philadelphia, and it is strongly recommended by many of the most prominent men of business in the East. Considering the extreme difficulty of printing so vast an array of figures, and also the very substantial style in which the volume is gotten up, the price of the book—five dollars—seems very moderate. Published and sold by R. C. Haynes, No. 400 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. The agent is now in the city and will call on our business men.

SANITARY MATTERS.

Session of the Board of Health—Reports of Health Officers and Meat Inspector—Other Matters.

A regular monthly session of the Board of Health was held at 3 o'clock P. M. yesterday, at No. 164 Fourth avenue.

Members present: Messrs. Fleming, Hays, House, Gilmore and President Gross, who occupied the chair.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

MONTHLY REPORTS.

The Secretary read the following reports:

Crosby Gray, Health officer, abated 62 nuisances, notified 60 persons to remove nuisances, issued 117 permits, received $58 50, expended $31 50, leaving a balance of $27; which, with the amount on hand from last month, $28, makes a total of $55. Marriages for the quarter ending April 1st, 247; births for March, 263; deaths during April, 149.

The Assistant Health Officer reported having served forty-three notices to abate nuisances, made fifty-one visits to inquire into nuisances and seventeen dead animals removed.

The Meat Inspector reported having condemned twenty-one calves, the property of butchers and farmers during April; condemned seven dressed sheep; condemned two hogs, but on account of their not having been offered for sale could not confiscate them; condemned a quantity of veal, the property of H. Ross, who was fined $50 by Deputy Mayor Phillips.

Stock arrivals at East Liberty during April: Cattle, 11,261; decrease, 843; dead, 4. Hogs, 36,573; decrease, 5,981; dead, 125. Sheep, 72,029; increase, 1,797; dead, 100. The reports were accepted and filed.

On motion the hours for keeping open the office on Sunday were fixed at from one to two o'clock, instead of from four to five o'clock P. M.

On motion it was decided to have the physician vaccinate only one day in the week hereafter.

Mr. Gray reported that Joseph Meyer had been fined $15 for removing a body out of the city without a permit. He also stated that Mr. Meyer said he would come to this meeting and ask the Board to omit the fine.

The nuisances complained of at last meeting were abated without recourse to the law.

In reference to the Sukes run nuisance, Mr. Gray said that he had met with the Street Committee on Monday evening and explained the matter to them, and he hoped that ere long the nuisance would be abated.

The Health officer requested the Sanitary Committee, Messrs. House, Gilmore and Edwards, to accompany him to some slaughter houses on St. Patrick's alley at an early day.

Sundry bills were presented and warrants ordered for the same.

Adjourned.

A THRILLING SCENE

At the Mayor's Office—A Man Knocked Insensible with a Spittoon During a Hearing—An Affrighted Wife and Excited Spectators.

Yesterday afternoon a young man named George Williams, aged twenty-five years perhaps, was before Mayor Brush upon an information preferred by John Drew, keeper of an eating house in the Diamond, charging him with having attempted the commission of an outrageous offense upon a little daughter of deponent, four years old. The hearing was being held in the Mayor's private parlor, and while the little girl was relating her story to his Honor, the father, becoming incensed, seized a large spittoon and hurled it at the head of the unsuspecting defendant, who sat with his back to Drew. The spittoon struck Williams on the left side of the head, knocking him insensible. He arose from the chair on which he sat and fell upon the floor, being caught by the Assistant District Attorney, Mr. Flack, who was present for the purpose of conducting the examination. Officer Moorhead and the Mayor seized Drew, just as he was about to hurl the other spittoon at Williams.

This sudden interruption of the hearing caused the wildest excitement. The wife of Drew, and mother of the little child, almost fainted, and a moment after, Drew wept like a child. His little daughter sat upon his knee, while at the side of the mother stood the other, both being unconscious of what was transpiring about them. Before Drew struck Williams his brother-in-law left the room hurriedly, but did not return. It was feared he would, however, with a weapon to dispatch Williams, and a close watch was kept over him. Dr. Murdock, City Physician, was called and dressed the wound, which was about an inch and three quarters in length and an inch deep. Williams did not return to consciousness until about seven o'clock, three hours after the accident occurred. He says he is from Baltimore and has been here two weeks. The hearing will be resumed on Wednesday. The spittoon was broken into a hundred pieces, perhaps. The scene in the Mayor's Office was the most thrilling our reporter ever witnessed, and there was not one in the room, save his Honor, who possessed self-control throughout. Williams occupied a cell in the lock-up last night.

Dancing and Calisthenics.

One of those delightful exhibitions of dancing and calisthenics, so popular with the pupils of Mrs. Slack Davis, will be given at Lafayette Hall on Friday evening, and will afford those who love the sport and amusement an opportunity rarely presented of spending an evening in real enjoyment. The exercises will commence at eight o'clock.

MOUNTAIN leghorn, plain; mountain leghorn, banded; mountain leghorn, bound and banded, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

THE Y. M. C. A. don't believe in licenses, but they know how absolutely impossible it is to do without Pier, Dannals & Co.'s cream ale.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS or Small House, suitable for family of two persons. Address, stating rent, C. S., 16 Bedford avenue.

WANTED—CARRIAGE TRIMMER—A First class Workman can obtain a permanent situation, by the year, by applying immediately at SHAFFER'S Carriage Bazaar.

WANTED—DRAUGHTSMAN—A GOOD Mechanical Draughtsman. Address, with references, Lock Box 78, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—TO RENT—THREE ROOMS suitable for Housekeeping, within ten minutes walk of Postoffice. Address J. P., Commercial office.

WANTED—PARTNER—AN ACTIVE Partner in a home business. Some Capital required, but most of which will be furnished by the Advertiser, who wishes to be a Silent Partner. Address, for a few days, Lock Box 415. tf

WANTED—MORTGAGES—IN LARGE or small amounts, at a fair rate of interest, on City or Country Property. MWF THOS. K. PETTY, 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED—STOVE MOUNTER—A good Stove Mounter. A Married Man is preferred. Steady employment will be given. Address RUSSELL & WILLIAMSON, West Middlesex, Mercer county, Pa., by mail or in person.

WANTED—SEWING GIRL—TO WORK on family sewing and reside in the family. Address Box 1, Commercial office.

WANTED—GIRL—TO DO GENERAL Housework for a small family. Must be a good Washer and Ironer, and come recommended. Apply at 97 Roberts street.

WANTED—GIRLS—SEVERAL GIRLS city and country. Men want Farming, &c. Families supplied. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—A NUMBER OF active, energetic Men to act as Agents for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines. Horse, Wagon and Outfit furnished. We pay salaries or liberal commissions. Business good and employment steady. Apply to WM. SUMNER & CO., 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh. FMW

LOST.

LOST—RING—ON THE 28TH INST. A Diamond Cluster Ring, on going from corner Fayette and Manhattan streets to Walnut avenue, via Manhattan street, Ohio and Beaver avenue, Allegheny City. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at corner Fayette and Manhattan streets, or No. 2 Walnut avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR RENT.

58. FOR RENT—FINE RESIDENCE of 9 Rooms, Carriage House, and splendid Grounds, corner Marion and Bluff streets. The House is well finished and in splendid order. The Grounds are well planted with Flowers, Shrubbery and Evergreens, and is in a good location. Inquire of C. H. LOVE, 58 Fourth avenue.

75. FOR RENT—OFFICES IN DISPATCH Building. One large Room particularly adapted for a Book Bindery or Job Printing Office. Apply to W. N. HOWARD, Real Estate Broker, No. 75 Grant street. WFM

169. FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—That large, substantial Four-story Brick Warehouse, No. 169 Second avenue; convenient to the Connellsville Railroad, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to ATTERBURY & CO., Carson and Tenth streets, Birmingham.

327. FOR RENT—OFFICES—SECOND, Third and Fourth Floors, in Carr's new block, site of Old Theater, Fifth avenue. Apply to WILLIAM CARR, 327 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—AN ELEGANTLY LIGHTED third story Room, in Jas. T. Brady & Co.'s Bank Building, corner Fourth and Wood streets, 29 feet by 80. For terms apply to JAS. T. BRADY & CO. tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SITE FOR A COUNTRY RESIDENCE—4 Acres of Ground, fronting on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Hawkins station, eight miles out from the Union Depot. This is a beautiful and convenient site for a country residence. For particulars and terms apply to JNO. A. CAROTHERS, No. 108 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—HEMP—4 BALES DOUBLE Dressed Hemp in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., No. 80 Water street.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, TOOLS AND Machinery of a Tin Shop at 160 Webster avenue, as the owner is going to give up the business.

FOR SALE—COTTON—25 BALES COTTON, just received in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., No. 80 Water street.

FOR SALE—WOODWORTH PLANERS Sash and Door Machinery, Power and Foot Lathes, Belting, Packing, Engine Governors, &c. M. B. COCHRAN, 143 Liberty street. tf

FOR SALE—DRIED PEACHES—28 sacks Halves in store and to arrive, for sale by I. DICKEY & CO., No. 80 Water street.

FOR SALE—ROBERTSON'S PATENT Friction Grease and Belting Conservator. The only Grease for sale in the market that will not injure your Belting. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street, sole Agents. W

FOR SALE—DWELLING NO. 66 IRWIN avenue, Allegheny City. Inquire of JAMES A. LOWRIE, at No. 137 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE LEASEHOLDS, Buildings, Engines, Boiler, Shafting, Blacksmith Fires, &c., situated corner Twenty-eight and Railroad streets, lately occupied by the Pittsburgh Bolt Co. For particulars inquire at the office of Pittsburgh Bolt Co., 369 Liberty street, second floor.

FOR SALE—ONE 16-HORSE POWER Engine and Boiler, complete and nearly new. Apply to H. SEITZ, Etna Hotel, Etna, Pa.

FOR SALE—EIGHT LEVEL BUILDING Lots, near Temperanceville. Inquire of JOHN HALL, JR., 129 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes. Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse-power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE—ALLEGHENY Valley Railroad 7.30 Bonds and Connellsville 7's. Also, the following 10 Per Cent. Dividend Railroad Stocks: Philadelphia and Reading, Cleveland and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Central and Northwestern Preferred, in lots to suit purchasers. Also, several lots of Columbia Oil Stock. For sale by JAMES W. KENNEDY, 80 Fourth avenue. tf

AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
NEW STORE
A FULL LINE OF
Special Bargains
AT
6¼c, Fast Colored Prints.
10c, the Best Makes Light and Dark Prints.
10c, Good 4-4 Bleached Muslins.
12½c, 4-4 Bleached Muslins, a superior article.
18¾c, 4-4 Feather Ticking.
12½c, Gray Mixed Wash Poplins.
12½c, New Spring Delaines.
25c, Plain and Plaid Japanese Cloths.
25c, Plain, Black and Striped Grenadines.
75c, Japanese Silks.
$1 25, American Black Silks.
$1 87½, Cheney Brothers' Gros Grain Silks.
BEAUTIFUL STYLES IN
DARK FRENCH CHINTZES,
WHITE P.K'S,
DRESS GOODS,
BLACK AND COLORED
DRESS SILKS,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Irish Poplins and Epinlines.
ALL COLORS.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
THE LOWEST PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—TO LET, WITH BOARDING, a Room Furnished or Unfurnished; also, Day Boarding at No. 103 Fourth avenue.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A RETAIL DRUG STORE centrally located, and doing a good business. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Also, a Segar and Variety Store, well located, and doing a fair business. Address D. T. KELLY, No. 103 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ONE-HALF INTEREST IN A SAW MILL —Doing a good business in a thriving town on the Ohio river, in West Virginia, can be bought for $2,250. Cash. For particulars, or to arrange personal interview, address, O. A. B., Bennett P. O., Allegheny county, Pa.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY—A first-class stock of Goods, such as is usually kept in a country store, with the Good Will of the house, doing a good business, in a pleasant and healthy locality, surrounded by numerous Coal Mines in active operation, is offered for sale. And as the subscribers are determined to go out of business they will either sell or lease to suit purchasers the Store Room, Warehouse and Dwelling occupied by them. They will also sell separately a Dwelling House containing 8 Rooms, with Well, Cistern and other conveniences attached. For particulars apply to or address YOUNG & CO., East Palestine, Columbiana county, Ohio, or J. J. YOUNG, No. 72 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—ONE-HALF Interest in Starr Flouring Mill: Three Run Burs, Water and Steam Power. Practical Miller owns one half interest. Would exchange for an interest in Dry Goods Store. Address Starr Flouring Mill, Fredericksburg, Ohio.

FOR SALE OR RENT—BUSINESS STAND—A two story corner Brick Building, with Lot 100 feet deep by 23½ feet wide, in a prominent location in one of the up town wards. The House contains Eight Rooms, with Storeroom, good Cellar, Gas and Water. This building will make an excellent place for a Dry Goods or Grocery Store, as it is located on a good thoroughfare. To the right person a rare chance is offered. Terms reasonable. For further information apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

NOTICES.

NOTICE—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY are hereby notified that a Special Meeting will be held at the office of the Company, No. 121 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Penna., on SATURDAY, May 20th, 1871, at 12 o'clock M., to consider the propriety of extending the business of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Charter of the Company approved the 7th day of April, A. D. 1849, and the supplement thereto, approved the 7th day of March, A. D. 1860.

THOMAS SPARKS,
GEO. T. LEWIS,
ELIJAH DAVIS,
F. P. STEEL,
Directors.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the McKEESPORT GAS CO., for the Election of Officers to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at Masonic Hall, McKeesport, Pa., on MONDAY, May 1st, 1871, at 7½ o'clock P. M. JOHN F. DAVITT, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH—THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 12th inst., free of Government, State and local Taxes.
W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.
May 2, 1871.

THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH—The Directors of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 10th inst., free of U. S. Taxes.
ROBT. J. STONEY, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1871.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK —The Board of Directors of this Bank have declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable on and after the 12th inst.
A. LONG, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, May 2, 1871.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK —DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 9th inst., free of United States Taxes.
H. H. WILSON, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, May 2, 1871.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY—
DIVIDEND.
The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of
FOUR DOLLARS
Upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, free of Government and State Taxes, payable to Stockholders, at the office,
First National Bank Building, Corner of Fifth Avenue and Wood Street,
On and after the 9th inst.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, May 2, 1871.

THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT., out of the profits of the last six months, payable free of U. S. Taxes, on and after 11th inst.
GEO. R. DUNCAN, Asst. Cashier.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH—The Directors of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. (6) on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 11th proximo, free of all taxes.
JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, April 29, 1871.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, Office of the Secretary and Treasurer—DIVIDEND NOTICE—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, free from Government tax, payable on and after May 15th. Stockholders registered in New York will be paid at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 26 Exchange Place. The Transfer Books will be closed May 1st, and reopened on the 16th.
G. A. INGERSOLL, Secretary.
Cleveland, Ohio, April 29, 1871.

G. WM. SOINE,
IMPORTER OF
FOREIGN WINES,
"STILL AND SPARKLING,"
Corner of Baltimore and Light Streets,
MWF BALTIMORE, Md.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—The Copartnership heretofore existing between J. W. ZAHNISER, A. D. BOLTON and LEWIS BOLTON, under the firm name of J. W. ZAHNISER & CO., was mutually dissolved April 21st, 1871. The business of the firm will be settled by J. W. ZAHNISER.
J. W. ZAHNISER,
A. D. BOLTON,
LEWIS BOLTON.
March 28.

S. BOYD, W. P. MURRAY, J. C. FAWCETT.
Boyd, Murray & Fawcett,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Looking Glasses,
CURTAIN CORNICES,
FRENCH PLATE GLASS
FOR STORE FRONTS.
PICTURE FRAMES, MOULDINGS, &c
FRENCH GLASS
FOR DWELLING HOUSES.
No. 58 FIFTH AVENUE,
WS PITTSBURGH, PA.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,
PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS.
Office and Warehouse Removed to their Works, Second avenue, immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial.—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS—1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

☞ Remittances must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks, or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the Money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by Mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to Register Letters whenever requested to do so.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to
C. D. BRIGHAM, Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Attractive Prices
AT
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165, 167 and 169,
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The Daily Commercial.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1871.

NOTWITHSTANDING the humiliation which it would bring upon the Versailles Government, it seems desirable that Germany should execute the intention which, according to last night's cable telegrams, it entertains, of taking independent action for the enforcement of law and order in Paris, unless THIERS speedily succeeds in stamping out the rebellion. There can be no worse humiliation inflicted on France than the excesses of her own people have already caused. All the interests of civilization and humanity demand that they shall be stopped.

THE bill for the appointment of an inspector of drugs for Allegheny county, to which we made reference a few days ago, was not asked for or indorsed by the County Medical Association. The subject was brought before that society, by a gentleman who has taken a very active part in getting up the bill, but no action was had upon it. A number of physicians, upon solicitation, did sign a petition for the passage of some such bill, but several of these have since expressed their disapproval of the measure in its present shape. We have assurances, not only from druggists but physicians also, that the bill has been engineered in the interest of two gentlemen, one or the other of whom expects to secure the appointment for himself, and neither is qualified for the position. There is a remonstrance against the bill now being circulated and signed by all the leading druggists and physicians. The people would not be benefitted a particle by this proposed law, and our members should see that it is shelved at once.

THE proceedings of the Joint High Commission appear to give lively satisfaction to the English press. The general view of the latest received London files, is, that although the practice of laying down principles for the guidance of diplomatists is an "innovation," it is, nevertheless, a very desirable one; the method which has hitherto prevailed, of extracting principles from usages, rather than conforming usages to principles, often causing international law to conflict with sound morality and common sense. The London *Times*, which fairly represents the average expression, says: "If, as we may confidently hope, the Powers invited to nominate members of the arbitrating Commission, accept this duty, the Commission, constituted of their nominees, and the nominees of the two principals, will be strong enough to construe the new rule of international law, so far as may be necessary for its application to the Alabama case. They will have the statute before them, and as judge and jury will find a verdict. If it should be against us, we must bow to their decision; but we shall go into the arbitration with a good heart."

THE tumultuous demonstrations of the English populace which compelled the government to recede from its attempt to incorporate into the fiscal system of that country the American idea of a tax on matches, rendered it necessary for the Chancellor of the Exchequer to present some available substitute for the impost rejected by the House of Commons. To supply the deficit thus caused, an increase of fifty per cent. has therefore been added to the income tax. Yesterday's cable telegrams inform us that the proposition evoked considerable opposition, but that a division of the House resulted in the triumph of the ministry. This is a much more judicious selection than the former. It falls alone upon the rich, who are able to pay, while past experience has proved it to result in the yielding of more revenue, with less derangement of industry, than any other impost known to British taxation. The rate last year was four pence in the pound, or 1.66 per cent. The increase which has just been added makes it 2.50 per cent., which is the rate of our own income tax. Since its first imposition by SIR ROBERT PEEL in 1842 it has undergone fifteen modifications, during the Crimean war being raised to 6.66 per cent.

MR. LINTON STEPHENS and some forty other prominent citizens of Georgia have just issued an address inviting immigrants from the North and elsewhere to settle in that State, the advantages of whose climate, soil, and facilities of transportation are well portrayed. We are glad to see this effort put forth. Except Texas, there is hardly any Southern State which offers better inducements to farmers and mechanics. But this appeal, and all similar ones with respect to other States, will fall flat and profitless until the South shall have furnished better evidence of the sincerity of its promise to protect Northern men in their rights of person and property than it has yet given. The same Democratic journal which contains the address, publishes a letter from a special correspondent who is now traveling through that State, investigating its political condition. Speaking of "laws and bayonets," he says "the people here care for neither:" adding that "a quiet grin" is the only response made when the Ku-Klux bill is mentioned. There are a good many Northern people who would like to make homes in Georgia, but they are not willing to pay the price at which lands are held in that State. They will give cash down readily enough, but they have a prejudice against yielding their cherished principles. It is utterly useless for MR. STEPHENS to invite immigration so long as himself and brother, and their *confreres*, continue to adhere to their reactionary political views and purposes.

THE DEMOCRATIC "RIGHT BOWER."

We have very seldom read more eloquent and glowing sentences than those composing the tribute which, in a late issue, the Mobile *Register* pays to the character and greatness of that "Stonewall wing of the grand Democratic army," commonly known as Tammany. It does not quite so far as to declare it to be a perfectly immaculate institution, but it evidently considers that, like GOLDSMITH's good village vicar—

"Its very failings lean to virtue's side."

There are spots on the sun, but not the less does it light up and warm the world. It appears that there is in the South a political element of considerable strength which has somehow contracted an impression that Tammany purposes to control the next Democratic National Convention; and this has given rise to jealousy and charges of overweening ambition. In response to the murmurs of these malcontents the *Register* speaks. It says:

> "Does any Southern Democrat, who feels ugly towards Tammany, feel like sparing New York to the Radicals of 1872? Well, Tammany is the only power that can prevent it. Tammany is the right bower of the Democratic strength. It is the horror and the terror of Radicalism. That's enough to cause us to stick to it closer than a brother. We fire no shots into Tammany while it stands a bulwark of strength, an adamantine wall betwixt the Empire State and the Jacobin traitor to the Constitution of his country. What would have been thought of Lee's men firing into Stonewall Jackson's Blucher corps when it came up to sweep the gray coats on to victory on the Chickahominy? If any man hath a spite against Tammany, let him nurse it and keep it warm until after the Presidential election. Don't look the gift horse in the mouth, or quarrel with our allies on the field of battle."

This is delightful; and what is still better, every word of it is deserved. It is as beautiful as a poem, but it is also as true as solid fact. Nothing except Tammany, its money, its shoulder-hitters, its repeaters, its noble army of patriots who, if they do not wear the "gray coat," are none the less inspired by the principles of which that garment was the symbol, can prevent the Empire State from casting its vote in favor of the Republican candidate. It is not only the "right bower" of Democratic strength in New York—it is the four aces besides. Indeed, Tammany is to New York what AH SIN was to BILL NYE, having an indefinite number of packs up its sleeve, by way of preparation for all possible emergencies. We do not wonder, therefore, that the *Register* deprecates dissensions. If there must be a quarrel, at least defer it until the victim has been strangled. Many a proposed scheme of plunder has been spoiled by premature discussion as to the exact division of the booty. While rogues criminate each other, honest men walk free. Therefore there must be no wrangling. After DUNCAN is dead, MACBETH and his wife may differ as widely as they choose. But it is not prudent for a man to denounce his tool until he has thoroughly used him.

Tammany *is* "a bulwark of strength" to the Democratic party. There cannot be the slightest doubt of it. For money is power, and Tammany is very rich. When New York City was handed over to the control of Democracy, on the 1st of January, 1866, the city and county debt was $12,265,000. It is now, according to Comptroller CONNOLLY's own figures, $82,057,000, being an increase of nearly a hundred per cent. And Mr. Boss TWEED modestly acknowledges himself to be worth, personally, in the neighborhood of twenty millions. Indeed, all the Ring masters are men of very great *worth*. What is there to prevent Tammany from being a "bulwark," and a "right bower?"

But this is not all. It is adroit as well as powerful—"more subtle than any beast of the field." Some of its members could give lessons in strategic diplomacy to BISMARCK, or to TALLEYRAND, were the latter yet alive. It obtained control of the Legislature by counting out from the Assembly a Republican who had been elected, and counting in a Democrat who had not; from the basis of which vantage ground it has subsequently practically repealed the Registry law, taken the election of School Commissioners out of the hands of the people, extended the tenure of office of the Ring-masters, given to the Boards of Health and Police a political bias, ruined the business of the State canals, set at naught the plainest rights of the people, created boards and bureaus without number, multiplied officials until they swarm like the frogs of Egypt, shown itself an ally of the worst monopoly in the country, and increased taxation until it represents a burden of fifty dollars per head for every man, woman, and child of New York city. If these various achievements do not indicate its vast ability, and the vital value of its friendship to the South—why then all signs fail. We hope, therefore, that the moody HOTSPURS of that section will grow into a more placable temper—else they will spoil the milk.

NEW REFORMATION IN GERMANY.

Time is necessary to adjust the true significance of events. It may be that incidents of a peaceful character which have lately taken place in Germany, will appear two centuries hence to have had greater historical importance than the establishment of German supremacy in war; or to state the suggestion in a less paradoxical form, it is probable that, in coming generations the chief interest of the German military triumphs will center in the political and religious development by which they were followed. It is already evident how vain were the fears of those who apprehended a general reaction in favor of effete ideas and institutions as a consequence of the German successes. In fact, in spite of the surprises caused by the war, foreigners have still much to learn concerning the extent to which modern culture has pervaded and moulded the nation. Such a people are not likely to be carried by transient enthusiasm into the adoption of views and measures inconsistent with their own intellectual and social progress, or with their self-respect. In illustration of the falsification of the fears referred to, we may mention the general results of the first elections held after the war, but it is more strikingly exemplified in the present movement opposed to the advance of Ultramontanism.

Fortunately, in this country the difference between Popery or Ultramontanism on the one hand, and Catholicism on the other, is almost unknown, or hardly recognized. So little practical interest attaches to the subject that the person who denounces or warns against the dangers of encroachment from the Papal power is very generally exposed to the censure of uncharitable dealing with a respectable denomination of Christians. Here, in the presence of our universal religious freedom, it is easy to mystify people about the matter; to represent the recognition of the Pope's infallibility as an act involving no new or important practical consequences, and many are so completely deceived that they either remain indifferent, or give their countenance and support to principles which, at all comprehended, would excite their loathing and abhorrence. In Europe no such jugglery is possible. There all know that the question started by the decree of the Council is neither more nor less than the question of liberty or slavery, of modern progress and enlightenment, or medæival stagnation and darkness, of the intellectual and moral elevation of the people, or their ignorance and degradation under sacerdotal domination. In Europe, and especially in Germany, the subject is well understood, where the sternest and most determined enemies of Popery or Papistry are pious Catholics. Such is Dr. DOELLINGER, Professor in the University of Munich. He is undoubtedly the greatest, that is, the most learned and acute theologian of the Romish Church, while as a master of ecclesiastical history he has few equals in any country or denomination. A member of the Roman Council, he combated the proposal to make the doctrine of the Pope's personal infallibility a dogma of the church with arguments so conclusive that any assembly open to conviction must have yielded to their force. All in vain; the decree was passed under the influence of the Jesuits and of the pressure of various kinds brought to bear upon the members. Of the minority who voted against the dogma, a large proportion, as our readers know, have since given in their adhesion to the action of the Council. Dr. DOELLINGER is not one of these feeble or dishonest characters. On the contrary, the summons to submit he has met with an argument cogent and complete, in which he declares the dogma inconsistent with the Scriptures, with tradition and with the acts of Councils, and incompatible with just relations between church and state and with the duties of the Catholic citizen or subject. To this document Rome has responded in her ancient and well known way, by excommunication. The interesting circumstance connected with the case is the sympathy and support which Dr. DOELLINGER receives in his persecution from the court and people of Bavaria. The country consists for the most part of what was once spiritual, that is, ecclesiastical territories; the population is largely Catholic, and hitherto the priests have had pretty much their own way. A German authority states that since the absurd action of the Ecumenical Council, a strong reaction has set in among the people against priestly arrogance and control, and it is certain that a large majority of them sustain the opposition to the dogma of infallibility. Dr. DOELLINGER, in the paper referred to above, says that a countless number of clergymen, former pupils of his, who had subscribed to the action of the Council, had assured him that, notwithstanding their formal assent, they neither did nor could believe the dogma. A deputation of fifty professors and teachers in the University of Munich have also waited upon him with an address, in which they sustain him in the position which he has assumed. Among other things the address says:

> "Whither will this beginning lead? What will become of the Catholic world? What will become of our country, if within the Catholic Church it shall be no longer permitted to unite science and culture, sincerity of heart and freedom of thought with the religious character?"

The King is also well known to side with the great dissenter, who is already loudly talked of as likely soon to be assigned to a place in the Cabinet as Minister of Worship and Public Instruction. The prospect seems fair enough that in Bavaria before long, there will be an independent Catholic Church, having no connection with Rome. Whether this comes to pass or not, we are safe in saying that the days of Papal interference with the Church in Bavaria are well nigh over. Indeed, throughout Catholic Germany, there are abundant indications that the people are disgusted with the priests as the directors of secular instruction, and are determined no longer to lag behind the rest of the country in civilization, because their spiritual guides think ignorance essential as a guaranty of obedience, if not as the promoter of devotion. The people of Wurtemberg are believed to be still more ready for deliverance than those of Bavaria, while the Catholics of Prussia are in advance of both. In truth, a second Reformation is going rapidly on in Catholic Germany.

THE principle of combination is good in itself if wisely directed; but when managed by misguided and ambitious men, who aim at impracticable or injurious ends, and stoop to intimidation, outrage and crime, it becomes an unmitigated evil. The right of one man to labor, and of another man to employ his labor, at such rates of pay as may be mutually agreed upon, needs no argument to sustain it. Yet this primary right is precisely what the leaders of the Trades' Union have denied to the miners in the disastrous coal strike in our own State. Disguised in whatever philanthropic phrase, there is no worse tyranny under the sun than the compelling of men to work in a certain groove or not work at all, to tax the poor man for the support of fluent demagogues whose interest in the workingman's welfare is only to be had by purchase, and to force them to submit to arbitrary regulations under the penalty of personal violence. This, for a number of months past, the leaders of the strike have done, resorting to the most extreme and unscrupulous measures of repression in order to carry out their designs. We are therefore glad to observe that the signs indicate a speedy resumption of work by the miners, upon such a basis as may be agreed upon between the operators and themselves, without the agency of any third parties. The power which these self-constituted leaders have wielded is evidently slipping away. The whole system of the "Brotherhood" has been fairly tried and tested—weighed in the balance and found wanting. It has the Communistic principle, but it utterly lacks the brotherly spirit without which that principle can never be made effective. This strike has been productive of most prolific harm, but if it has the effect of opening the eyes of the working men to the true character of the despotism which their leaders have imposed upon them, it will have subserved a good and useful purpose.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The prolonged fighting in Paris and consequent suspension of manufacturing establishments in many parts, is causing serious difficulty in procuring supplies of French goods suited to the New York market. A lot of 164 cases of upholstery goods came to hand a few days ago, burdened with heavy freight charges for transportation inland before reaching a seaport, and were quickly distributed as a special favor, among various applicants, at a profit estimated by outsiders at something like one hundred per cent. English and German goods are plenty, but there are certain lines of French goods which cannot be produced elsewhere than at home.

The question of responsibility for the State railroad bonds, which has disturbed the politics of Minnesota for the past twelve years, was to be settled, if possible, by a special election held yesterday. It is proposed by the act submitted that three Commissioners shall by appointed by the Governor to ascertain how much the State honestly owes, and to arrange for the eventual payment of the amount by the issue of other bonds bearing a low rate of interest and payable thirty years from date.

It is said that more houses have been rented at Newport, up to this time, than ever before, and that there is every prospect of a most brilliant season.

One by one the old Yale College customs pass away. That of presenting a class cup to the boy first born to a member of each class at the triennial meeting will be omitted this year, John Lewis, of Hartford, to whom the distinction belongs, having declined to receive the cup. The cup has been presented yearly for about twenty-five years, and the presentation and reception speeches afforded a very pleasant evening's entertainment.

The ice crop is so large this year, and the competition between the companies is so great, that agents are going round to the dwelling houses in the upper and central portion of New York city to receive orders, offering to supply customers at the extraordinary rate of nothing per week for the first part of the season, in order to get their custom for the remaining portion of the year.

A very aged couple, Reuben Mason and his wife, after living together for sixty-five years, in Morrisville, Vt., died suddenly a few days since—she at eleven o'clock in the morning, and he only ten minutes later. The Shepherd-King's elegy upon Saul and Jonathan will well apply here: "They were lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their death they were not divided."

The learned professors who recently visited the murderer Rulloff, at his request, discovering that they had been made the victims of an ingenious device, politely excused themselves, shook hands with the condemned and withdrew, without signing the petition for his pardon.

A number of manufacturing establishments in Massachusetts have taken measures to hereafter burn bituminous instead of anthracite coal. A Boston paper says that the change is in consequence of the strike in Pennsylvania, and the uncertainty of a supply of the product of its mines.

A statistician, who has made the subject a study for years, says the Chinese population in California has decreased twelve per cent. since the first of January.

Last week, during a violent wind, a curious freak occurred at Geneva Lake, Wisconsin. Myriads of little animals came upon the lake shore at the outlet, about the foot of the lake, crawling, in bodies massed together, around and into the houses nearest the shore, the outsides of some of the buildings being covered with them. They seemed to be some species of isopodous animal, and soon "curled up and died." Their advent was decidedly phenomenal, no such thing having ever been seen there before.

A Cork paper expresses astonishment at the continued drain of Irish population which, it says, is going on as steadily now as in the most disturbed years. Queenstown is already crowded with emigrants, although the season has only commenced, and it is expected that before summer the departures from that port will average 2,000. The people come principally from Clare, Tipperary, Meath, Westmeath, and the King's county.

A singular character, Isaac Nye, known as the "hermit of Champlain," died last week at Burlington, Vt. Fifty years ago he was a merchant in that place, and over thirty years since he closed the shutters of his store, which, it is said, were never opened afterward. In this store he had lived the life of a hermit, although he possessed sufficient property to enable him to exist comfortably. The goods in the place when closed remained and mouldered upon the shelves; he would sell none of them. He was laid out, by his own request, upon the counter of the old store. His age is supposed to have been nearly eighty years. He was unmarried; latterly rarely spoke unless spoken to; attended no gatherings of his fellow men except funerals, at which he was a frequent visitor.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. Robert Collyer sails on the 19th prox. to attend the London Unitarian Conference, and during his absence his pulpit in Chicago will be liberally supplied by Dr. Bellows of New York, James Freeman Clarke of Boston, A. D. Mayo and Thomas McVickers of Cincinnati, and Dr. Eliot of St. Louis.

Prentice Mulford denies he is the successor of Bret Harte; that he is the editor of *The Overland*, or that he has any connection with the magazine. He adds that he is "nobody," and that he is sadly in need of $25.

Sigismond Thalberg, whose death has been announced by cable, was born at Geneva, January 7, 1812. Since he was fifteen years old he has been before the public as a pianist, attaining at an early age the position of a great master. He was a pupil of Hummel, and soon surpassed his instructor as a brilliant and successful executant. Thalberg married a daughter of Lablache, and afterward spent a considerable time in the United States, giving a series of brilliantly successful concerts. He may be regarded as the founder of the piano school in which Chopin, Liszt, Dobler and others afterwards became masters. His compositions were very numerous, including a series of fantasias of great beauty on operatic themes. In 1851 he brought out the opera of "Florinde" in London, which, however, was not a success.

The famous Bishop Burnet, like many authors of later days, was very partial to tobacco, and always smoked while writing. In order to combine the two operations with due comfort to himself, he would bore a hole through the broad brim of his large hat, and putting his long pipe through it, puffed and wrote, and wrote and puffed, with philosophical calmness.

The Rev. Robert McGuigan, of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, has withdrawn from the Presbyterian Church because its rules forbid Mrs. McGuigan to address public assemblies in the interests of the church. Mr. McG. sent up a petition to the last General Assembly in regard to this matter, but it received no notice—therefore he leaves the church.

A number of marriage ties will, before long, connect the English aristocracy with America. Recently we announced an alliance between Mr. Sheridan and Miss Motley; and now an engagement is announced between the daughter of Mr. Russell Sturgis, one of the partners in Barings, and Colonel Leo Seymour, son of the Right Honorable Sir George Hamilton Seymour, G. C. B. Colonel Seymour is in the Guards. His father is an eminent retired diplomatist, son of Lord George Seymour by a Hamilton. The money is all on the side of Miss Sturgis, unless indeed Sir Hamilton wins the suit he has lately instituted to obtain the vast Irish estates of his cousin, the late Marquis of Hertford.

A London correspondent writes: The ex-Emperor continues to have a hard time of it amongst us. There were excursions the other day to look at him. One holiday mob started early to Chiselhurst, and invaded the grounds in the vicinity of Camden House. The mob brought sandwiches, and bottled stout, and was accompanied by its babies and its wives, and was loud in its expressions of disappointment when it was understood that Louis Napoleon would not show himself. The Empress is unable to stir out, in consequence of the shameless manner in which she is persecuted by sight-seers.

The Philadelphia *Sunday Republic* notes the fact that on the 16th the creditors of Pierre Bernard (husband of Caroline Richings Bernard), bankrupt, will meet to prove the debts and choose an assignee. The debts aggregate nearly $35,000, and among the creditors are a large number of newspapers. Among the creditors mentioned is James Fisk, Jr., to whom $1,000 is due. Mrs. Bernard is deeply sympathized with in her troubles, and will be still more so when the fact is stated that it has become necessary for herself and husband to solicit positions in one of the Church choirs in Philadelphia.

HERE is an argument for the *Nation*, which opposes woman suffrage upon the ground that the introduction of the element of sex into politics would insensibly but inevitably derange the conduct of the public service:

> "An English commander found his steamer some thirty miles out of her course. He was sorely troubled, and could not account for the local attraction that had sent him so far out of the way. Instruments and calculations appeared equally faultless. Sorely troubled from having passed a sleepless, watchful night, the captain went on deck after breakfast. Seeing a lady sitting (as was her custom) and working near the binnacle, it occurred to him that probably the scissors were resting on the ledge of it. Detecting nothing of the sort, and bent on closer investigation, he discovered that that the chair had an iron frame. It also reasonably flashed across him that the lady's ample crinoline was extended by steel hoops. So mustering all his faculties he exclaimed with as much forgiveness and as little reproach in his eyes as possible, 'Madam, you have, by your local attraction, drawn my ship some thirty miles from her course.'"

Such being the magnetic influence of woman, it is perhaps well to consider how far her presence near the helm would cause the Ship of State to deflect from its proper course. Very truly did Byron speak when he called a lady's skirt

"A garment of a mystical sublimity,
No matter whether russet, silk or dimity."

It is true that Midshipman Easy once sailed a cruise with a petticoat hoisted at the main; but he was a fellow who was everlastingly getting into scrapes. We have merely skirted the subject, but there is evidently something in it.

THE Papal excommunication of Dr. Dollinger, on account of his refusal to subscribe to the dogma of infallibility, is yielding unlooked for fruits. The Bavarian Government has refused the Archbishop of Bamberg permission to publish the decree of the late council within the limits of the kingdom, which is an eminently Catholic one. An association of Catholic citizens of Munich have also indorsed the course of the great theologian, calling upon the Government to oppose the dangerous consequences of the infallibility dogma by all the means at its disposal. The example of Dr. Dollinger has also been imitated in Switzerland, Father Egli, of Lucerne, having likewise published a protest against the decrees last year passed in Rome. This ecclesiastic, too, drew upon him the excommunicating wrath of his superior, the bishop, who, besides, asked from the Government the removal of the heretic from his parish. The Government, on its part, declared that it could not entertain the idea of interfering with a member of the church who had done nothing but courageously to protest against a new doctrine. This, taken in connection with other indications, looks as if a schism upon a grand scale were at hand.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Beauty is Power is the title of an English book reissued by G. W. Carleton & Co., of New York. From a slight examination of the volume it would appear that beauty is affirmed to be power in the same general and comprehensive sense in which power is affirmed of knowledge in the often quoted dictum of Lord Bacon, if his lordship ever said it. When this latter question was discussed some years ago on the suggestion of one of Bulwer's novels, it was, we believe, decided in the negative. The author of *Beauty is Power* has made the proposition the foundation of thirty or more short essays on as many subjects, each of which has more or less connection with woman in her social relations, though some of them have somewhat to say concerning the other sex. The volume is, in fact, a collection of "social essays," evidently written with very honest intentions. "On Proposing," "On Being Refused," "Romantic Lovers," "False Jewelry," "Girls' Lives," "Dressy Men," "Love of Display," are the titles of some of the papers. Though neither very brilliant nor very profound, the book may find interested readers.

The author is rather reckless of accuracy or justice in assigning quotations to their source. Thus on page 13 we read, "To be weak is to be miserable, says Lord Byron," the writer forgetting that it was the Arch-Fiend in Paradise Lost who said,

"Fall'n cherub, to be weak is miserable,
Doing or suffering."

Again, on page 128, St. Bernard, instead of Scipio, is credited with the saying, "*Nunquam minus solus quam cum solus.*"

Sold by J. W. Pittock, Fifth avenue.

Whatever advance may be achieved in the art of teaching, chemistry is and must always remain one of the subjects to the mastery of which no royal road is possible. Though making constant appeal to the reason and admirably adapted to cultivate the faculty, it makes heavy demands upon the memory of the student, and whoever desires to become really acquainted with the subject, had better at once begin to learn by heart the leading principles and formulas. Hence it is very important that the statements to be memorized should be expressed with the utmost brevity consistent with clearness and accuracy. Without pretending to the knowledge of an expert, we feel safe in referring to Dr. George F. Barker's *Text-Book of Elementary Chemistry, Theoretical and Inorganic* as giving "a fair representation of the present state of chemical science," in a form and style well suited to the wants of the student. The portions to be committed to memory are given in large type; the examples which the pupil may recite in his own language are given in small type. The book is evidently the result of prolonged and conscientious labor, as only time and toil could have enabled even the master of the science to attain the condensation combined with clearness which marks the book. The author offers it as "a contribution toward making science disciplinary as well as instructive;" a purpose which its method seems well adapted to serve. Dr. Barker, the author, formerly connected with the Western University in this city, is at present Professor of Physiological Chemistry in Yale College. Published by Chatfield & Co., New Haven; sold by S. A. Clarke & Co., Wood street.

Hans Christian Anderssen's *Story of My Life* has been read with pleasure by many who never cared much for his other works. His stories are usually poems, which never fail to delight children, and older people, too, gifted with the sort or measure of fancy to which they are addressed. His autobiography interests a large audience, all, or nearly all, who have relished his tales, and are therefore interested in the author, and besides, those exceptionally prosaical people who care not for poetry, and those conscientious or realistic people who disapprove of or who care not for fiction. Anderssen has somewhere called his biography "A Wonder Story," and his career has really been a wonderful one, almost that of a bard or minstrel of the olden time in this matter-of-fact age of the electric telegraph and the steam engine. The son of a poor shoemaker in Denmark, and never saying or doing anything by which the material wealth of the world was increased by a dollar, he has gained the affectionate admiration not only of the people but of the Kings, Queens, and nobles of many lands. Among us American Republicans few writers are so well-known, or will be longer remembered, and probably no incident in his life afforded him more delight than the first knowledge of his trans-Atlantic fame and favor. Nothing, it seems, but his dread of the sea has prevented him from paying us a visit. He has paid us the compliment of extending his autobiography up to the year 1860 and of sending it over to be translated and added to the beautiful edition of his works issued by Hurd & Houghton. Thus enlarged, *The Story of My Life* is now a volume of 569 pages prefaced with a portrait from a recent photograph. There are few books more amusing, or when trying read more instructive. R. S. Davis & Co., 93 Liberty street.

Dr. Johnson used to say, "the French are excellent in this, they have a book on every subject." Whether or not this praise implied the superiority of the French to the English in the particular commended, the time seems rapidly coming when no reproach of the sort can be justly laid against English literature. It is being so rapidly furnished with books for popular use, on subjects hitherto either left untreated or resigned to the professions, that we need not be surprised if any day called upon to patronize an elaborate treatise on *the only right method of brushing the teeth*, or a still more complete and exhaustive work on "*Ungue-resecation*, or Pairing the Nails." Though these obvious remarks were suggested by, they have not been set down in ridicule of the little volume to which we are about to direct attention; *The Human Feet; their Dress and Care*. In fact, this is not the first book on the subject in our language, a Mr. J. Sparkes Hall having, some years ago, published a work entitled "Book of the Feet." This, however, was little more than a history of the art of shoe-making, and by no means covered the ground occupied by the book now under notice. The former was, so to speak, superficial in its character and discussed the outside of the subject; the latter work is philosophical and profound. Having treated of the nature and anatomical structure of the pedal extremities, the author is prepared to treat in a thorough manner concerning their appropriate dress. Availing himself of the labors of Dr. Peter Camper of Amsterdam and of Professor Meyer of Zurich, as well as those of Mr. Sparkes Hall named above, the author of the book before us treats his subject from the standpoint of the physiologist and also from that of the practical shoemaker. It is really a most practical and useful little volume, which if generally circulated, read and obeyed, would remove a great deal of misery from the world and prevent much more. The corn-extractor's occupation would be soon gone never to return; deformed toes and distorted toe-joints artificially produced, would be banished, and bunions and callosities be known no more. Nor would the aesthetical results be much less important, as the absurd and depraved notions now prevalent concerning "beautiful feet"—notions worthy only of the Chinese—would give place to views founded upon the forms of Greek statues and sanctioned by the eye of every cultivated artist. The book is published by S. R. Wells, New York, and sold by J. W. Pittock, Fifth avenue.

A Commune Leader.

Louis-August Blanqui, who is, or was, lately recognized as the chief of the insurgents of the Commune, is perhaps a good specimen of the class. A few particulars concerning him, given in the *Courrier des Etats-Unis*, may interest readers. Born at Nice in 1805, Blanqui is represented as one of the most cultivated men in France, literate in the true sense of the term, an indefatigable reader of Horace and Tacitus. He began his career as a tutor in a rich family; he then became assistant professor in a boarding school at Paris. Since 1831 his only profession has been that of revolutionary and socialist. In person he is of small stature, lean, slender, bilious. His eyes are black and bloodshot, his nose pointed, his lips thin and parched. He always goes dressed in the simplest style, his single luxury consisting in black cotton gloves. His character is described by a single word—he is a fanatic. He has passed the sixty-five years of his life in secret societies and in prisons. He was first tried in 1831, when he was acquitted. Some years later he was sentenced to imprisonment for two years and to pay a fine of 3,000 francs for the clandestine manufacture of powder and arms. Pardoned in 1837, he prepared the insurrection of May 12th, 1839, through a secret society which he had founded. In that affair, with his accomplices, he attacked the Hotel de Ville in broad daylight and failed in the enterprise. Having lain concealed in Paris for six months he was at length arrested and condemned to death by the Chamber of Peers in January, 1840. The sentence having been commuted into perpetual imprisonment, he was set at liberty in 1848. Blanqui then founded the *Central Republican Society*, which held daily sessions, at which he always presided. At one of these deliberations, one evening, an amiable citizen proposed to re-establish the terror, or the reign of terror, as we commonly say, whereupon the member was reminded that the abuse of the guillotine had somewhat disgraced the era of '93. With an admirable spirit of candor and conciliation, Blanqui at once replied—"yes, I admit the fact; well then, let us suppress the guillotine and substitute for it household massacre!" The humanity of this proposal, the sensibility displayed was probably never equalled except by the member of the House of Commons whom Southey tells of. When the method of cleaning chimneys by means of a goose let down by a cord tied to its legs, was objected to on the score of cruelty to the goose, the ingenious legislator promptly suggested that a couple of ducks might answer as well.

However, Blanqui and his colleagues failed on the 15th of May, and had no opportunity of carrying into effect either of the methods of maintaining terror. Blanqui was arrested, tried and condemned to confinement for ten years at Belle Isle. He paid the penalty, distinguishing himself by one bold attempt to escape. Though he has been accused of treachery to the republican party, his friends are said to be devoted to him, regarding him with a degree of enthusiasm bordering on fanaticism. For many months in 1848 his guard, armed to the teeth, mounted guard in his ante-chamber. Readers will remember that Blanqui was one of the leaders of the rabble who attacked the Hotel de Ville during the siege of Paris. He was condemned to death for the offense, but was delivered by his friends.

When the Free Methodist congregation assembled in their chapel, on Eighth avenue, New York city, last Sunday, they found themselves without a preacher. Their pastor had been called out of town and left no substitute. The hour for the beginning of services had barely passed, when Mrs. Albert Dunning, a leading member of the Free Methodist Society, entered the pulpit and volunteered to preach in the absence of the pastor. "I have not prepared any sermon," said she, as she collectedly turned over the leaves of the Bible, "and have no idea what I am going to preach about; but I believe that I have only to open my mouth and the Lord will fill it." Finding a text, she discoursed for one hour and ten minutes, advocating entire indifference to the world and a life devoted exclusively to religion. Her delivery is characterized as animated, and the auditors, it is said, were aroused to the highest pitch of enthusiasm, frequently echoing her pious invocations.

THE Albany *Argus* has invented a new term by which to designate the vote of a popular majority. It attributes the election of President Lincoln to "a fortuitous concurrence of circumstances." Hitherto it has generally been called the will of the people, but it doesn't make a particle of difference. A similar "circumstance" will probably happen in the case of the Republican candidate for President next year.

"THE 'Jeff Davis Mansion' in Richmond is now used as a public school."

This is one of the very finest illustrations of the fulfilment of scriptural prophecy with which we have ever met. "The kingdoms of darkness shall become the kingdoms of light."

EMIGRATION WESTWARD.

Kansas the Promised Land—Nebraska Next in Favor.

A correspondent writing from Kansas says: It would seem as if all the world and his wife and children were on the move toward this, now the promised land. Covered emigrant wagons were seen all along the route, upon which you will generally see painted "Kansas." At Quincy I was told that five hundred wagons crossed the river daily, bound for this young State. The cities, and the towns and the country are filling up rapidly, and improvement is the order of the day everywhere. New towns are constantly springing up as the railroads are opened, and the whole face of the country has undergone a wonderful change. The crops look magnificent, and the promise of an abundant harvest was never better in all parts of the State. The winter wheat looks especially fine. The complaint is everywhere, however, that money is scarce. A large portion of the ready means of the new settlers has been sent off in payment for land, and invested in the means of support until the next harvest. I fell in with a large company of emigrants from Ohio, who were going to their destination by rail. They were generally thrifty farmers from the Western Reserve, with their families, numbering in all, I should judge, over two hundred. And the State is largely being settled up in this wholesale way. Whole neighborhoods from the older States, go together, and soon all seem homelike again. The church and the school house to which they have been accustomed, find a place at once among them, and in this the ordinary privations of the emigrant are scarcely known. I think Kansas will increase her population twenty-five per cent. during 1871. Nebraska, too, is receiving a large share of emigration, and, next to Kansas, is the favorite resort. But there is a heavy and constant stream of humanity rolling westward over a belt of country extending three hundred miles north and south. At Quincy alone it is said that the number crossing the river averages seven thousand per week.

Quit Drugging.

This is now admitted by the medical profession as a fundamental principle of healing science. It is wisely provided by the human economy that whenever anything is wrong in the physical system the natural forces of the body are brought to bear to expel the disease. The great aim, therefore, is to strengthen the natural powers. This has been kept in view by the skillful compounders of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which operates to give fresh vitality to all the organs of the body. The effect of this medicine upon the stomach, the liver and the kidneys, is prompt and decisive. The patient, who is wise enough to quit drugging and try the bitters, soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and as he continues the use of the article, he is overjoyed to find the streams of health coursing through his frame. It is prepared with great care, and its component parts are entirely vegetable. It is free from the objections so often urged against preparations of the kind. As a medicinal agent it has no equal, while its pleasing favor and healthful effects have made it a general favorite. It is free from all properties calculated to impair the system, and its operations are at once mild, soothing and efficient. All who have used Hostetter's Stomach Bitters attest its virtues and commend it.

Even those who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to tonics as preventatives of disease. We are never too well armed against the assaults of "the ills that flesh is heir to." In health or sickness this tonic cannot be taken regularly without giving vitality and elasticity to the system.

LEGAL.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY upon the Estate of Thomas Mitchell, late of the Fourth ward, Pittsburgh, have been duly granted to the undersigned. All parties indebted to said Estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against said Estate will present the same for settlement to

MARY MITCHELL,
Executrix, or
J. H. MITCHELL,
Her Attorney, 194 Liberty street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of John L. Euckaler having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said Estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for payment, to the undersigned, at his office, No. 75 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

JAMES BLACKMORE.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm name of HUBBARD, LIPPINCOTT, BAKEWELL & CO., for the purpose of Manufacturing Axes, Saws and Shovels.

CHARLES W. HUBBARD,
JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
THOS. BAKEWELL,
WILLIAM FREW,
CHARLES LOCKHART,
DAVID M. LONG.

Pittsburgh, Pa., February 8, 1871.

HAVING PURCHASED THE AXE, Shovel and Saw Works of the late firm of Lippincott & Bakewell, and the Saw Works of Hubbard, Bro. & Co., we have consolidated both establishments. All claims due to or due by Hubbard, Bro. & Co., will be settled by the new firm.

HUBBARD, LIPPINCOTT, BAKEWELL & CO.

Offices—Dinwiddie street, near Fifth avenue; corner Water and Short streets; No. 409 Liberty street.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS—SEPERATE PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned until WEDNESDAY, the 10th inst., for a Steam Heating Apparatus for the new City Hall. Also, for the Flag Stone Pavement of the Sidewalks. The work to be done according to the plans and specifications to be seen at the office of J. W. KERR, Architect, No. 80 Fourth avenue.

THOMAS STEEL,
Secretary of the Board of Commissioners for the Erection of a City Hall.
May 1, 1871.

TO CONTRACTORS.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY'S OFFICE,
Pittsburgh, Pa., April 25, 1871.

PROPOSALS will be received until May 15th for the Graduation and Masonry of all the heavy portions of the Bennett's Branch Extension of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, extending eastward a distance of about 92 miles from Redbank Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Plans and specifications can be seen and all information obtained after May 1st at this office. Bids to be addressed to the undersigned, care of Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN A. WILSON,
Chief Engineer.

WINES, LIQUORS, &C.

IMPORTED
Wines, Liquors, &c.

WM. MILLER & CO.,
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Importers and Wholesale Dealers,

Offer the following as part of their large and carefully selected Stock of

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, WHISKIES, &c., &c.

Henkell & Co.'s Rhenish, Moselle and Sparkling Hock Wines;
Brandenburg Bros' White and Red Wines;
Haut and Chateau Sauternes Yguim and Latour Blanche Medoc;
St. Julian Margaux, La Rose and Lafitte Clarets;
Moet & Chandon Grand Vin Imperial Champagne;
Moet & Chandon Green Seal Champagne;
Moet & Chandon Verzenay and Sillery Champagne;
Piper Heidsick Champagne;
Werks and Pleasant Valley Sparkling Catawba;
Sweet Catawba on Draught;
White and Red Port in glass and wood;
Also very superior
Madeira and Sherry Wines, Burgundy, Crown Port and Sherry;
Vine Growers' Co. of Cogniac Brandy in glass;
Jules, Robin & Co.'s S. O. P. Brandy and others;
Jamaica and N. E. Rums;
Islay Scotch Whisky;
Triple Fish Gin.

Liqueurs
As follows:
Curacoa Anisette,
Absynthe and Maraschino; also,
London and Dublin Porters and Bass,
And Younger's Pale Ales by cask or dozen, just landed at New York.

Havana and Domestic Cigars
Also, 1,000 bbls and half bbls
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
With a large and well selected line of
GROCERIES,
All of which we offer at low figures.

These Are the Leading Prices
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10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
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10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.		
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10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
10c.	25c.	50c.	75c.	$1 00.	$1 50.	$2
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NEWEST STYLES OF WORK CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER. All work warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. REPAIRING Neatly and Promptly Executed.
Factory, 42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver Street.
Sole Agents for the New Haven make of the
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Great Reduction in Prices.
Weldon & Kelly,
147 Wood Street,
Have just opened their
Spring Stock
OF
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CONSISTING OF
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Which for variety in style and elegant design, cannot be equalled by any other house West of the Mountains, now offering at
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Special attention given to
Gas Fitting and Plumbing
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Patent Low Pressure Self-Regulating
STEAM HEATING APPARATUS
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UPON THE MOST IMPROVED PRINCIPLES.
EDWARD BOURNE,
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The Duquesne Cook Stove
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It NEVER Fails to Bake and Roast satisfactorily.
It is very ECONOMICAL in Fuel.
It has a LARGER OVEN than any other Stove.
It is VERY HEAVY and will last a lifetime.
It COSTS LESS FOR REPAIRS than any other Stove.
It has a patent BALED ASH PAN and is entirely free from dust.
It PLEASES every person who has it in use.
Don't fail to see this Stove before purchasing. Manufactured and for sale by
D. De HAVEN & SONS,
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YEAST
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Is rapidly superseding all other preparations for the production of elegant, delicious and wholesome
Rolls, Biscuits, Bread, Griddle Cakes of all kinds, Waffles, Fruit and Pot-Pie Dumplings, Sweet Cakes and Pastry of every variety.
The Food prepared with this BAKING POWDER is not liable to sour on the stomach, thus enabling invalids and dyspeptics to indulge in it with impunity.
Put up in 1/4, 1/2, 1 and 5 lb. cans full net weight.
Ask your Grocer for "DOOLEY'S."
Sold generally throughout the United States by Grocers and Ship Chandlers.
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Iron Work for Buildings,
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We take pleasure in announcing that we are receiving a Full and Choice Line of
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AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ALL NEW STYLES
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A FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Spring Shawls,
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IN BLACK AND WHITE
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AT LOW PRICES.
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The People's Store,
55 and 57 FIFTH AVE.,
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ARE NOW SHOWING A COMPLETE LINE OF
DRY AND FANCY GOODS,
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We invite every Lady to call and examine our Stock of Silks, Velvets, Shawls, Dress Goods, Parcales, Piques, Printed Muslins, White Goods, Linens, Domestics, Ginghams, Calicoes, Cloths, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Laces, Corsets and Small Wares.
We warrant our Goods as represented and sell strictly on the One Price System. Inspection and comparison of our prices will prove to every customer that One Price is not only the fairest and easiest but the only method by which you can obtain the best value.
ONE PRICE! CASH SALES! SMALL PROFITS!
Campbell,
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55 and 57 FIFTH AVENUE,
(MASONIC HALL BUILDING,)
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N. B.—Wholesale Cash Buyers will find it to their interest to give us a call.

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THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
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FRESH LACES,
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A LARGE ASSORTMENT.
BLACK SILKS,
AT $1 50 AND UPWARDS.
STAR SHIRTS, a full line.
MEN'S, LADIES' AND MISSES' GAUZE UNDERWEAR.
LADIES' AND MISSES' COTTON HOSE, extra inducements.
MEN'S HALF HOSE, 20 cents a pair, extra Bargains.
LEATHER SATCHELS, KID GLOVES.
LACE SACQUES.
RIBBONS, fresh supply.
POINT LACE COLLARS.
CALL AND SEE OUR BLACK SILKS.

SCALES.

FAIRBANKS'
STANDARD
SCALES,
OF ALL SIZES.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
102 SECOND AVENUE.

FERRIS & MILES,
TWENTY-FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
IMPROVED STEAM HAMMERS AND MACHINE TOOLS,
Unequalled for Simplicity, Convenience, Economy and Power.

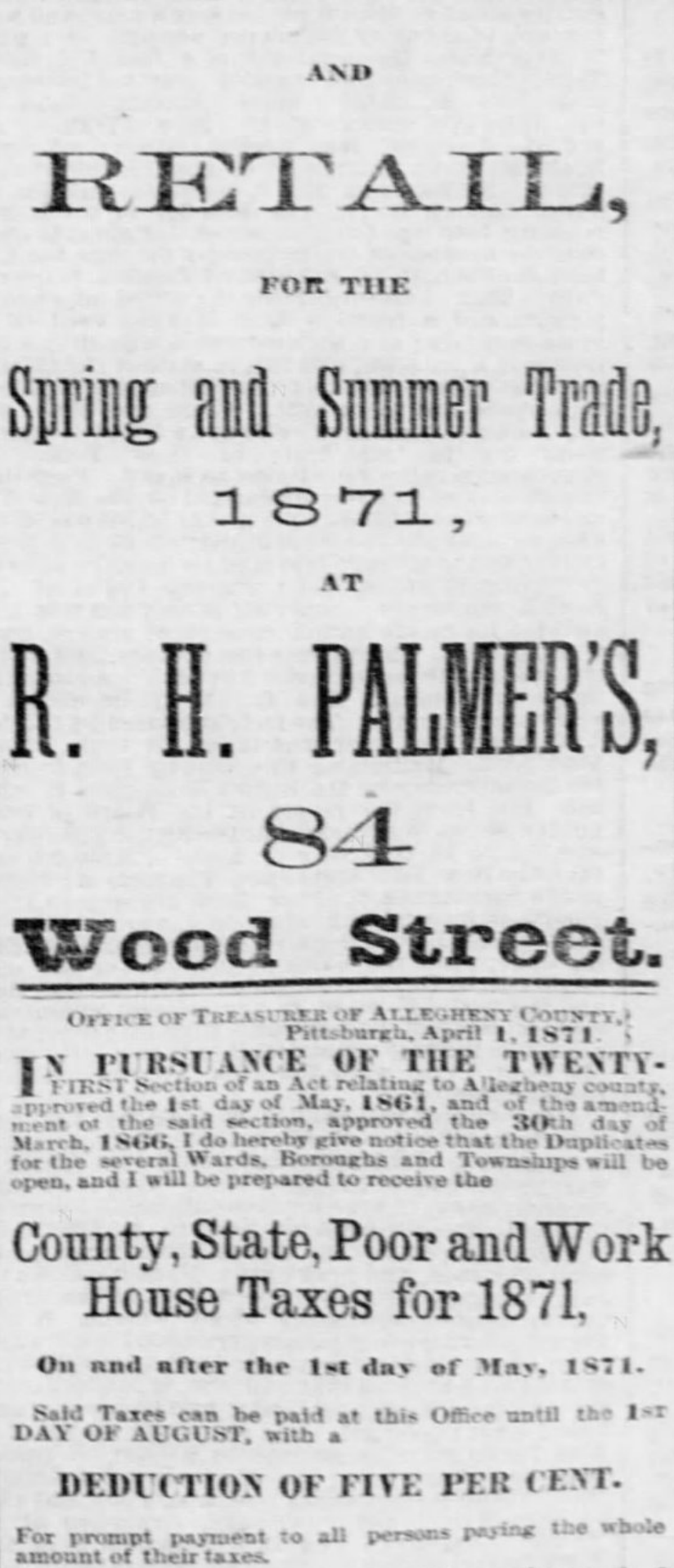
DRY GOODS.

AT WHOLESALE
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
ARE IN DAILY RECEIPT OF
The Latest Novelties
IN
HATS, BONNETS
AND
Millinery Goods,
To which they invite the attention of
MILLINERS AND DEALERS.
RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS,
MILLINERY LACES,
HAT AND BONNET FRAMES,
SILKS, ILLUSIONS,
CRAPES,
ORNAMENTS, &C., &C.
ALSO, FULL LINES JUST OPENED IN
EMBROIDERIES,
WHITE GOODS,
CHINTZES, TRIMMINGS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.
REAL AND IMITATION
HAIR GOODS,
Notions and Small Wares,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
77 and 79 Market St

SILKS, SILKS,
SILKS.
FULL LINES OF BONNET AND PONSON'S CELEBRATED
Black Silks.
Good Medium Black French Silks, from $ to $2 per yard.
Cheney Bro.'s American Black Silk, $2 per yard.
Fancy Dress Silks in Stripes, Checks and Plain Colors—a complete assortment.
Japanese Silks, all qualities.
Irish and French Poplins, Mohair Lustres, Brilliantines, Tamese, Bombazines.
Wool Delaines.
Spring Empress Cloths.
Black Grenadines and Hernani.
All New Designs in Spring Dress Goods.
New Spring Shawls.
Silk Sacques and Basques.
Ladies' Suits.
Nottingham and Tamboured Lace Curtains, Chintzes, Prints and Ginghams.
WITH A FULL LINE OF
Domestic and Housekeeping Goods.
James Caldwell,
118 and 120 Federal Street, Allegheny.

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS

HATS, CAPS,
AND
STRAW GOODS



(LEOPARD IN THE WINDOW.)

WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL,
FOR THE
Spring and Summer Trade,
1871,
AT
R. H. PALMER'S,
84
Wood Street.

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
Pittsburgh, April 1, 1871.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE TWENTY-FIRST Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment of the said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I hereby give notice that the Duplicates for the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships are in my hands, and that I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor and Work House Taxes for 1871,

On and after the 1st day of May, 1871.

Said Taxes can be paid at this Office until the 1st DAY OF AUGUST, with a

DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT.

For prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their taxes.

To all Taxes remaining unpaid during the month of August. There will be

TEN PER CENT. ADDED

To all Taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1871.

J. F. DENNISTON,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

WARNER'S
PILE REMEDY.
WARNER'S PILE REMEDY has never failed (not even in one case) to cure the very worst cases of Blind, Itching or Bleeding Piles. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their druggist and get it, for it will, with the first application, instantly afford complete relief, and a few following applications are only required to effect a permanent cure without any trouble or inconvenience. WARNER'S PILE REMEDY is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of over thirty years standing. Price, One Dollar. For sale by druggists everywhere.

P. S. VANFOSSAN HAS REMOVED TO No. 329 LIBERTY STREET.
And has associated with him Mr. E. L. STROHN, under the firm name of
VANFOSSAN & STROHN,
Who will continue the Commission Business at last named place.

CARPETS.

NEW CARPETS
We have Received a Fresh Supply of
English Body Brussels,
Royal Wiltons, Velvets
AND
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION
ALSO, A FULL SUPPLY OF
SUPERFINE AND THREE-PLY
INGRAINS.
Stair Carpets and Oil Cloths
Henry M'Callum
51 Fifth Avenue, above Wood St.

CARPETS
SPRING STOCK,
Large Assortment, All Qualities
LOW PRICES.
BRUSSELS
(TWO AND THREE-PLYS.)
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS
Bovard, Rose & Co
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

RAILROADS:

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—After DECEMBER 4, 1870, Trains arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD.		WESTWARD.	
Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express	[illegible]	Mail Train	[illegible]
Southern Ex.	[illegible]	Cincinnati Ex.	[illegible]
Mail Train	[illegible]	Pittsburgh Ex.	[illegible]
Cincinnati Ex.	[illegible]	Pacific Ex.	[illegible]
Philadelphia Ex.	[illegible]	Southern Ex.	[illegible]
Fast Line	[illegible]	Way Passenger	[illegible]
LOCAL.			
Walls No. 1	6:30 a m	Walls No. 1	6:20 a m
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The Church Train leaves every Sunday at [illegible]. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any Risk for Baggage except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

For further particulars apply to W. B. STOREY, Agent.
A. J. CASSATT, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—On and after DECEMBER 18, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will leave from and arrive at the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows (Allegheny Time): [illegible]

Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street Depot.
A. J. CASSATT, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBT. NEILSON, Superintendent, Blairsville.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—From DECEMBER 4th, 1870, Trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows: [illegible]

J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.
On and after MONDAY, December 5, 1870, Three Through Trains Daily, except Sunday, will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions. [illegible]

J. J. LAWRENCE, General Supt.
J. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TIME—On and after MONDAY, May 1st, 1871, trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows—City Time: [illegible]

D. D. ANGELL, Master of Transportation.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY, PAN-HANDLE ROUTE.—On and after SUNDAY, November 20, Trains will arrive and depart at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, City Time: [illegible]

W. L. O'BRIEN, General Ticket Agent, Columbus, Ohio.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPERS!
SPRING STYLES.
Stencil and Plain Tints, with Borders.
Elegant Stamped Gold Papers.
Every Variety of Panel Work, for Halls, Dining Rooms, Vestibules, Churches.
These have been selected with great care, and are the choicest in market.
W. P. MARSHALL,
191 LIBERTY ST., ABOVE SIXTH.

HOTELS.

ST. CLOUD HOTEL,
ARCH STREET ABOVE SEVENTH,
PHILADELPHIA.
G. W. MULLIN.......A. G. MULLIN.
Terms, $3 00 a Day.
The above Hotel, entirely new in all respects and newly and elegantly furnished throughout, is now open for the reception of guests. The St. Cloud will be kept in all respects as a first-class Hotel.
G. W. MULLIN & BRO.,
PROPRIETORS.

NIXON HOUSE,
ALLIANCE, OHIO.
FRANK M. KERR, Proprietor.

James Prescott & Sons,
Chimney Sweeps,
Attend to Setting Grates, Putting on Chimney Tops and Johnning Bricklaying, &c. No. 19 Isabella Street, Allegheny City.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
DRS. JORDAN AND DAVIESON,
[illegible]
1,625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

James T. Brady & Co

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
FINANCIAL AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES
FOR
FUNDED LOAN
OF
1880, 1885 and 1900.
Subscription Books Now Open.
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

79 SMITHFIELD STREET,

BANKERS,

$100,000
Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad
Six Per Cent. Bonds,
(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION,)
For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

These Bonds are the first lien on the Road, taking precedence of the 7 per cents; are dated 1858, for thirty years, interest payable February and August.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE

TUESDAY EVENING, May 2, 1871.

The New York *Times* in its money column says: The Wall street markets enter the month of May with the advantages of a strong bank movement and cheap rates for money. They have also the support of an active, and for the greater part, remunerative general trade, which is making but very moderate demands at bank for discounts. The price of gold is comparatively steady, and the occasional efforts to excite the gold room, because of the export demand, are qualified by the free disbursements from the Treasury, where the accumulation of a hundred million of dollars is useless for all other purposes than the payment of interest and redemption of principal of the public debt. The release of the gold for export, while exchange is dear and the collection of gold interest for foreign account, large, is a substantial good not only to the money market but to the importing interest from which the Government derives its gold revenues. The six and a half millions gold and silver sent forward to England in the fortnight ending on Saturday will add to the plethora of money in London, and the indirect effect, signs of which are already apparent, will be to enlarge the foreign demand for our public funds and other American stocks. A few weeks of this favorable opportunity are lost to the new 5 per cent. loan, because the coupon bonds are not ready for the market ahead; but this delay will be overcome, we are advised, by the 15th inst. In the meantime the demand for the 5-20s of 1867 and for all the May and November issues of 1862-4-5 is active, and also for the 5 per cents. 10 40s in the coupon form.

The Treasury paid off at the close of April $2,000,000 of 3 per cent. legal tender certificates. A further payment of $2,000,000 is advertised for the 31st of May. These sums will make the total redemptions under the act of Congress, about $11,000,000, as against $15,000,000 new bank circulation authorized by the same act. The effect of the gradual, but ultimate substitution of $54,000,000 of National Bank circulation for the $45,000,000 of three per cents upon the money market was much discussed at the time the act was passed. In so much as the measure was deemed one of contraction of the legal tender employed at bank, the effect has not yet been felt, because, as other opinions reasoned at the time, the enhanced volume of bank notes of the South and West has operated to return greenbacks more freely to the money centers of the East. And so we find in the New York banks at present more greenback notes and certificates by nearly four million of dollars than they had this time last year, before the circulation of the certificates was contracted below $45,000,000. We are by no means sure that this result will hold good after the present summer, but for the next three or four months the ease in the bank movement, in the absence of other causes of disturbance, would seem to be reasonably certain.

—Allegheny National Bank stock sold last evening, at McIlwaine's stock room, 106 Smithfield street for $69 per share.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co, report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morning.	Noon.	Clos'g.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	117	117	117
U. S. Bonds of 1862	111	111	111
U. S. Bonds of 1864	111	111	111
U. S. Bonds of 1865	111	111	111
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	113¼	113¼	113¼
U. S. Bonds of 1867	113½	113½	113½
U. S. Bonds of 1868	113½	113½	113½
10-40s	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
Gold	111⅜	111¼	111¼

—The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, shows the prices of Railway Stocks, Gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

May 2, 1871.	10:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
C. & H.	99⅞	99⅝	99½	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
Do. Scrip	94½	94¼	94½	94⅝	94⅝	94¾
Erie	21	21½	21⅜	21⅝	22	22
Reading	110⅝	110½	110⅞	110⅝	110⅝	110⅞
Harlem	....	132	....	132½	....	....
Mich. Cent	....	122½	....	122¾	....	....
Lake Shore	109⅝	109⅜	109	109½	109⅝	109⅝
Illinois Cent	....	134⅝	....	134⅝	....	....
Cleve. & Pitts	124½	123¼	123¼	123¼	123⅝	123⅝
C. & N. W	85	85⅝	85½	85½	86⅛	86⅛
Do. pref	97⅞	97¾	98⅛	98⅜	98⅝	98½
Rock Island	113¾	113⅝	113⅝	113⅜	113⅜	113⅝
St. Paul	61⅜	62¼	62⅛	61⅞	61¾	62
Do. pref	81¾	81⅝	81⅝	81⅛	81½	82
Tol. & Wabash	....	64⅝	....	64	....	....
Do. pref	....	80½	....	80½	....	....
Fort Wayne	99¼	98¾	98¾	98½	....	....
Ohio & Miss	51	51	51	51⅛	51⅝	51⅜
Chic. & Alton	....	118¼	....	119	....	....
Do. pref	....	119½	....	119½	....	....
B. H. & Erie	....	2	....	2⅛	....	....
N. J. Central	....	107½	....	107¾	....	....
Canton	....	84	....	83½	....	....
W. U. Tel	60¼	59⅞	....	60	....	....
Quicksilver	....	12	....	11¾	....	....
Pacific Mail	47¾	48	48	47⅞	48⅛	....
Adams Ex	....	81½	....	81⅝	....	....
Wells-F. Ex	....	43½	....	43½	....	....
American Ex	....	57½	....	57	....	....
U. S. Ex	....	58	....	57¾	....	....
Gold	111⅜	111¼	111⅜	111¼	111¼	111⅜

—Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the closing prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Pennsylvania Central	*63½
Philadelphia and Erie	28½
Lehigh Navigation	35¼
Catawissa preferred	48
Oil Creek and Allegheny Railroad	53½
Lehigh Valley Railroad	62
North Pennsylvania Railroad	47
Camden and Amboy Railroad	116
Schuylkill Navigation	18
Reading	55¼

*Ex privilege and dividend.

—JAMES W. KENNEDY, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue, (Apollo Building), dealer in Government, State and Municipal Bonds; Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Represented daily at the New York Stock Exchange, he buys and sells stocks on a margin for the same commission and on the same terms as the New York brokers. Money to loan in sums of $500 and upwards on collateral or well indorsed promissory notes, or on mortgages on city or Allegheny county real estate.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
TUESDAY, May 2, 1871.

REMARKS.—The weather betokens rain, and those versed in the coming and going of floods in our rivers, confidently predict a coal boat rise ere long. The markets continue to move along in the even tenor of their ways, with but slight changes, scarce sufficient to be worthy of notice. Flour, always a leading article in trade, is held firmly at quotations. Both mills and stores hold ample stocks, and will not make the slightest concessions to effect sales. Grain has increased in receipt, but not in sufficient volume to effect prices. Groceries continue very active, and heavy sales are daily made at quotations. Bacon and provisions are less active, though a fair demand is reported. Prices are firm and unchanged. Cheese is still in light supply and prices firm. Butter and eggs in good supply. The produce market is abundantly supplied, as is the local market, and a lively trade is doing at a reasonable tariff.

Below find the wholesale prices unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—We are reported sales at $5@6 for choice ⅌ bbl. Common $3@4 ⅌ bbl. Receipts 451 bbls.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales of 1 gallon buckets at $10 50 ⅌ doz; in kegs and firkins 70@80c ⅌ gal.

ASHES—Soda Ash, refined, 55 ⅌ cent., 3½@4c; common 48 ⅌ cent., 3½c; Potash 7@7½c; Pearls 9@ c ⅌ ℔.

BUTTER—There is a fair demand for strictly prime butter, and we are reported sales at 26@30c; extra choice will bring 31@33c; inferior 10@15c. Receipts 106 packages.

BROOM CORN—Regular sales at 5@6c ⅌ ℔.

BEANS—We report the market quiet, with regular sales of small navy at $1 50@2 ⅌ bush.

BEESWAX—Market firm; sales at 30@31c ⅌ ℔.

BAKING POWDER—Banner ¼-℔ cans, ⅌ doz, $1 75; ½-℔ cans, $3 25; 1-℔ cans, $6 25; 5-℔ cans, $30.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Prices are firm at the following quotations: Plain Shoulders 8½@9c; Sugar Cured do. 9½@9¾c; Canvassed do. 10½c; Ribbed Sides, 10½@11c; Clear do. 11¼@12c; Breakfast Bacon 12@15½c; Sugar Cured Hams 15c; Canvassed do. 15½c; Dried Beef 19@19½c. Lard, prime kettle rendered in tierces, 11½c, buckets 12½c, kegs, 13½@14c; Country Lard 11@12c. Mess Pork $20 00.

CHEESE—Receipts light, being only fifty boxes since our last report. Prices are firm at the following figures; New York Goshen at 18@19c ⅌ ℔; Ohio Goshen 17½@18c; Ohio Factory 16@17c; Western Reserve 15½@16½c ⅌ ℔. Receipts, 124 boxes.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Pennsylvania $6@6 50; Philadelphia $5 50.

CORN MEAL—The market is inactive, and we quote ⅌ bbl. at $3 25; 90@95c ⅌ bushel.

CRANBERRIES—Are scarce at $12@15 ⅌ bbl.

CARBON OIL—Sales standard brands at 21@22c.

CANDLES—Mould 12c; Star, full weight, 19c; short weight 17c; stearine 19½c ⅌ ℔.

COAL—We are reported sales anthracite by the car load at $10@10 50 ⅌ ton.

CEMENT—Louisville Hydraulic $3@3 50 ⅌ bbl. Beeson's Phœnix Hydraulic, $3 50@3 75 ⅌ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand continues fair for the advanced season. The following are the ruling rates of the market: Peaches, quarters 9½@10c; halves 12@14c; mixed lots 10½@11c. Apples, quarters 8@9c ⅌ ℔. These rates for a good article.

EGGS—The market is well supplied, and strictly fresh eggs sell at 15@16c. per dozen.

FEATHERS—Sales live geese feathers, No. 1, 80c ⅌ ℔ to the trade.

FLOUR—Receipts since our last have increased, being 1,304 bbls against 919. Prices remain unchanged, and we quote mill rates as follows: Pan Handle, (Southern amber) in barrels $7 90; in sacks $6 90; Palmetto, in barrels, $7 10; in sacks $6 75. The store rates for standard western brands were as follows: Choice spring $7 00; choice Minnesota $7 25; choice winter $7 50@7 75; fancy do $7 75.

FLATBOATS—25 by 165, held $1,000 ⅌ pair.

GRAIN—The market since our last has undergone but few changes—nothing of special note. The receipts of certain kinds have increased, but not in sufficient quantities to produce any change in prices. For the past forty-eight hours, the receipts foot up as follows:

Oats, sacks	3,007	Barley, sacks	856
Wheat, sacks	1,294	Corn, sacks	325
Rye, sacks	387		

The following are the present prices, viz: Wheat; the leading firms quote red western wheat $1 35@1 40@1 42; while $1 45@1 50@1 52. Oats are held firmly; sales on wharf and from depots at 55@57c; store sales at 60@61c. Corn dull but no lower; sales round lots from first hands of mixed ear at 68c; mixed shelled 70c; prime yellow 72@73c. Rye is not so firm; holders, however, refuse to make any further concessions; we quote nominally at $1 00@1 05 offered and asked. Barley—The market was entirely devoid of animation, and we note sales of spring at 80@85c; fall 90@95c per bushel.

HUSKS—Sales at 3@3½c ⅌ ℔.

HOMINY—Sales at $5@5 50 for pearl.

HAY—We quote sales from wagon, at $14, 16 00@19 00 ⅌ ton on wharf, $14@16 00.

HOPS—New crop 22@25c ⅌ ℔.

HIDES—The demand is more active, and sales are reported at the following figures: Green salted hides (all weights) 8½@9½c; green butchers' (cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 14@16c; do calf 16@18c. Dry flint nominal at 20@21c.

LUMBER—Sawed lumber, pine, in water $20@22 ⅌ M feet; pine, square timber, 10@11c ⅌ cubic foot; hemlock timber, 5@9c ⅌ cubic foot; shingles, $4 50@5 50 ⅌ M.

LIME—Sales at $2 25 ⅌ bbl for Clevenad white, and $1 75 for Eastern.

LARD OIL—Pittsburgh No 1 95@98c; No 2 65@67c; extra $1 00; Chicago and Cincinnati, extra 98c @$1 00 ⅌ gallon.

GROCERIES—Trade continues active and sales are regularly made at the follow quotations:

Spices—Grain pepper 21c; Pimento 17c; Cloves 20c; Cassia 50c.

Rice—Firm and higher; sales choice Carolina at 9½c; prime 9c; Rangoon 8c.

Raw Sugars—New Orleans—Choice 11½c; prime 10½c; good 9½c; fair 9c. Porto Rico—Choice 11½c; prime 11c; good 10½c.

Refined Sugars—Are in good demand and very firm at the following quotations: A 12½c; B 12½c; extra C 12½c; C yellow 12@12½c; Demerara, hhds, 12½c.

Syrups—H and E 70c; white honey 63c; silver drips 60c; extra honey 65c; lower grade 40@50c.

New Orleans Molasses—Good 65c; prime 70c; choice 72c.

Coffees—Strictly prime 19c; prime 18½c; good 16½@17c; fair 15½@15¾c; roasted in papers 22c.

Teas—Fancy Young Hyson $1 50; prime $1 25; fair $1 00; lower grades down to 70c. Gunpowder fancy $1 40; good $1 25; fair $1 10. Imperial fancy $1 40; good $1 25; fair $1 00. Oolong fancy $1 25; good 80c; fair 60@70c. Souchong fancy $1 20; good 90c; fair 70@80c. Japan fancy $1 00; good 90c; fair 75c.

POTATOES—The lateness of the season and the heavy arrivals has weakened the market; prices are not quotably lower, though the tendency is downwards. We are reported sales at the following figures: From store at $1 25 ⅌ bushel, and on track, at 1 10@1 15; Jersey sweets firm at $5 ⅌ bbl.

PAPER—Printing, rag, 13@14c ⅌ ℔; printing, straw, 12c; wrapping, rag, 4½@5c; wrapping, straw, 3½@4c; wrapping, manilla, 12@13c.

PEANUTS—New Tennessee sell readily at 6@8c.

PEAS—Sales at $1 75 ⅌ bush.

RYE FLOUR—Light demand at $6 50 ⅌ bbl.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER—Sales ½ ℔ cans $1 50; ¼ ℔ $3 00; 1 ℔ $6 00 ⅌ doz.

RAGS—Regular sales at 4@4¼c ⅌ ℔.

SUMAC—Sales of Tennessee at 4½c ⅌ ℔.

SALT—Sales by the car load at $1 60@1 65.

SEEDS—Cloverseed $6 75@7 25 ⅌ bushel; timothy $6 50@6 75; flaxseed $2 00@2 25.

SAPOLIO—Sales at $6 50 per half gross.

SOAP—Colgate's sterling soap, $3 75 ⅌ box; Babbitt's, 11c; Oakley's, 10½c; chemicals of all descriptions, olive, 8c; rosin, No. 1, 6c ⅌ ℔.

SODA—Sales in kegs 6c; boxes, assorted papers 8c; sal soda 3½c ⅌ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales at 9@9½c; country 7@7½c.

WOODENWARE—Pails, 2 hoop, $2 35; 3 hoop, $2 65. Tubs, No. 1, 3 hoops, $11 00; No. 2, 2 hoops, $9 50; No. 3, 2 hoops, $8 50. Washboards $2 75.

WILLOWS—Sales of Kentucky willows at 10c ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY—Highwines 92c; common rectified 95c; proof rectified $1 05; rye and corn $1 65@1 75 ⅌ gal; old Monongahela whisky $4@8 ⅌ gal, as to age.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
WEDNESDAY, May 3, 1871.

REMARKS—The oil market yesterday evidently took a fresh start, and during the day was very considerably excited. This movement was evidently brought about by a combination of circumstances. The railroads in the oil regions have advanced freights fully 25c per barrel, being equal to ⅝@¾c per gallon advance. This caused buyers to hold off. The result was the market was devoid of activity.

CRUDE.

The asking prices for the various deliveries were as follows: Spot 10½@11c; May 10½@11c; June 11 11¼c; July 11½@11¾c; buyer's option, July, 11½@11¾c; seller's option, July, 10¾@11c; buyer's option all year 12½c; sellers option 10½c.

SALES.

3,000 bbls F. O. B., Parker's $4 15

REFINED.

The improved feeling in crude has produced a similar feeling in the manufactured article. As usual on such occasions buyers made up their minds to wait before entering the market. The asking rates were as follows: Spot 23c; May 23½c; June 24c; July 24½@24¾c; August 24¾c, May to August 24c; June to August 24½c.

[Western Union Telegraph Line.]

TITUSVILLE, May 2.—The market was decidedly firmer yesterday, and considerable activity prevailed upon the lower creek. We report the following

SALES.

2,000 bbls upper creek, regular	$4 05
1,000 bbls upper creek, regular	4 00
500 bbls upper creek, regular	3 95
1,000 bbls upper creek, spot	3 92½
1,000 bbls upper creek, spot	3 90
5,000 bbls upper creek, spot	3 87½
1,000 bbls Petroleum Centre, regular	4 10
1,000 bbls lower creek, regular	4 10
1,000 bbls lower creek, regular	4 10
1,000 bbls Petroleum Centre	4 10
1,000 bbls Petroleum Centre	4 10
1,000 bbls Rouseville	4 15
500 bbls Rouseville	4 15
500 bbls Rouseville	4 15
1,000 bbls Rouseville	4 15
1,000 bbls lower creek, S. O. June	4 20
1,000 bbls Oil City	4 40

NEW YORK, May 2, closing of the 1st.—Crude in bulk stronger at 13½@13¾c asked; crude in shipping order 17½c bid, and 17¾@17⅞c asked. Refined—demand quite active for short delivery; prices in sellers favor; we quote at 23½c; sales 13,000 bbls spot at 23@23½c, chiefly at the latter price; 1,200 bbls high test 23¾c; 1,000 bbls May on private terms; 500 bbls last half June 24½c, and 1,000 bbls last half July 24½c.

OIL CITY, May 2.—Market firm and advancing; 47 gravity, on lower creek; $4 15@4 20; Oil City $4 30@4 35.

TITUSVILLE, May 2.—Market firm at $3 95@4 00.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—Market firm; S. W. 23c; May 23½c; June 23½@23¾c; July 24½@24¾c; August 24½c. Crude 13c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, May 2—5 P. M.—First half May, 23c; last half, 23½c; first half June, 23⅝@23¾c; last half 24½c; July, 24½c; August, 25c. Crude, 17½c.

NEW YORK, May 2, 3 P. M.—Market quiet and steady; crude held at 13½c; refined 23½c. No transactions.

ROUSEVILLE, May 2.—Market excited; bidding $4 20; sales at that figure.

PARKER'S LANDING, May 2.—Market quiet; no sales; $4 10 to $4 15 the ruling figures.

OIL CITY, May 2.—Market firm; sales on lower creek $4 26@4 25; offers to sell at $4 40@4 45 at Oil City.

PLEASANTVILLE, May 2.—Market quiet but firm at $3 60.

TITUSVILLE, May 2.—The market is firm and advancing; $4 00 is now bid for spot; no sellers.

TIDIOUTE, May 2.—Market quiet but firm at $4 00. No sales reported.

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Macomber, F & Co	972	Peerless O W	906
Forsythe Refinery	702	Brilliant Oil Works	240
Peerless Oil Works	456	Commercial O W	474
Eagle Oil Works	295	Keystone Refinery	222
Anchor Oil Works	80	Union Refinery	1,158
Riverside Oil Works	160	Spray Oil Works	160
Union Oil Works	480	Riverside Oil Works	302
Fulton, M & Co	74	Wheeler & Co	100
Total			6,782

Crude Oil Received by Allegheny Valley R. R.

Parker, Thompson & Co to Peerless Oil Works, 456 bbls.
O C & A V E R to Forsyth Refinery, 702 bbls.
Lockhart Frew & Co to Brilliant Oil Works, 240 barrels.
J B Barbour to Commercial Oil Works, 474 bbls.
C D Angell to Eagle Oil Works, 295 bbls.
Duncan & Young to Peerless Oil Works, 906 barrels.
Duncan & Young to Keystone Oil Works, 222 bbls.
Bates & G to Macomber, F & Co, 972 barrels.
Bates & G to Anchor Oil Works, 80 barrels.
Bates & G to Union Oil Works, 1,090 barrels.
Duncan & Young to Union Oil Works, 474 bbls.
Wm Stewart to Riverside Oil Works, 462 barrels.
I. Helper to Spray Oil Works, 160 barrels.
Owner to Wheeler & Co, 100 bbls.
J B Barbour to Union Oil Works, 74 barrels.
Duncan & Young to Fulton, Marvin & Co, 74 bbls.

Refined Oil Shipped East by W. P. R. R.

Union Refining & Storing Co, 161 bbls to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.
Kirkpatrick & G, 104 bbls refined to Logan Bros, Philadelphia.
Total, bbls 265

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
TUESDAY, May 2, 1871.

Cattle.

The arrivals of cattle to this time have been fair. There is at present twenty-one car loads in the yards, and but two cars were sold to-day. The number of buyers here are few and are not trying to make any purchases to-day. They represent the Philadelphia and York markets as bad and claim cattle are too high to ship to those markets. Sellers are holding cattle at last week's prices, but none are selling, and it is doubtful if they can succeed in obtaining their figures. Below find quotations at which cattle are held to-day: Extra, 1,200 to 1,500 steers, $6 25; good to prime, 1,100 to 1,200, $6 25 to $6 50; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,100, $5 75 to $6 00; bulls, stags and cows, 800 to 1,500, $4 00 to $5 25; stock steers, 800 to 1,000, $5 00 to $5 75.

Hogs.

The arrivals of hogs were fair to-day. The market is again dull and drooping. On Saturday hogs were active, and a good many sold at an advance of from 10 to 15c over prices of the early part of the week, but this week they have went back to the full extent of the advance and remain at about old quotations: Extra Philadelphia $6 25; good to prime Philadelphia, 225 to 250, $6 00; good to prime New York, 180 to 220, $5 50@5 85.

Sheep.

The arrivals of sheep are rather heavy to-day. The demand is good and prime sell readily at prices fully as good as those of last week. While sheep are selling at good prices still, owing to the heavy run the feeling is not quite so strong; and should the run continue heavy the balance of the week, prices will certainly decline. The following are the rates current to-day for the different grades: Good to prime 85 to 90 lbs., $6 50@7 00; decent to fair, 75 to 80 lbs., $6 00@6 25; mean to common, 70 to 75 lbs., $5 00@5 50; foot rot and scalawags, by the head, $2 00; clipped, $4 00@5 25.

CATTLE.

36	43,500	$6 50			

SHEEP.

336 wool'd	28,650	$7 12	50 wool'd	5,660	$6 00
56 shorn	4,300	5 25	128 wool'd	51,000	7 45
106 do	6,070	5 25	228 shorn	18,140	5 10
80 wooled	8,230	6 75	25 wool'd	2,540	6 50
112 do	10,300	6 00	97 do	9,150	6 00

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Dry goods—Business in all departments inactive, while prices generally rule steady. We quote Indian Orchard double weight brown sheetings 12½c; do C 10½c; do W 9½c; do L 8c; Indian head 13½c; do 48-inch 18c; do 40-inch 16c; do 30-inch 10c; Golden Ridge 8c; Great Falls S 9¼c; Continental C 12½c; Ozark 11½c; Stark A 12c; Wachusetts 12c; do 31-inch 9½c; Pocasset Ganoe 12½c; Indian Orchard corset jeans 10c; Mattawamkeag do 10½c; Laconia 12c; Kearsarge sateen 14c; heavy brown drills 12½c; Massasoit 16c. Printing cloths have been recently in special request, and have been bought up extensively for future delivery by heavy operators at prices ranging from 8 to 7⅝c. British calicoes are in limited request and are steady at from 10 to 11c for fancy styles, the latter rate for select work. Mouseelaines are in limited demand at 18c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, May 2.—Tobacco firm and active; sales of 249 hhds, lugs at $5 00@6 50; common leaf to good cutting $7 10@8 59. Cotton quiet but steady, and stock light; middling 15½c. Flour quiet and firm; extra family $6 00. Wheat and corn in good local demand. Wheat—choice red salable at $1 50. Corn—choice shelled 68c, sacked, delivered at depot. Oats quiet at 62@c, sacked, from store. Rye quiet and firm at $1 05 for prime sacked. Provisions strong, with a consumptive demand; mess pork $18 00. Bacon, packed, 7½@8¼@9¾c; sides, sugar-cured, 15c; do plein 14½c; bulk meats, loose, 6¼@8¼@9c. Lard—prime leaf, in tierces, 11¼c; kegs 12½c. Whisky firm at 88c, but in light supply, and sales small.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, May 2.—Flour firm. Wheat active and advanced 2@3c; No. 8 white Wabash $1 70; white Michigan $1 61; regular do $1 58; amber Michigan $1 40½; No. 1 red Wabash held at $1 45, with $1 43½ offered; No. 2 do $1 39; No. 1 D. and M. red $1 42; No. 2 amber Illinois $1 50. Corn steady; high mixed 60c, closing at 59½c; low do 58½c; no grade 56½c. Oats a shade better; No. 1 54½c; No. 2 53½c; Michigan 54c. Lake freights—dull and unchanged.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, May 2.—Flour—extra spring quiet at $5 70 @5 75. Wheat active and advanced 1c; No 2 $1 27¼; No 1 $1 30. Oats—No 2 steady at 48c. Corn—No 2 mixed nominally 56c. Rye—No 1 85c. Barley dull and nominal. Provisions easier; mess pork $17 75@18 12½.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, May 2.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand at 2@3c better; sales 2,000 bush No. 1 red winter at $1 42; No. 2 do $1 39. Corn firm; high mixed 61c; sales 2 cars on track to arrive this week at 61c. Oats better at 54½c. Crude petroleum dull and nominal at $4 60; refined firm; held at 21c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—Flour heavy; extra family $6 75 @7 25. Wheat quiet; red western $1 55@1 60. Corn firm; yellow 75c; mixed western 74@75c. Oats 64@65c. Crude petroleum 17½c; refined 22½c. Whisky firm at 93c.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, May 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 1 $1 47 bid and $1 48 asked. Corn higher at 63c. Oats firmer at 56c. Potatoes 95c.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, May 2.—Cotton firm; low middling 13c. Bacon—clear sides 10½c; shoulders 7¾c; hams 13c; sugar-cured hams 15c. Lard 12c. Bulk meats—clear ribbed sides 9½c; shoulders 6½c, packed. Corn 70c. Oats 62@70c. Flour $5@8.

COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 2.—Cotton steady at 14½@14⅝c.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, May 2.—Cotton quiet at 14c.

Mobile.

MOBILE, May 2.—Cotton steady at 14½c.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 111¼.

NEW YORK, May 2—P. M.

MONEY

Easy at 4@6 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling Exchange 110⅝.

GOLD.

Gold opened at 111⅜, sold down to 111¼, and closed dull at 111¼. Loans were made at 1@3 per cent. Clearances $35,000,000. Exports to-day $144,000. Shipments for to-morrow are estimated at $500,000.

GOVERNMENTS

Governments continue firm:

Coupons, 1881	117	5-20s, 1867	113⅛
5-20s, 1862, ex-div	111	5-20s, 1868	113⅛
5-20s, 1864, ex-div	111	10-40s	109⅝
5-20s, 1865, ex-div	111	Currency 6s	115⅛
5-20s, 1865, new	113⅛		

STATE SECURITIES

Dull, without decided change:

Missouris	92⅝	Virginias, old	68
Tennessees, old	67	North Carolinas, old	47½
Tennessees, new	67	North Carolinas, new	25
Virginias, new	71		

STOCKS.

The market was dull and barely steady in the morning, with the exception of Reading and Northwestern, which were strong. In the morning the whole market turned on Lake Shore, which declined from 110½ to 108⅞, and afterwards partly recovered the decline. In the afternoon the temper of speculation was affected by the course of Northwest shares which advanced to 86⅝ for common and 98⅞ for preferred, thereby imparting a firm tone to the market generally. The market closed dull and firm, with the exception of Northwest and Pacific Mail, which were active and strong.

W. U. Telegraph	60¼	Rock Island	113
Quicksilver	11⅞	N. J. Central	107⅝
Mariposa	6	St. Paul	62⅜
Preferred	10	Preferred	81¾
Adams Express	81½	Wabash	64⅛
Wells-Fargo Express	42	Preferred	80
Amer'n Express	57	Fort Wayne	98⅝
United States Express	58	Terre Haute	29
Pacific Mail	47¾	Preferred	59
New York Central	99⅝	Chicago and Alton	118
New York Cent. Scrip	94⅝	Preferred	119
Erie	21⅞	Ohio and Mississippi	51⅜
Preferred	44	Cleve., Col. and Cin.	89⅝
Harlem	132½	Burlington and Quincy	
Preferred	135	Lake Shore	109⅝
Reading	110⅞	Illinois Central	134
Michigan Central	122⅞	Union Pacific	29⅝
Cleveland and Pitt'gh	123⅛	Central Pacific Bonds	100⅛
Northwestern	86½	Union	89¼
Northwestern Pref'd	98⅝		

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 2, 1871.

FLOUR—Extra spring quiet and firm at $5 25@6 75.

WHEAT—No 2 spring active and closed at $1 26¾ cash; this afternoon steady.

CORN—No 2 mixed active; closed at 55@55½c; this afternoon dull.

OATS—No 2 firmer at 48@48½c.

RYE—No 2 quiet and firm at 85c.

BARLEY—No 2 dull at 80c.

HIGHWINES—Firm and ½c higher at 89c.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork easier at $17 50 cash and seller May, and $18 00 for June. Lard quiet at 11¼@11¾c cash; shoulders 7½c loose.

HOGS—Active at $5 12½@5 50; receipts 3,000; shipments 2,000.

CATTLE—Dull and active at $4 50@6 50.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Cotton steady; middling upland 14¾c. Flour—demand fair and prices advanced; superfine western and State $5 35@6 00; common to good extra $6 15@6 35; good to choice $6 35@6 80; white western extras $6 80@7 15; Ohio extras $6 35; St. Louis $6 35@9 00. Rye flour and Cornmeal quiet. Whisky quiet at 95½c. Wheat buoyant but unsettled; new spring $1 57; red and amber $1 55@1 57; white western $1 60. Rye, barley and malt quiet. Corn scarce and firm; mixed western 80@81c. Oats firm; western and Ohio 68@70c. Hay and hops unchanged. Coffee firm; Rio at 13½@16½c. Sugar firm; Cuba 9½@9⅝c. Molasses firm; Muscovado 38@42c. Rice, 8½@9c. Pork dull and drooping; mess $18 00@18 12½; prime mess $16 00@16 50. Beef quiet; mess $10 00@15 00; extra $13 50@17 00. Hams $26@29; prime mess $24@28; India $26@29. Cut meats steady; hams 11@13c; shoulders 6¾@7c. Middles dull. Lard easier; prime steam 10¾@11c; kettle dried 11¾c; July 12c. Butter heavy at 11@30c for western; State 15@35c. Cheese heavy at 9@14c.

LATEST—Flour firm at $6 35@6 45 for shipping extras. Wheat firm but no demand; red and amber at $1 55@1 57. Oats steady. Corn firm and prices unchanged. Pork heavy and lower; sales of mess for May at $17 62. Lard dull. Eggs unchanged.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—Cotton steady; middling 14@14¼c. Flour—demand good at full prices, chiefly for lower grades; family $6 25@6 50; extra $6@6 25. Wheat scarce and firm and higher; No 1 red winter $1 37. Corn quiet and unchanged at 57c. Rye dull and declined at 98c@$1. Oats dull but unchanged; No 2 54c. Barley quiet and firm at $1 10@1 15. Groceries—demand good at full prices. Oils quiet and unchanged. Eggs dull and drooping at 15c. Butter heavy receipts depress the market; sales at 23c. Cheese steady; supply better; factory 15@16c. Provisions less firm, but prices unchanged; the demand is not so pressing; pork nominally $18 25; lard 11c; no sales. Bulkmeats saleable shoulders 6¾c; sides 8c; sides, clear rib, 8⅞c; clear 9¼c; there were some sales but mostly held at ⅛@¼c higher. Bacon—saleable shoulders 7¾c; do sides, clear rib, 9⅞c; do clear 9½c for some sales but asking ¼c higher. Hams—sugar cured, dull and a shade lower at 13@15c. Hogs steady at $5 40@5 60. Whisky active and advanced to 88c.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departures from New York.

Seneca	May 3	Liverpool.
Idaho	May 3	Liverpool.
Algeria	May 6	Liverpool.
Manhattan	May 6	Liverpool.
India	May 6	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	May 6	France.
Java	May 10	Liverpool.
Nevada	May 10	Liverpool.
Abyssinia	May 13	Liverpool.
Columbia	May 13	Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Ironton, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

IRONTON, O., May 2, 1871.

Boats passed down to-day: Fleetwood at 5 P. M. Passed up: Ohio No. 4 at 3 P. M. River rising; cloudy and warm.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
Elector	Bougher	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Argosy	Goodwin	Wheeling.
Kate Putman	Evans	Nashville.

Departed.

Chieftain	Phillips	Geneva.
Elector	Bougher	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
West Virginia	Donaldson	Geneva.
Julia No. 2	Stull	Zanesville.

Monongahela five feet ten inches and falling.

This Day's Packets.

Geneva	U. S. mail line	8 A. M., 5 P. M.
Wheeling	Argosy	Goodwin, 3 P. M.
Cincinnati	Juniata	Brennan, 4 P. M.

Boats Announced.

St. Louis	Mary Davage	Motherall, May 4.
Nashville	Kate Putman	Evans, May 4.

THE marks last evening indicated five feet ten inches and falling. Business in the vicinity of the landing was dull. Freights were not plenty. In the evening we had rain.

[From Our River Correspondence.]

STEAMER KATE PUTNAM, May 2, 1871.

MEMORANDA.—Left Cincinnati April 28, at 5 P. M.; met river rising at Portsmouth; 29th, passed Collier and barges at Ashland, Comet and barges at Burlington; 30th, passed Blue Lodge and Wannita at Ground Hog, found four feet ten inches at Buffington, passed Jas. Gilmore with loaded barges at Mustapha, passed Friendship at head of Carpenter, Diamond at head of Brothers; May 1, met Coal Hill at Sunfish at 10 A. M., Rover and barges at Lockwood's at 12 M., Sam Roberts at Moundsville at 12:15, Wm. Stone and Coal Valley at head of Little Grave creek at 12:30, Wild Duck at Kate's Rock at 12:45, John F. Dravo at foot of Wheeling Island at 2 P. M., Coal Bluff at Cross creek at 7 P. M., Arlington at New Cumberland at 10 P. M.; arrived at Pittsburgh May 2, at 10:30 A. M. S.

THE steamer Wauanita, Capt. Reese, is due.

THE favorite packet Julia No. 2, Capt. Stull, left for Zanesville with a fair trip.

THANKS.—We are indebted to Captain William H. Dorsey for favors.

THE wharf committee is engaged in revising the wharfage ordinance of Evansville. Good.

THE steamer Lorena, Capt. Shuman, is due from Cincinnati.

THE fine towboat Mary Davage, Capt. Motherall, is announced for St. Louis. She will have dispatch.

AMONG the first boats due are the Comet, Captain Hare, and Collier, Captain Shedden.

THE splendid side wheel packet Juniata, Captain C. L. Brennan, will leave for Cincinnati on her regular day.

THE steamer Silver Moon has made her last trip in the Memphis trade. She will be dismantled and her machinery be placed in a new boat.

THE steamer Arkansas had carried out of Arkansas, up to April 23, 12,556 bales cotton, and had then engaged 1,500 bales for her seventh trip.

THE steamer St. Charles, Captain C. A. Dravo, left Cincinnati for this port on Tuesday. She will return from here on Saturday.

THE town of St. Aubert, on the Missouri, has been shut off by a bar, so that boats cannot land there, but deposit freight on the opposite shore.

THE United States mail packets on the slack-water leave daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. These boats, all side-wheelers, built expressly for the trade, are in charge of experienced and attentive officers.

THE steamers Fontinelle and Nile will run regularly during the coming season between Atchison and Omaha. A third boat will be added to the line if the business proves to be such as to justify it.

THE Wheeling packet for this day is the steamer Argosy, Captain Goodwin; 3 P. M. is the hour of departure. The first Clerk is Mr. C. B. Russell, a very gentlemanly officer.

OFFICIAL SURVEY OF THE OHIO RIVER FROM PITTSBURGH TO CAIRO.—At the request of our river friends we have published a third edition of this important table, with various improvements. It can be obtained at the COMMERCIAL office at ten cents per copy, or three copies for twenty-five cents.

THE Big Sandy Packet Company raised the little steamer Piketon, recently sunk at Ironton by the Fleetwood, at their own expense, and paid her owners $1,250 damages. We understand she will be wrecked and her machinery placed in a new boat.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—The contracts for the completion of the lower and middle locks of the Mississippi River Rapids improvement were let at Keokuk yesterday. Mr. Swartz, of Keokuk, received the contract for the lower lock, at $103,000, and Mr. Johnson, of Fulton, New York, the middle lock, at $104,000.

PASSENGERS and shippers will do well to remember that the splendid sidewheeler Juniata, Captain C. L. Brennan, is receiving for Cincinnati and way points, and will positively take her departure on her regular day. Passengers who have traveled on the Juniata speak in flattering terms of her appointments.

ON the last trip of the New State, a deer was observed swimming across the river, near Upper Newport. A boat was lowered, and chase was given by the New State's boat, and, after a sharp contest, the deer was captured and taken on board the steamer.

CAPTAINS NANSON AND SHAW, of St. Louis, have been in Atchison, Kansas, for several days, making arrangements for the new line of packets to run between that city and Omaha, in connection with the Missouri Pacific road. They are having large freight houses built on the river bank.

MONDAY'S Cincinnati *Gazette* says: To-day rates of freight from Louisville to New Orleans will be advanced as follows: Heavy pound freight, 30 and 45 cents; light freight, 50 and 65 cents; pork, 75 cents and $1; whisky, $1 75 and $2 25; mules, $8; horses, $10.

THE fine steamer Kate Putnam, Capt. Evans, is announced for Louisville, Evansville and Nashville. This boat runs regularly in the trade, has fine accommodations and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. Mr. Wm. Harbison, who has charge of the office, will see that passengers have the best of attention.

THE mammoth wharf-boat constructed for the E. Ky. R. R. Co., for their landing at Riverton, by Henry Fry, of Cheshire, Ohio, was successfully launched on Saturday the 22d inst. Its dimensions are as follows: Length, 150 feet; width, 25 feet; depth, 4 feet 8 inches. It has two full length kelsons, and will have, when completed, a cargo-box 115 feet long, and fitted out with capstans, spars, block and tackle.

MONDAY'S Cincinnati *Commercial* says: A car load of whale oil, a through shipment from California, arrived on Friday, and was sold forthwith at a reasonable profit. There were four thousand gallons in the lot, shipped in bulk. The repairs to the St. Charles have been completed, and she will depart for Pittsburgh on Tuesday evening. The new packet for the Portsmouth Packet Company will be launched from Litherbury's yard in about two weeks. The huge towboat for the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, building at the Marine Ways, is nearly all planked up.

WINONA.—The *Republican* says: Negotiations which have been in progress in this city for several days past were concluded on Friday, and the papers to the contract were formally signed, by which Mr. Henry Eames, of St. Paul, representing the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad, has chartered of Mr. John Robson, of this city, the powerful towboat Imperial, of the Red Line, and six barges, to run in the grain trade from Winona, carrying wheat and other grain to St. Paul and Stillwater, to be shipped thence over the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad to Duluth, and thence by the lakes to the East. The contract is to go into effect between the 10th and 20th of May. In the meantime an elevator is to be constructed at Stillwater, so that when the water is too low to permit the Imperial to go to St. Paul she will run directly to Stillwater and unload.

THE St. Louis *Republican* says: About twenty years ago a boat loaded with iron for the Terre Haute & Richmond Railroad Company foundered in a gale on the canal at the former place, the cargo very naturally taking the noble bark quickly to the bottom. With the aid of such primitive apparatus as existed in the village all the bars, with the exception of seventeen were recovered, and on Wednesday last, as a force was engaged in cleaning out the old ditch, these were found and turned over to the Vandalia line in as good condition as when lost in 1851.

NEW ORLEANS.—The *Times* says: Nicholas Bouchman for the use, &c., vs. Harry McComas. The facts of this case are these: In October, 1870, the plaintiff in this case rented from Capt. McComas the bar privileges of the steamer Julia A. Rudolph for the term of one year, paying in advance the price of the same for eight months. Subsequently, in January, 1871, the steamer was burned and proved a total loss. Bouchman recovered from the New Orleans Insurance Company the amount for which his bar privilege was insured, and then demanded of McComas the return of rent for the unexpired term of his lease, to-wit: five months. This McComas refused to do, when the present suit was brought to recover the same. The case was tried by a jury and a verdict has been rendered in favor of plaintiff for full amount claimed, $1,662 50.

THE New Orleans *Republican* publishes the particulars of the burning of the Belle of Alton at that city on the 28th of March, and introduces the following statement of Joseph Nixon, her former mate; Nixon had only been under arrest a short time when he requested to be brought before the superintendent of police; that he desired to make a clear and voluntary statement of the whole facts in connection with the burning of the steamer Belle of Alton. He stated that William Marsh, an engineer, had said he was part owner of the boat, approached him on the 27th, and said: "I wish this boat was burned; she is eating herself up, and I have some money in her, and that is the only way I can get it." Marsh asked Nixon to do the work, stating that the old man (meaning the captain) wants it done, and so does the rest of them (meaning the other owners.) Nixon declined, saying that was a job he did not like; that he had better get somebody else. Marsh replied no, that he had known Nixon many years, and had full confidence in him, and that he would pay him three hundred dollars as soon as the work was done. Nixon agreed. The next day the captain had his effects moved off the boat, and the books were carried ashore. Then Mr. Marsh said to Nixon: "Let her go to-night." That night between three and four A. M. Nixon set the boat on fire abaft the ladies cabin. The fire spread rapidly. Nixon ran to the texas to get some clothing. Then he ran and got a bucket and threw some water on the fire, to make a show as if trying to put out the fire. He then went down stairs, where he met the watchman, who, he says, was awake and on duty. The next morning at ten o'clock the captain visited the wreck of the boat, and said: "She is gone, is she? Where did she catch?" After making these remarks he walked off. The next day Marsh gave Nixon one hundred dollars, and told him he would give him the other two hundred dollars very soon; but Marsh went off to St. Louis and arrested him. Captain Bruner made fast time to St. Louis so. He was there time enough to have an interview with Marsh as soon as the latter was arrested.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Per Pennsylvania Railroad.

THROUGH.

Arbuckles Co, 190 bbls fish. Tubbes & Bro, 78 bxs groceries. Corr, McC Co, 5 bxs steel. Flemming, A Co, 59 pkgs tin and h ware. Johnston & Collins, 57 pkgs groceries. H L Farnestock Co, 24 bxs drugs, &c. Haworth & D, 1 bx hats, 29 pkgs grocer s. G A Kelley, 16 bbls and bxs drugs. McCandless, G Co, 5 bxs mdse. B Reymer & Bro, 65 bbls and bxs groceries. J S Dilworth Co, 20 bbls fish, 76 pkgs mdse. Head & M, 36 bxs, 7 bxs drugs, 28 sks soap. M Hanlon, 40 sks groceries. McElroy, D Co, 4 bales d goods. Pitts Steel Works, 76 tyres. J Porterfield Co, 44 pkgs groceries. J Seifreth Co, 8 casks tin, 1 bbl liquor. S Siebert, 40 bxs starch. Schwartz & H, 1 bx drugs. F R Sellers Co, 8 bxs rubber goods. Adams & Co, 164 boxes h ware, 1 do mdse, 1 bale do. H Baird, 10 bhds and 22 bxs sugar. Reuben Miller, jr, 2 bxs mdse, 1 bg seed. Bailey, F & Co, 28 pkgs tin, 1 kg do, 1 bbl ware. Carter Bro & Co, 2 bxs d goods. Harris & Ewing, 4 bbls limestone, 1 bx drugs. Hubbard, S & Co, 3 cir plates. Kramer & V, 1 csk and 1 bbl cherries, 1 bbl bananas. J H Lippincott, 4 bdls sheet iron. H Means, 1 bx mdse. J Renshaw, 1 bx bags, 1 bag cassia, &c. Dravo & Reed, 1 bx mdse. J B Sheridan Co, 25 bales oakum. Steele & Bro, 10 bxs soap, 25 do sardines. Atwell & Lee, 1 bbl blacking. Citizens W Lead Wks, 7 bbls paint. P D Chick, 30 bales oakum. Cunningham & Co, 2 boxes drugs. W Cooper & Co, 23 bxs raisins. J Conner, 10 bxs soap. J B Dunlevy, 1 bx h ware. Dilworth, Harper & Co, 100 bxs soap. England & B, 5 bxs tea. Freeman & Co, 120 bxs soap. W Fance & Son, 5 bxs herring, 25 do fruit. Gill & Bidwell, 10 bxs pig iron. Hostetter & Smith, 12 bxs syrup. Jones & Laughlin, 25 boxes fruit. S McCrickett & Co, 3 bbls liquor. G & C Magnum, 60 bxs oranges. Mackey, McG & Co, 1 bx soap. Park, Bro & Co, 48 bbls blood. C Reed, 65 cases cigars. Rinehart & S, 48 bbls blood. M W Rankin & Bros, 20 bbls fish. Singer, Nimick & Co, 15 casks crucibles. J P Shriver & Co, 10 bags rice. Schwabacker & Co, 1 bdl castings. J P Smith, Son & Co, 3 bxs tin ware. Watt, Lang & Co, 20 bbls fish. Vogt & Co, 5 bxs tin. W Thomson & Co, 10 bxs soap. M W Rankin, 1 bbl yarn. J A Reed, 3 bxs cheese, 5 pots and 1 bbl tin. S Knapp, 1 bx glassware. J Kerr, 1 bx waste. Clark, Bros & Co, 5 pcs pig. H Shoenberger, 1 bx tea. W McKnight, Jr, 1 bbl plumbago. J W Johnston, 5 half bbls mdse. Frankheim & Co, 1 bx hats. Dillinger & S, 11 bbls liquor. Reitz, Walker & Co, 2 bxs h ware. W S Hall, 1 bx tea.

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Dunlap & S, 2 rolls carpet, 3 bxs d goods. W Semple 2 cases do do. A W Ervin, 6 do do. Boggs & B, 3 do do. J Keller, 10 bxs soap, 15 bbls currants, 1 do pickles. McCracken, Vau M & Co, 6 rolls carpet. Mertz & Bro, 2 bxs cards. S Rosenthal, 1 roll carpet. P Schwartz, 1 bxs cigars. W Sedden, 14 bbls sugar. Ralliff & Brown, 2 bxs ware. Workman & D, 1 case steel. W J Williams, 2 cases soda ash, 1 bbl do dust. F Gertzmyer, 1 case oil cloth. Russel & K, 1 bx dry goods. Mrs M Spratt, 10 rolls wall paper. S Moon & Co, 7 boxes tea. W H Brill, 5 bx oranges. A Ottolt, 1 bx h ware. Martin & S, 1 bx shoes. J Cowley, 1 bx e nuts. J H Woolertons, 3 bx shoes. A Ardell & Co, 2 bales mdse. J Rice & Co, 2 bx shoes. McCatcheon, 1 bx axes, 2 do tin. Garvin & L, 2 if wire. M J Arnold, 1 bx books. J H Brill, 1 bx drugs. W Brown & Co, 1 bx h ware, 1 bbl in cups. G Huss, 2 bbls soda. F Mayer, 1 bx shoes. W S H Gerber, 1 bale d goods. C Zeiss, 2 bxs shoes. W Veisek, 1 bx shoes. H W Jenkins, 6 bx sugar. S M Becker, 1 bx mdse. Becker, Ross & Co, 3 bx tin. M Fire & Bro, 1 bale d goods. H Wheeler, 1 bbl zinc. J O'Donnell, 1 bx tea. J Schute, 2 bxs do. G B Johnston, 1 box d goods. J Keumour, 2 bags coffee. Boggs & L, 7 blocks marble. Holmes, B & Co, 1 case mdse. Mercer & B, 3 bbls sugar. J Hughes, 2 bxs h ware. J Schneider & Co, 3 bxs d goods. W Thursby & Co, 1 roll carpet. H L Rhue, 3 bxs d goods. Lane & M, 1 bx mdse. T Beymeyer, 3 bxes groc. M Ermine, 1 bbl sugar. W Schneider & Co, 1 bx shoes. H Wilhelm, 1 bale cords. J Ulrich, 3 bdls shovels. J M Eccles, 1 bx mdse. S Groves & Son, 1 bx d goods. O Mankedick, 2 bxs d goods. Henry Daub, 1 bale wood.

LOCAL.

Watt, Lang and Co, 17 bxs potatoes. Maloney and Langhan, 6 bxs 1 bbl s iron. Bruggeman and O'B, 13 sks potatoes. DeLange and Co, 9 rolls leather. Kramer and B, 1 bx mdse. Thos McAuliffe, 4 bbls scrap iron. Arbuckles and Co, 1 bg coffee. R and M McGraw, 2 s machines. J Schwelnhart, 1 bbl bottles. G Fox, 2 bbls eggs. McBane and Anjer, 161 bxs axes. Hanck, J and Co, 8 sks potatoes. A Garrison, 1 iron kettle. G Carter, 5 sks oats. G H Anderson, 15 rolls leather. J Flack, 160 bdls s boards. J H Lippencott, 4 sks seed. B Pilaum, 2 rolls leather. Scott and Gisal, 11 sks rye.

THROUGH FREIGHT FROM NEW YORK.

Armstrong Bro & Co, 64 bales cork. Reymer Bros, 100 bxs fruit. Samuel H Baird, 10 hlf chests tea. Atwell & Lee, 12 hlf chests tea, 3 bbls currants. Shipton & Wallace, 11 bbls syrup, 9 hlf chests tea. Arbuckle & Co, 10 bbls syrup, 1 cask prunes. W Haslage & Co, 12 bbls oil, 87 bags coffee. A & D H Chambers, 3 casks soda ash.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Superior Lumber Co, 1 car lumber. Hill & P, 1 do do. W J McMaster, 1 do do. R A Clarke & Co, 1 do do. Jas Noel, 1 do shingles. G W Canfield, 1 do do. D Garson, 1 do lumber. J Moorehead, 514 blooms. F Alden, 1 car stone. H Gerwig & S, 27 bales hemp. Dilworth, H & Co, 5 bbls d peaches. J Rose, 34 sks barley. Flack & Co, 139 sks potatoes. J M Irwin & Co, 5 bbls b dough. John Porterfield & Co, 50 bxs soap. S P Shriver & Co, 105 bbls fish. Watt, Lang & Co, 30 do do. P Duff & Son, 10 bbls fish. D Bly, 7 bbls eggs. W Vangorder & S, 50 sks potatoes. M W Rankin, 5 kegs butter, 1 bbl eggs. Moorehead & A, 17 bbls knobs. Jones, Nimick & Co, 10 sks potatoes. Fairbanks, M & Co, 10 bxs scales. Voigt, M & Co, 5 kegs butter. Hamilton, L, A & Co, 6 bales excelsior. J A Graff, 4 bbls butter, 5 do pickles.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad.

J W Bomgardner, 1 car corn. J A Graff, 1 tub butter. Hitchcock, M & Co, 6 bbls eggs. Van Fossen & S, 10 bbls eggs. Gilmore & Co, 41 sks wheat. Marshall, K & W, 46 do do. Keil & Riccart, 28 sks oats. W H Graff, 7 bbls eggs. Brugeman & O'B, 5 do do. Grover & Baker S W Co, 2 s machines. Price & Stewart, 2 do do. W B Hays & Son, 50 tcs hams. Scott & Gisal, 1 car corn. T F Railp & Co, 1 crate s ware, 6 bbls g ware. Whitemore, Wolf, D & A, 2 dog hams. John Porkerfield & Co, 25 bxs flour. Singer, Nimick & Co, 1 car slabs, steel. A & D H Chambers, 5 bbls stone ware. R T Weddle, 25 bxs tobacco, 30 pails do. Logan, Gregg Co, 4 bags faucets. Jas Mills & Sons, 15 bxs soap. Pretzfield Bros, 11 bags feathers. Head & Metzgar, 13 do do. S B Floyd Co, 2 cases do. Wm Means, 2 bxs candles. S B Floyd & Co, 1 car potatoes. Thos Cavanough, 1 lot h h goods. C A Stine Co, 205 sacks bitters. A & D H Chambers, 3 bxs glass. G Co, 35 bbls eggs. Myers, Warner & Co, 10 bbls crude oil. A Diefe, 100 bbls cre oil. J Hammitt & Son, 129 hides. Casper Wilhelm, 1 car scrap iron. J Painter & Son, 1 car staves. Wm Hastings, 1 do do.

Per Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. R.

7 bbls tallow, 25 do becon. S H Baird, 2 bxs bacon. H Rea, 40 bbls flour, 1 bxs do, Walker & Son. 16 bbls hngs, Armstrong Bros, 1 car potatoes, J W Fife. 45 sks rags, J Dunlap. 58 sks wool, Hahn & Bro. 2 car flour, 2 do do. Penna'a Salt. Spang, Chalfant & Co, 3 bxs steel. 58 bdls shovels, Myers & A. 3 rolls lea, Flaccus & S. 5 pkgs butter, 2 do bacon, W D Cooper. 1 csk and 1 bx cheese. 129 sks potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co. 1 sck cheese, Woodside & Co. 7 pkgs potatoes, Bouck, Jamison & Co. 7 do eggs, H Riddle & Son. 12 tubs butter, P Duff & Son. 10 half bbls fish. S P Shriver & Co. 7 pkgs alcohol, Harris & Ewing. 25 bbls spirits, Littell & M. 4 crs lead, B L Fahnestock & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION.

Wm McKee & Co, 1 car wheat. F Gleason, 1 car glue. J R Holmes, 1 car lime. L Mutzig, 1 roll hemp picking. B Gaskill, 1 box. F Owens, 4 bags potatoes. Walter Simmons & Co, 5 boxes steel. L Papperhimer, 2 boxes steel. S M Cummings, 6 bdls scoops. Frazier, M & Co, 22 bdls paper. Edward Cowling, 1 bureau. L & W Cart, 24 bbls McKnight, 10 bbls flour. Edward Cowling, 3 bdls scoops. Lewis Bailey, Dalzell & Co, 3 cars metal. Hahn & Bro, 20 sacks flour. W Stewart, 20 sacks flour, 8 sacks meal. W P Townsend, 10 casks rivets. G Comley, 3 sks eggs. 30 sks flour. J H Elton, 8 pails tobacco. J W Gerdes, 9 bdls wire. La Croix & Armstrong, 1 car bulk wheat. J M Hemphill, 1 car staves. John May, 14 bags feed. Robinson, 7 bags feed. Wm Neely, 3 sks flour. A McDonald, 3 bags flour, 2 do bran. Spang, Chalfant & Co, 4 cars metal. Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 3 cars metal. Lewis Bailey, Dalzell & Co, 3 cars metal. Graff, Bennett & Co, 4 cars metal. C C McMillen, 2 cars stove pipe. Ripley & Becker, 1 car mill feed. James Alexander, 23 bales husks. J K Shinn, 1 car lime. Superior Iron Co, 6 cars limestone. Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 1 car metal. S M Cummings, 1 bdl scoops. S Bradley & Son, 8 bbls flour. Bukken, 111 green hides. R Carson, 6 bbls brady, 4 bbls gin, 3 bbls whisky. Price, Stewart & Co, 1 bx scives. A W Erwin & Co, 1 bx sundries. H Meyers, 2 bxs butter, 5 bbls eggs. McFerron Bros, 2 bbls eggs. C H Schwarberg & Co, 2 bxs, 1 tub lard. John Sterritt, 1 sk beeswax. F Owens, 18 bbls apples. Robt Knox, 1 car stone. F Agnow, 2 bbls flour. B Brown, 1 bales twine. A J Nellis, 3 bxs bur block.

Per Western Pennsylvania R. R.

Reed Bro, 2 cars lumber. L S Morrison, 2 do do. Spang, Chalfant Co, 2 do metal. Penn'a Salt Mfg Co, 3 cars mdse. Vodghtly, Knapp Co, 50 sks oats. Jenkins & Bro, 1 bag d peaches. C C Beggs Co, 52 bbls flour.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

85 bbls sugar, 37 do syrup, 25 bxs rices, Arbuckles & Co. 3 bbls sugar, John Daub, 1 bx sundries, F Kobhendorfer. 3 bbls liquor, J G Walters. 10 bbls sugar, R D Clarke & Co. 25 bbls sugar, Carter Bros. 30 bbls rice. G W Martin, 35 sacks feed. Bricker & Co. 35 bbls sugar, Seghmyer & V. 25 do do, Haworth & D. 10 do do, J Stewart, 10 do do. J S Dilworth & Co, 25 do do. S Ewart & Co, 25 do do. J S Dilworth & Co, 10 do do. Shipton & Wallace, 20 do do, Reymer Bro, 10 do do. Head & M, 50 bxs jellies, Reymer Bro, 60 bbls pitch, J Updegreff, 10 do do, W M Rankin & Bro. 55 do do. R E Sellers & Co.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

John Gangwich, 45 sks oats. Freeman & B, 1 car wheat. Stentz & Wentzel, 18 bbls flour. A J Blanchard, 1 bbl butter. H Bruggeman, 4 do do, 6 bbls eggs. W H Kirkpatrick, 2 do do. Owners, 41 pkgs eggs, 33 do butter. J Dietz, 11 sks oats, 25 do corn. McCulloch, S & Co, 17 sks rags. Henderson Bros, 1 car lime.

Brownsville and Geneva.

PER STEAMER E. BENNETT.

A S Carlile, 1 bee hive, 200 bdls 1 boards, 5 sks wool, 50 sks wheat.

PER STEAMER ELECTOR.

A S Carlile, 10 bbls whisky. F H Oliphant, 13 pkgs mdse. L S Laton, 1 cage, 1 bx tea. J W McCracken, 1 bx bedding. Beck, 6 doz eggs. Thos Lloyd, 1 sack chickens, 1 crate turkeys, 19 sks oats, 4 do rye, 2 do corn, 15 do wool. Charles Reis, 3 bbls vinegar, 10 sks seed. W D Cooper & Bro, 645 gallons s ware. Wm McKee & Co, 30 sks wheat. Gilmore & Co, 33 do do. Kiel & Chubert, 30 sks oats. H W Buffum, 1 bx butter. J D McCaffery, 16 sks oats. Wm Rankin, 1 bx bacon. B H L Hogs. Wm Lepper, 9 bxs butter and eggs. Marshall, Kennedy & Co, 150 sks wheat. E F Weaver, 1 bbl oil. Augustine, 1 bbl whisky. A Walker, 40 bbls sk boards. C Shinnlin, 26 bbls whisky, 8 kegs tallow. R C Schmertz, 256 bxs glass. Owner, lot sundries.

Nashville.

PER STEAMER KATE PUTNAM.

Brown & Co, 29 bbls scrap iron, 4 hhds do, 37 pieces, 20 sheets do. C A Boucher, lot furniture. Jno Bernhard, 1 lot do. Isaiah Dickey, 14 bales cotton, 15 bales broom corn, 25 hhds old iron, 11 pcs scrap do, 7 sks feathers, 5 bags nuts, 5 do peaches. Owner, 6 bales broom corn. Hall & Speer, 13 moldboards. Lemon & Weiser, lot furniture. W J Meek, 5 bbls brandy, 1 bx. Bros & Co, 8 bbls whisky. McKee Bros, 2 bxs g ware. W McCully & Co, 10 bxs jars. S Millikan & Son, lot furniture. J W Porter, 100 tons pig metal. Capt J L Rhodes, 250 feet cedar plank, 141 pieces do. Spencer & McKay, 144 bale bbls. J W Thursby & Co, 16 sks flax seed.

Morgantown.

PER STEAMER WEST VIRGINIA.

S R Patterson, 2 bxs middlings, 6 bls hay. T F Chalfant, 32 sks flour. J Pettit & Co, 32 sks flour. McCracken & Bro, 32 sks flour, 18 sks oats. J Herdman & Son, 2 bgs do, 20 do chickens. S M Marvin, 20 pcs corn. Byrne & Mills, 28 bxs eggs. Cooper & Bro, 200 gallons stoneware. Marshall, Kennedy & Co, 65 sks wheat. S Brown, 61 sks oats. J Eaton, 2 cps chickens, 2 bbls eggs. J M Ross, 42 sks wheat, 25 do oats, 2 kgs lard. J Brush, 18 sks wheat. P Duff & Sons, 10 bbls eggs. R H Floyd, 15 sks oats, 2 do wheat. 10 do do. W Floyd, 7 sks do. R Leonard, 22 sks corn. J W Buffum, 15 bkts eggs. Maher & Picking, 24 mt bxs. E Arnold, 4 bbls galls. W Flaccus & Son, 1 bdl pelts, 1 do tails. R Walk, 31 sks flax seed.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	20	Moorhead & Co, m	1
Hailman & H, m	3	Spang & Co, m	1
Byers, McC & Co, m	1	Lindsay & McC, m	1
Graff, Bennett & Co, m	4	Lewis, O & P, m	8
Pitts Forge Co, m	1		
Total			46

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

	Cars.		
Nimick & Co, m	2		

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, b	2	Pitts Bolt Co, o	1
Nimick & Co, m	2	Everson & Preston, o	1
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	14		
Total			22

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Brown & Co, m	2	Lewis, O & P, m	1
Total			3

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

J Reamer, m	5

VENTURE PATTERN WORKS,

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TWENTIETH STREET, NEAR PENN STREET.

PATTERNS and MODELS of all descriptions, made promptly, at reasonable rates.

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

Compound Fluid

EXTRACT CATAWBA

GRAPE PILLS!

COMPONENT PARTS—FLUID EXTRACT RHUBARB AND FLUID EXTRACT CATAWBA GRAPE JUICE.

FOR LIVER COMPLAINTS, JAUNDICE, BILIOUS AFFECTIONS, SICK OR NERVOUS HEADACHE, COSTIVENESS, ETC. PURELY VEGETABLE, CONTAINING NO MERCURY, MINERALS OR DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

H

These Pills are a pleasant purgative, superseding castor oil, salts, magnesia, etc. There is nothing more acceptable to the stomach. They give tone, and cause neither nausea nor griping pains. They are composed of the *finest ingredients*. After a few days' use of them, such an invigoration of the entire system takes place as to appear miraculous to the weak and enervated. H. T. Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract Catawba Grape Pills are not sugar coated; sugar-coated Pills pass through the stomach without dissolving, consequently do not produce the desired effect. The CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS being pleasant in taste and odor, do not necessitate their being sugar-coated, and are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are not Patent Medicines.

E

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla.

Will radically exterminate from the system Scrofula, Syphilis, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Sore Legs, Sore Mouth, Sore Head, Bronchitis, Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Cankers, Runnings from the Ear, White Swellings, Tumors, Cancerous Affections, Nodes, Rickets, Glandular Swellings, Night Sweats, Rash, Tetter, Humors of all kinds, Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all diseases that have been established in the system for years.

L

Being prepared expressly for the above complaints, its blood-purifying properties are greater than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla. It gives the complexion a clear and healthy color and restores the patient to a state of health and purity. For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Erysipelas and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, and Beautifying the Complexion.

M

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED

Fluid Extract Buchu,

THE GREAT DIURETIC.

Has cured every case of DIABETES in which it has been given. Irritation of the neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brickdust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption of the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, etc.

Used by persons from the ages of eighteen to twenty-five and from thirty-five to fifty-five, or in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains; bed-wetting in children.

B

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is Diuretic and Blood Purifying, and Cures all Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, Excesses and Imprudences in Life, Impurities of the Blood, etc., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, and Syphilitic Affections—in these diseases used in connection with HELMBOLD'S ROSE WASH.

LADIES.

In many affections peculiar to Ladies, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy—as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion or habits of Dissipation. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes and all ages.

O

H. T. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

CURES DISEASES ARISING FROM IMPRUDENCES, HABITS OF DISSIPATION, ETC.,

In all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

L

HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Cannot be surpassed as a Face Wash, and will be found the only specific remedy in every species of Cutaneous Affection. It speedily eradicates Pimples, Spots, Scorbutic Dryness, Indurations of the Cutaneous Membrane, etc., dispels Redness and Incipient Inflammation, Hives, Rash, Moth Patches, Dryness of Scalp or Skin, Frost Bites and all purposes for which Salves or Ointments are used; restores the skin to a state of purity and softness, and insures continued healthy action to the tissue of its vessels, on which depends the agreeable clearness and vivacity of complexion so much sought and admired. But however valuable as a remedy for existing defects of the skin, H. T. Helmbold's Rose Wash has long sustained its principal claim to unbounded patronage by possessing qualities which render it a Toilet Appendage of the most Superlative and Congenial character, combining in an elegant formula those prominent requisites, Safety and efficacy—the invariable accompaniments of its use—as a Preservative and Refresher of the Complexion. It is an excellent Lotion for diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection for diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dissipation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu, Sarsaparilla and Catawba Grape Pills, in such diseases as recommended, cannot be surpassed.

D

Full and explicit directions accompany the medicines.

Evidences of the most responsible and reliable character furnished on application, with hundreds of thousands of living witnesses, and upward of 30,000 unsolicited certificates and recommendatory letters, many of which are from the highest sources, including eminent Physicians, Clergymen, Statesmen, etc. The proprietor has never resorted to their publication in the newspapers; he does not do this from the fact that his articles rank as Standard Preparations, and do not need to be propped up by certificates.

Henry T. Helmbold's Genuine Preparations

Delivered to any address. Secure from observation. Established upward of Twenty Years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Address letters for information, in confidence, to HENRY T. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist.

Only Depots: H. T. HELMBOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No. 594 Broadway, New York, or to H. T. Helmbold's Medical Depot, 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for HENRY T. HELMBOLD'S! Take no other. MWF

ROOFING.

AIKEN & CO.,

Dealers in Peach Hill, Vermont and Peach Bottom Roofing

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CORNER ELEVENTH AND LIBERTY STREETS, Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.

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DISTILLERS OF

COAL TAR,

Roofing and Paving Material

GRAVEL ROOFING done with promptness and warranted.
METAL AND OTHER ROOFS RECOVERED.
Roofs examined without charge. Material for sale with directions for use.
Special attention paid to Country Work. MWS

SLATE

AND

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C. A. DRAVO .... Commander.
W. S. DRAVO .... Clerk.

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Woods & Brown,

Successors to John Hall & Co.,
Manufacturers of Plows, Castings and Points,
No. 121 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders solicited.

THE VERY LATEST.

CIVIL WAR.

The Struggle for Fort Issy.

Hard Fighting and Heavy Losses.

REPULSE OF THE VERSAILLISTS.

Important Movements in Progress.

Another Attack on Neuilly Expected.

Reported Capture of Gen. Dombrowski—Issy Not Occupied by Versaillists—Hard Fighting and Heavy Losses.

PARIS, afternoon, May 2.—The report that General Dombrowski has been taken prisoner is not confirmed.

The Versaillists have at no time occupied Issy. After the desertion of the garrison, the volunteers raised by the Commune issued from the city, and not only reoccupied the fort which they found empty, but after a hard fight and great sacrifice of lives, drove the enemy from the trenches, carried one of their barricades and regained possession of the Cemetery of Issy. They made an attempt to retake Les Montineaux, but failed, losing heavily in killed and wounded. Every effort will be made to hold Fort Issy, but should its capture appear inevitable, it will be blown up.

PARIS, Evening, May 2.—New works are being constructed around Issy, rendering the fort more formidable than ever. The enemy's fire to-day has been mainly directed against Porte des Sterns and Levallois.

A Breach Made in Issy—Important Movements in Progress.

VERSAILLES, Evening, May 2.—Cannonading is going on along the whole line. A breach has been made in the walls of Issy.

In the Assembly to-day Picard stated that important operations were now in progress, and most important results anticipated.

Another Attack on Neuilly Expected.

PARIS, May 2.—A French attack on Neuilly is expected, and reinforcements have been sent there.

Scaffolding has been erected around the column in the Place Vendome. Labor on the internal defenses is ceaseless.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE

Corporation of Alsace and Lorraine with the German Empire.

BERLIN, May 2.—In the German Parliament today, on the bill for the corporation of Alsace and Lorraine with the German Empire, Prince Bismarck said: During the late war the foreign powers proposed the neutralization of Alsace and Lorraine, but that would be insufficient for Germany and could not be thought of. As to the inhabitants being still averse to their Fatherland, said the Prince in conclusion: "We shall strive to win them back." The bill was referred to the Committee.

The Peace Negotiations.

The Prussian *Cross Gazette* denies that negotiations for a treaty of peace with France are to be transferred from Brussels to Berlin.

The *North German Gazette* says the German plenipotentiaries at Brussels have proposed the payment of five milliards by France in quarterly instalments, beginning June 2, 1871, ending March 2, 1874, the payments to be made in gold or its equivalent. The French Envoys have offered to pay the first milliard in cash and the remainder in rentes, convertible later. Fortunately the German armies hold possession of sufficient territory of France to secure payment in accordance with the preliminary terms of peace, should no other agreement be arrived at.

Festival in Madrid.

MADRID, May 2.—A festival was given to-day in commemoration of the rising against the French in 1808. The King and Queen took part in the ceremonies. A slight disturbance was created by the Republicans, but easily repressed. Several arrests were made.

Parliament—Cheap Ocean Postage Defeated.

LONDON, May 2.—In the Chamber of Peers tonight, Lords Kimberly, Russell and Grey criticised the Whig administration in Ireland, which was ably defended by Earl Granville.

In the House of Commons there was an interesting debate on ocean postage. Mr. Seeley moved a resolve that the Postmaster General should make arrangements with the United States for a reduction of the rate of postage on letters between England and America to one penny. He pointed out the importance of such a reduction to the commercial and poorer classes, and urged that it would serve to strengthen the ties between the two nations. Messrs. Mundella and Heron followed in support of the resolve. Mr. Monsell, Postmaster General, thought that pending the present contracts with ocean steamship lines, a reduction would be impossible. He proceeded to argue generally against changes. Each reduction, he said, has failed to bring about an increase of business sufficient to compensate the Department. The shilling rate produced £130,000; the six penny rate £93,000; the three penny rate only £47,000. The total cost of the ocean steamship mail service, as per contract, was £833,000; total receipts, £363,000; loss, £470,000. Mr. White understood the postoffice had a surplus of £1,300,000, which might be applied to a reduction of the ocean rate. Mr. Gladstone opposed the resolve, and begged that the matter might be left to the discretion of the Government. Mr. Seeley scouted the Postmaster General's estimate of losses. He had reason to know that the Government at Washington was prepared for a reduction, and England should be ready to meet it. The resolve was defeated, and a substitute embodying Mr. Gladstone's view, carried. The House then adjourned.

INDIANA.

The Municipal Elections Yesterday.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—The Independent Republican candidate for Mayor at Greensburg, Indiana, was elected over the regular nominee by a small majority. Shelbyville is Republican by an increased majority. In Fort Wayne the Democratic ticket is elected by an increased majority against the People's ticket.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 2.—The municipal election here to-day resulted in the success of the entire Republican ticket for Mayor and city officers, by from eight hundred to one thousand majority. The Republicans elect four Councilmen and the Democrats four. Of the Councilmen holding over, the Republicans have six, Democrats three. At Columbus, Ind., the Democrats elect their entire ticket which is a Democratic gain. In Greencastle the Republican ticket is elected by one hundred, a Republican gain over last Charter election of two hundred. In Madison, Ind., the Democratic ticket is elected by the usual majority.

LAFAYETTE, IND., May 2.—The Republican city ticket is elected by from one hundred and fifty to two hundred majority, and five out of six Councilmen.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

THE UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

Contracts for grading several miles of the Utah Southern Railroad have been let, the work to be completed this month.

BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA.

CHICAGO, May 2.—The Cedar Rapids, Iowa, stockholders of the Burlington and Minnesota Railroad have purchased the south end of that road from Burlington to Cedar Rapids, paying five hundred thousand dollars. This brings the road between these points all under contract and locates the railroad shops at Cedar Rapids.

LEASE OF THE NASHVILLE AND DECATUR.

LOUISVILLE, May 2.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad today, the President and Directors of the company were authorized to lease the Nashville and Decatur Railroad, and make such contracts for the completion and control of the North and South Alabama Railroad as they deem best for the interests of the Louisville and Nashville Company. A resolution was also adopted to guarantee and indorse three and a half million seven per cent. thirty-year bonds of the Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

CONSOLIDATION.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., May 2.—Jas. Palmer, President, and several directors of the Burlington and Southwestern Railroad, will arrive in the city on Thursday, for the purpose of perfecting a consolidation of their Company with that of the St. Joseph and Iowa Railroad.

SUBSCRIPTION VOTED IN ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, GA., May 2.—The citizens of Atlanta voted unanimously to-day to subscribe $250,000 to the Atlantic and Savannah Railroad.

ANOTHER AIR LINE.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 2.—Articles of association today at the Secretary of State's office, for the Brazil and Chicago Air Line Railroad.

JAMACIA.

Ship Canal Survey Completed—The Revolution in Chiriqui—The American Steamer Montijo not yet Recaptured.

ASPINWALL, April 25, *via* KINGSTON JAMACIA.—The survey of the Napipi route for a ship cannal has been completed. The explorers assert that the line will be less than twenty miles from the Pacific to Atrato and an elevation of 612 feet. The cost is estimated at $80,000,000. Within a fortnight the route question will be disposed of.

PANAMA.—The revolution in Chiriqui continues. Carrerso has imposed a forced loan. The American steamer Montijo has not been recaptured. Captains Selfridge and Veitch have had a consulation and determined to send the United States steamer Resaca to recover the vessel. The British war ship Fawn will probably join the Resaca.

HAVANA, May 2.—The British flying squadron sailed to-day for Bermuda.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—River twenty-two feet, with eighty feet under the bridge. Arrived—Commercial, Evansville; Charmer, Evansville; Abeona, St. Louis; Robert Burns, Memphis. Departed—R. R. Hudson, Wheeling; Annie Laurie, Kanawha; Emperor, St. Louis. Weather showery. Rates south declined.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 2.—River still rising, having risen eighteen inches since last report, with five feet in the chute and seven feet in the canal. Cloudy and warm. Business slightly improved. Arrived—Leclaire No. 2, Tennessee river; R. C. Gray, Arkansas river; Argosy and barges, and Dick Fulton and barges, New Orleans. Departed—R. C. Gray, and Argosy and barges, Cincinnati; Mary Houston, New Orleans. The Potomac is advertised to leave for New Orleans to-morrow.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, May 2.—Weather cloudy and warm. River declining. Port list: Down—Minneola, 11 P. M.; Mary Ament, 11 A. M.; Rose Hite, 5 P. M.; Arkansas Belle, 5 P. M.; Florence Lee, 5:20 P. M. Up—Idlewild, 2 P. M.; Anna, 5 A. M.; Fayette, 10 A. M.; generally with moderate trips. Business very dull.

Cairo.

CAIRO, May 2.—Port list: Sam. J. Hale, Memphis to Cincinnati, 9 P. M.; Talisman, Cairo to Nashville, 9 P. M.; Colorado, Vicksburg to St. Louis, 10 P. M.; Sam Brown, St. Louis and return, 1 A. M.; Susie Silver, New Orleans to Louisville, 2 A. M.; Ajax, New Orleans to Louisville, 3 A. M.; Kate Robinson, Cincinnati to St. Louis, 1 P. M.; Lady Lee, Shreveport to St. Louis, 2 P. M.; Quickstep, Evansville packet, 3 P. M.; Mollie Ebert, New Orleans to Cincinnati, 3 P. M.; City of Chester, St. Louis to Memphis, 7 P. M. River fell four inches. Cloudy; mercury 74.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—Arrived—Illinois, Peoria; Grand Tower, Memphis; Northwestern, St. Paul; W. J. Lewis, Kansas City; Richmond and James Howard, New Orleans; Rob Roy, Keokuk; Bon Accord, Mound City. Departed—Illinois, Peoria; Alex. Mitchell, St. Paul; City of Cairo, Vicksburg; City of Alton, New Orleans; Mountaineer, Kansas City; Mollie Moore, Sioux City. River falling. Weather clear and warm. The sale of the hull and machinery of the Mollie Able, wrecked by the tornado which passed over east St. Louis some time since, came off to-day, and realized $8,950. G. H. Rae, President of the Barge Company, was the purchaser, and the Mollie's hull will be converted into a wharfboat for the Barge Company. The machinery has been resold for $5,000. The entire wreck of the Mollie has realized but $13,000.

Buffalo Cattle Market.

BUFFALO, May 2.—The cattle market is on a dead-lock, as buyers are refusing to take hold; receipts 336 cars, against 359 the same day last week; 129 cars went forward; no sales. Sheep—Market opened dull and lower by ¼@½c; sales 467 Indiana wooled, averaging 98 lbs, at $7 25, ¾c; sales 467 Indiana wooled, and 356 Ohio shorn 91 lbs at $6; of 19 cars western received 15 passed through first hands. Hogs dull; sales 235 head, ranging from 163 to 207 lbs, at $5 60; 92 head, averaging 194 lbs, at $6, and 149 head, 222 lbs, at $5 87½.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

Millinery Goods—Wm. Semple.
Straw Goods—R. H. Palmer.
Jewelry—George W. Biggs.
Teas—140 Smithfield street.
Millinery Goods—Rosenbaum, Fleishman & Co.
Sleeve Buttons—George W. Biggs.
Carriages—C. West & Co.
Boarding—103 Fourth avenue.
Cotton for Sale—Isaiah Dickey & Co.
Rooms Wanted—C. S., 16 Bedford avenue.
Dividend—Western Insurance Co.
Children's Hats—Palmer's.
Teas—F. T. I. Co.
Jewelry—George W. Biggs.
Residence for Rent—C. H. Love.
Black Crook Hats—84 Wood street.
Teas—140 Smithfield street.
Masonic Jewelry—George W. Biggs.
Hemp for Sale—Isaiah Dickey & Co.
Tin Shop for Sale—160 Webster avenue.
Felt Hats—Palmer's.
Teas—F. T. I. Co.
Watch Repairing—159 Smithfield street.
Dried Peaches for Sale—I. Dickey & Co.
Dividend—Citizens' National Bank.
Rough and Ready Hats—84 Wood street.
Teas—140 Smithfield street.
Gold Watches—159 Smithfield street.
Dissolution—J. W. Zahniser & Co.
Nilsson Opera Chain—George W. Biggs.
Teas—F. T. I. Co.
Dividend—Exchange National Bank.
Drug Store for Sale—D. T. Kelly.
Teas—140 Smithfield street.
Foreign Wines—G. Wm. Soine, Baltimore, Md.
Ladies' Opera Chains—159 Smithfield street.
Dividend—Second National Bank.
Saw Mill for Sale—C. A. B., Bennett P. O., Allegheny county, Pa.
Site for Country Residence for Sale—John A. Carothers.
Dividend—Bank of Pittsburgh.
Photographs—Wilkison & McMinn.
Cream Ale—Pier, Dannals & Co.
Mortgages Wanted—Thos. K. Petty.
Agents Wanted—Wm. Sumner & Co.
Offices for Rent—W. N. Howard.
Belting and Hose for Sale—Hartley, McKee & Co.
Looking Glasses, &c.—Boyd, Murray & Fawcett.
Pennsylvania Iron Works—Everson, Preston & Co.
Boot and Shoe House—J. H. Borland.
Table and Pocket Cutlery—M. L. Ehrgott.
Life Association of America.
Plants, Plants—John R. & A. Murdoch.
Lace Curtains and Shades—E. Edmundson & Son.
Plumbing and Gas Fitting—J. Bourne.
Caution—Simon Johnston.
Crackers—Marvin & Co.
Fair—Railroad Hall, Allegheny.
Carncross & Dixey's Minstrels.
Red Lion Lot—Caravan, Menagerie and Circus, May 4.
Library Hall—English Opera Combination, May 2.
Pittsburgh Opera House—Black Crook.
City Hall—St. Bridget's Church Fair.
Trimble's Varieties Theater.
Glenwood Grove for Rent—J. H. Williamson.
Opera Librettos—Barr & Knake.
Lippincott's Keystone Soda Water Apparatus—McClarran & McKennan.
Steam Pumps for Sale—Atwood & McCaffrey.
Monongahela Foundry—Anderson & Freyvogel.
Patent Bed Lounge—Lemon & Weise.

List of Unmailable Letters, May 2.

Cooper, James M., Philadelphia, Pa.............3c
Fox, Capt. G. W., Allegheny, Pa.............3c
Snyder, Charlie P., Urichsville, Ohio.............3c

NEWS SUMMARY

BY TELEGRAPH.

In Los Angelos county, Cal., near Tahashapec, seven men were killed by poisoned jerked beef, which had been hung on a line for them to take. Only one lived to tell how it occurred.

Percy A. Leonard, who killed Dr. Scanland, in Chicago, and was released from custody on yesterday, will leave at once for California, accompanied by his wife, he having obtained the railroad tickets a fortnight ago.

All the men formerly employed by the Wilkesbarre coal and iron company will resume work to-morrow.

J. G. Stillwell, President of the First National Bank, Anderson, Ind., died suddenly last night of apoplexy.

John Moran hung himself in St. Joseph, Mo., yesterday. Cause, arrest for drunkenness.

The hospital at San Andries, Cal., was burned yesterday morning. Two lives were lost.

A quantity of copper ore from the Tintic District arrived at Utah on Monday.

Governor Palmer, of Illinois, is expected to issue, in a day or two, a proclamation for an extra session of the Illinois Legislature.

A fire at Versailles, Brown county, Illinois, on Sunday, destroyed three stores. Loss $27,000; insurance $6,000.

Cyrille Dion, the billiardist, having failed to make a match, left Chicago last night for New York.

Secretary Boutwell went to Elgin, Ill., oesterday, to visit the watch works. A considerable party were in the excursion, among them being Gen. Walker, Superintendent of the Census, Mrs. and Miss Sinclair, of the New York *Tribune*, and Mrs. Albert D. Richardson.

The new appointments in the Philadelphia Custom House by Col. Forney have been announced of twenty-five named, and represent newspapers in that city, including Col. Fitzgerald, proprietor of the *City Item*, who is made Superintendent of Bonded Warehouses.

Springfield, Mass., voted yesterdsy, 726 to 296, to permit the sale of all strong beer.

An explosion occurred yesterday afternoon in the new gas works, corner of Crosby and Hobbie streets, North Division, Chicago. The explosion is supposed to have originated in some defect in the meter. The north end of the building, which was constructed of brick, was blown out, some of the material being hurled a long distance. The rest of the building was badly shattered, involving a loss of from three to four thousand dollars. The office, in which was General Holloway, clerk, and General Sailor, was blown to pieces and both men injured.

POLITICAL.

HARTFORD, CT., May 2.—The Republican members of the Senate to-night nominated Hon. Erzra Hall, of Marlborough, as President *pro tem* of the Senate, and Edward B. Bennett, of Hartford, clerk. The House Republican caucus nominated Hon. Edwin H. Bugbee, of Killingby, for Speaker, and B. A. Haugh, of Danbury, and Geo. H. Cawell, of Waterbury, clerk. The Democrats have renominated E. W. Seymour, of Litchfield, for speaker, and Reuben F. Belden and Mr. Descal, of New Haven. The Democrat caucus was secret—that of the Republicans public in Representatives' hall. It is understood that Democrats oppose an investigation by the Committee on canvass of votes of matters in dispute concerning the count of votes in New Haven and Enfield, where the presiding officers have sent statements that there were undoubted errors in counts. The Legislative Committee will have power to make a thorough investigation in order to decide who has received a majority of the votes cast for Governor. It is pretty certain from what has been learned of the action of the Democrats that they will oppose an investigation in every way possible when the Legislature acts upon the matter to-morrow. The Republican nominees for Legislative offices will be elected.

CITY MATTERS.

RELIGIOUS.

Meeting of the Monongahela Presbytery—Rev. Mr. Cockins Withdraws from the Presbytery—Miscellaneous Business.

The Monongahela Presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church met, according to published call, in the Fourth U. P. Church, Pittsburgh, at ten o'clock yesterday, to consider and take action upon the request of the Rev. J. N. Cockins to be dismissed to the Presbyterian Church, and to attend to any other business that might come up in order.

Rev. R. B. Ewing acted as Moderator, with Rev. W. D. Andrews as Secretary.

After the usual introductory exercises, and some unimportant preliminary business, a paper was presented by Mr. Cockins, praying that his relations with this Presbytery be severed, and that he be dismissed to the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Cockins, in support of his request, made a few feeling remarks, referring to the harmony and peaceful relations that had ever existed between himself and his present charge. He entered another part of the Masters' vineyard with kind feelings towards all the brethren with whom he had formerly associated. He had taken this step believing that God was guiding him in the matter. The request of the brother was granted unanimously.

The following resolutions were presented to Presbytery by commissioners of the congregation who were present, which had been adopted unanimously at a congregational meeting of the former charge of Mr. Cockins:

WHEREAS, We have been notified of the desire of our pastor, requesting to be released from his pastoral relations with us, and to be dismissed to the Presbyterian Church.

Resolved 1. That we offer no objections to the proposed change of relations.

2. That we have no sympathy whatever with our former pastor in his present course; that we adhere unanimously to the principles of the United Presbyterian Church, believing her to hold the "faith once delivered to the saints."

3. That we still respect him as a man and a minister of Jesus Christ, and pray for his success in whatever field of labor he may be called to.

The Commissioners asked for supplies until such time as a pastor could be ordained over them. Granted.

Rev. Mr. Andrews was appointed to preach in the Church next Sabbath and declare the pulpit vacant.

Calls were presented by the moderator to Rev. W. H. McMasters, from the congregations of West Newton and Bethel. Mr. McMasters, accepted the one from Bethel. This is a very large and influential congregation, and they have made a wise choice in selecting Mr. McMasters, as he is a young minister of great talent and promise.

Cretical exercises, as trials for licensure, were then presented by Messrs. Hatch, Wallace and Jonstone, students of divinity. Mr. Hatch took as his subject the ninth chapter of Romans, first and fifth verses inclusive; Mr. Wallace, Genesis third and fifteenth, and Mr. Jonstone sixth chapter, first and fifth verses inclusive.

Presbytery then adjoured with prayer and benediction by the Moderator.

Movements of Mr. Rossa.

Yesterday morning, Mr. O'Donovan Rossa was waited upon at the St. Charles Hotel by Dr. Donnelly, who drove him in his buggy to the Allegheny Parks. Mr. Rossa enjoyed the ride around the parks, and expressed himself will pleased with the beautiful scenery and the taste displayed. After the drive around the parks he visited the Mayor at his residence on Montgomery avenue, where he remained until near noon. In the afternoon he visited a number of manufactories on the South Side. Last evening a meeting was held in Ashland Hall, when Mr. Rossa organized a branch of the Irish Confederation, and quite a number joined the organization. The Irish Patriot was then taken to Masonic Hall, where he was greeted with great applause. The play was interrupted for the time being, and he was called upon for a speech, when he made a few remarks, thanking the audience for the reception he had received. He then visited the New Opera House, and was conducted to a private box, which was decorated with an Irish and an American flag. At the conclusion of the first act he was again called upon for a speech, and complied in a few neat remarks. He then visited St. Bridget's Fair, in City Hall, and after remaining here a short time returned to the hotel. This evening he will be present at the performance given at Masonic Hall for the benefit of St. Bridget's Fair.

English Opera—"The Bohemian Girl."

Last evening a large and brilliant audience assembled at Library Hall, to witness the first performance of a short season of English opera. Balfe's melodious opera of "The Bohemian Girl," of which our people seem never to tire, was presented, but not as satisfactorily as on former occasions. The curtain did not rise until half-past eight, by which time the audience had begun to show symptoms of impatience. The piece dragged throughout, the curtain falling on the last act after eleven o'clock. Miss Rose Hersee sang charmingly as *Arline*. Mr. Drayton's *Count Arnheim* was especially effective. As *Thaddeus* Mr. Bowler appeared to excellent advantage, and Mr. Seguin's *Devilshoof* was a fine piece of buffo singing and acting. Miss Fannie Goodwin appeared as the *Gipsey Queen*, and showed marked improvement since her last appearance here.

A matinee will be given at two o'clock this afternoon, when Wallace's fine opera of "Maritana" will be presented with an excellent cast. This evening "Robert le Diable" will be performed for the first time here in English.

FINEST SILK HATS at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.—Mr. Geo. W. Biggs has opened a very neat, tasteful, and well arranged jewelry store, four doors above Sixth street, on Smithfield. His practical knowledge and thirteen years' experience in the jewelry business should entitle him to a liberal share of the patronage which is so freely bestowed upon the trade. The stock, entirely new, that he has just purchased from the East, consists of many new and elegant designs of the richest jewelry ever presented before the Pittsburgh public. He will make a specialty of repairing and the cleaning of watches and jewelry, and, as an expert, he has no rival in the city. Give him a call and examine his late selections, at his new store, No. 159 Smithfield street.

GOSSAMERE silk hats, Broadway style, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

Monthly Meeting—Report on Condition of the City Poor—Relief Given During the Month—Number in the Alms House, &c., &c.

The Board of Guardians of the Poor of Pittsburgh met yesterday afternoon in monthly session at the office of the Secretary, on Fourth avenue.

The President, Mr. Kincaide, occupied the chair, and the following members were present: Messrs. Arthurs, Fitzsimmons, Hartley, Hays, Moorhead, Shaw, Sweitzer and Smythe.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

ELECTION OF TREASURER.

In accordance with the resolution adopted in February last, Mr. Smythe stated the first business in order would be the election of a Treasurer.

Some discussion ensued on the matter, Mr. Kincaide insisting that as the term for which he had first been elected had not expired, the election could not be held.

Messrs. Sweitzer, Arthurs and others thought the election should be held at this meeting.

Mr. Shaw moved as an amendment that the person elected Treasurer serve until February next, when the election for other officers takes place. Carried.

On motion, Mr. W. K. Hart was elected treasurer by acclamation. The gentleman agrees to pay six per cent. upon current balances.

Mr. Hartley, from the Committee appointed to procure additional help at the Alms House, reported that the Committee can never be got together, and he would not take the responsibility upon himself of procuring the help required.

The Secretary read the wants of the institution for the incoming month, which were referred to the monthly Committee.

MONTHLY REPORTS.

The Superintendent of the Alms House reported as follows:

	Males.	Females	Total.
Inmates in house April 1	103	94	197
Admitted during April	13	11	24
	116	105	221
Less discharges, deaths, &c	22	16	38
Remaining in house, May 1	94	89	183

The net decrease for the month is 14. There was one birth and three deaths during the month.

Dr. Benham reported 58 visits, 4 office patients and 23 persons under his care; and Dr. Umbstaetter reported as follows: Patients treated, 19; number of visits, 54; number of office consultations, 13.

Dr. I. Ward, physician of the Alms House, reported that nine cases were admitted to the hospital during the month, five were discharged and seventeen remain.

The reports were referred to the Monthly Committee.

The Secretary reported that at the last meeting there was $6,715 70 on hand; the balance now remaining is about $4,000, and the warrants to be drawn to-day will about exhaust the funds of the Board.

Seven hundred and seventy dollars and seventy-five cents was expended during April for temporary relief.

Sundry bills for the month were read and ordered to be paid.

Mr. Smythe called the attention of the Board to the bill pending in the Legislature for the consolidation of the Poor districts of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny county.

Mr. Arthurs thought the Board should oppose the passage of the bill.

Mr. Smythe moved that the Secretary be instructed to write to the members of the Allegheny county delegation, requesting them to oppose the bill. Carried.

Adjourned.

GENUINE PANAMA HATS at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

JOHN KING, JR., Vice President, and G. R. Blanchard, General Freight Agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, arrived in the city yesterday *via* Cumberland and Connellsville, for the purpose of attending a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hempfield railroad. They are stopping at the Monongahela House.

CUPID, like Death, is no respecter of persons, and shoots his barbed arrows about with a perfect looseness. His latest victim is Mr. J. H. McFall, pressman of the *Post*, who last evening surrendered unconditionally and led to the hymeneal alter Miss Callie Allers, of this city. May their "fountain" of happiness ever overflow, and, when called hence, their works show a perfect "register."

FRANK MCCOY appeared before Alderman Floyd, yesterday, and charged James Miller with assault and battery. He also charged other members of the family with riot. The parties live at Buena Vista, on the Youghiogheny river, and had a dispute which ended in the elder Miller knocking McCoy down, and McCoy in turn knocking Miller down. Then the whole Miller family turned out and assaulted McCoy's house with stones. Warrants have been issued.

PROF. LUCKEY, City Superintendent, has thus far examined eight applicants for the vacant professorship of the commercial department of the High School. An applicant from West Point was to have been examined yesterday and the City Superintendent, with members of the Central Board were on hand, but the applicant did not come to time. The Superintendent will report the result of his examinations to the Board, at its meeting on Tuesday next, when a Professor will be chosen.

AN alleged dealer in counterfeit money, named John B. Altic, *alias* Henry P. Morton, was brought to this city yesterday from Philadelphia, by detective Benson, and lodged in jail to answer a charge of dealing in counterfeit money. It is alleged that he furnished Dodds, Mainhart, Shaffer, Spratley and others in this vicinity with spurious money, and that he is the ringleader of the gang. His real name is Lewis M. Roberts, and he is a resident of Harrisburg. His family formerly resided on Forty-fifth street, in this city.

THE new charges against Rev. J. A. Gray have been drawn up by J. W. F. White, Esq., and were ready for presentation to Dr. Dempsey yesterday evening. The charge of "imprudent and unministerial conduct" is not embraced, and under the graver charge of "improper and scandalous conduct" there are said to be eight specifications. A number of the witnesses to sustain the new charges are to be brought from other counties, and the prosecution intend to reduce all the testimony to writing.

THE Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company of the United States yesterday elected the following officers: President—Geo. H. Thurston, of Pittsburgh. Directors—John W. Ellis, of Cincinnati; Robert J. Anderson, of Pittsburgh; Wm. Varnum, of Pittsburgh; Edward Jay Allen, of Pittsburgh; James L. Shaw, of Philadelphia; J. W. Wier, of Harrisburg. Over three-fourths of the whole capital stock was unanimously voted for the Board elected. The affairs of the company, general and financial, are represented to be in a most excellent and satisfactory condition.

LAST evening, about half-past five o'clock, a serious accident occurred at the Duquesne freight depot of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, located at the foot of Liberty street, by which Thomas Joice was seriously injured. Mr. Joice was leaning at the time of the accident against a bumper on Water street, when a train was backed down, and, having his back turned toward it, did not notice it, and was caught between the cars and bumped and seriously injured. The unfortunate man was removed to his home in Point alley, after which he was removed to Mercy Hospital. We did not learn the extent of his injuries. Mr. Joice is a married man, and has four children.

THE policemen, Hoerr and Wright, who arrested Mr. Ebbert and locked him up a few days ago, had a hearing before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, on a charge of assault and battery. Mr. Ebbert, who is a street car conductor, was arrested in company with a friend who was somewhat intoxicated and both were locked up. Subsequently Mr. Ebbert was released on leaving five dollars for his appearance next morning before Deputy Mayor Nichols. When he did appear, he was told that the five dollars paid his fine and costs. He then entered suit for assault and battery against the officers. The testimony showed conclusively that the plaintiff was not drunk. The Alderman reserved his decision until Saturday.

BUY your summer Hats at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

The Second Appy Concert.

The second and last of the Appy concerts was given at the Academy of Music last evening to only a fair audience. The good opinion formed of the troupe on Monday evening was sustained and strengthened, all conceding the performers a high order of merit. Appy is the peer of any violinist in the world. Miss Nellie Freeman gained the applause of the most critical of the audience by her finished and beautiful rendition of the parts of the programme allotted to her. She sang much better than on her first appearance, and gave evidence of wonderful powers. Messrs. Hall and Macdonald were also very happy in their efforts. We hope the Appy concert troupe may visit us again, and meet with more liberal patronage, being eminently deserving.

SCOTCH CASSIMERE, Cheviot and Cloth Hats, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

CONCERT AT LIBRARY HALL.—On Tuesday evening next the pupils of Miss M. J. Appelbe will give a concert of vocal music at Library Hall. Miss Appelbe is a painstaking, conscientious teacher, and is working assiduously in the preparation of her classes for the event of Tuesday evening. As she has good material upon which to work, it is reasonable to expect that the concert will be one of the most interesting of its kind. The programme will be judiciously made up, embracing capital selections. We hope Miss Appelbe's efforts to please the public will receive cordial recognition.

SILK hats, wholesale and retail, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

FOR INDIGESTION, Dyspepsia, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague, and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferrophosphrated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., of New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal. MW*

MAY STYLES, Mens' and Boys' Hats and Caps at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

ALLEGHENY.

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

AN alarm was sounded last evening from box No. 4, corner Beaver avenue and Walnut street, caused by the burning out of a chimney of Mr. Short's tavern on Beaver avenue.

AT a meeting of Company A., Heath Zouaves, on Monday night, in their armory at the Rink, an election for First Lieutenant was held, resulting in the election of Slyvanus A. Barr, son of Mr. Barr, of the firm of Barr & Moser, architects.

THE FAIR now being held at Railroad Hall on Sandusky street, at the railroad crossing, for the benefit of St. Peter's Catholic Church is meeting with great success. The voting for the various articles is spirited, and the young ladies attending to the taking of chances are rapidly filling up their books. The whole affair is a perfect success, and is ably presided over by the affable and polite Father Phelan. We advise all to drop in and spend an evening at the fair.

ALLEGHENY SCHOOLS.

Regular Meeting of the Board of Control—Reports of Committees—Communication Asking for the Establishment of a High School—Miscellaneous Business.

A regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Controllers was held last evening in the Common Council Chamber, City Hall.

In the absence of the President, Mr. Sloan was called to the chair. Mr. Dennison offered the opening prayer.

The roll was then called, when a quorum was found to be present.

Reports were then called for from the Visiting Committees of the respective wards, and colored school, and all the schools were reported to be in good condition. Joseph Craig and J. B. Chambers were reported elected by the Local Boards of the Fourth and Sixth wards respectively, to fill the vacancies occasioned by the resignations of R. B. Francis and Dr. Wilson.

A communication was read from Prof. S. A. Neale, which was addressed to the Chairman of the Committee on Colored Schools, stating that at a meeting of the parents in the afternoon at the school, being in attendance at an examination, a number of resolutions were offered expressive of the thanks of the parents for the interest taken by the Directors in the prosperity of their school. Also in refitting another room and furnishing a teacher, so that a better grade can be established for the school. The communication was received and filed.

The Secretary then read the following communication from the Second Ward Local Board, which was signed by every member of the Board:

To the Board of School Controllers:

GENTLEMEN: A meeting of the Second Ward School Board, held Friday evening, April 28th, the necessity of a High School for this city was strongly urged, and after a full and free discussion, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we petition the Board of Controllers to establish in this city a High School where our sons and daughters can be more thoroughly instructed in the higher branches of an English education.

The following are some of the reasons that have influenced us to make this petition:

1. In all cities and large towns throughout the North, such schools exist, Allegheny, from all the information we can obtain, being the only exception.

2. By the establishment of the proposed school we have one of high grade maintained at a moderate expense in our very midst, and our children are thus enabled to obtain a thorough English education under the benign influences of home.

3. Our ward schools do not afford the classification and arrangements by which the higher branches can be successfully taught.

4. By selecting the advanced pupils from the highest departments of the schools in the nine wards of this city, such a classification could be made, and such an adaptation of teachers to this special work that a success far beyond the present would be attained.

5. The benefits to be derived from such a school, would, in our judgment, far outweigh the expense.

6. A large number of our intelligent citizens desire such a school to be established.

Mr. Dennison moved that the communication be referred to a special committee of nine, one from each ward, and that the President *pro tem*. be the chairman of the committee.

Mr. Claney inquired what would be the duties of the committee, and what should be the character of the report. He would not oppose the founding of a High School, as he thought it a necessity. He would suggest that the committee ascertain the cost of erecting a suitable building for a High School, and the expense of maintaining it, so that the Board could act intelligently on the matter.

Mr. Barker favored the idea of appointing a special committee, consisting of one from each Local Board, so that the matter could be fully discussed by each Board, as the question was an important one. He was in favor of establishing a High School, but thought the matter should be well considered.

Mr. Dennison said that that was the object he had in view in the appointment of a committee to have the matter discussed. The Second ward Board had discussed the matter fully, and were unanimously in favor of a High School.

Mr. Eaton said the time is coming when this city needed better educational facilities. It was not the intention to erect a new building but to rent a suitable house for this purpose, and the cost would be moderate. When the school became popular it would be time enough to erect a building.

After some further discussion the motion prevailed, and Messrs. Sloan, Dennison, Torrence, Barker, Parke, Trimble, Hanny, McConnell and Jones were appointed on the committee.

Mr. Claney moved that the Finance Committee be instructed to procure a safe for the purpose of keeping the records and books of the Board more securely. Carried.

Mr. Claney also moved that the Principals be required to report each month to the Board the number of corporal punishments inflicted during the month, on whom inflicted, the cause, and the implement used.

After considerable discussion the motion was lost.

Mr. Eaton moved that the Committee Teachers and Salaries report at the next meeting the number of teachers each ward will be allowed the ensuing year. Carried.

Mr. Claney inquired whether a copy of the bill, recently passed by the Legislature, establishing the books now in use for three years, had been sent to Board.

As no member of the Board had seen a copy of the bill, Mr. Parke moved that the Secretary be instructed to write on for a copy. Carried.

The Secretary reported that the total enrolment during the past month was 6,472, and the average attendance 5,764. The monthly pay roll amounted to $7,424 50. The amount now deposited in the bank was $419 70.

Mr. Barker moved that the visiting committees be required to report the number of corporal punishments inflicted in their respective schools each month. Carried.

Mr. Eaton offered the following:

Resolved, That the retirement from this Board of R. B. Francis, for ten years an able representative from the Fourth ward, and the greater part of that time the efficient Secretary of this Board, causes a vacancy not easily filled.

Resolved, That his uniform courtesy to his fellow members, his familiarity with our school operations, and his constant and well directed efforts to advance the interests of our public schools, have made his services of great value to this Board, and we hereby express our sincere regret that his removal to another ward deprives us of his valuable services.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, after which the Board adjourned.

Monthly Reports.

R. McGonnigle, Secretary of the Board of Poor Directors, distributed during the past month $235 60 to "regulars," and $178 40 to "transients," making a total of $414 00, a decrease of $52 90 from last month.

Following is a report of the operations of the letter carriers of this city for the past month:

	Delivered.	Collected.
Letters	51,225	18,817
Drops	5,924	1,618
Papers	31,757	804
Total	88,906	20,239

The police pay roll the past month amounted to $3,391 58.

PANAMA, Canton, leghorn and palm leaf hats, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

SOUTH SIDE.

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

A CASE of trespass and damage was argued at length before a South Side squire last evening, the amount in dispute being $2.

THE wife of William Pallitt, proprietor of the Oyster Bay saloon, Birmingham, died suddenly yesterday. She was in apparent good health on Monday, but was seized with vomiting on Tuesday morning and died about noon. Our reporter was unable to learn any particulars.

WORKMEN commenced yesterday to put in the curve of the Ormsby Passenger Railway, at Second avenue and Grant street. The work is progressing in the most satisfactory manner on all points on the line, and will be completed within the specified time.

LATEST styles hats and caps, at retail, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

BIRMINGHAM SCHOOLS.

Meeting of the Directors—Reports, &c.

The School Board of Birmingham held a monthly meeting yesterday afternoon, and, on motion of Mr. Chas. Evans, Daniel Wenke, Esq., was elected Collector of School Taxes for the ensuing year. Mr. W. has held the office for a number of years.

Messrs. Beech and Keechan were, on motion, appointed to audit the accounts of the Treasurer and Collector.

The request of the scholars of the Birmingham High School for permission to hold a pic-nic was, on motion, laid upon the table.

The report of the principal, Benjamin Jones, Esq., was read and ordered to be filed. The report, in substance, is as follows: Teachers employed, 15; attendance; primary department, 470; medium, 185; grammar, 147; total, 802. The total number of corporal punishments was eleven.

Messrs. W. C. Aughinbaugh and George Duncan were appointed as the visiting committee for the ensuing year.

On motion of J. P. Beech, Esq., it was decided to levy a tax of seventeen mills for school purposes and six mills for building purposes. The levy is the same as last year.

On motion of Mr. Beech, the Secretary was instructed with the work of preparing the tax duplicate.

The matter of procuring the furniture and slating the blackboards of the new school building was referred back to the committee created at last meeting, with power to act.

A committee was appointed to investigate the conduct of two of the pupils, reported by their teachers.

Several bills were read and warrants ordered, after which the Board adjourned.

BIRMINGHAM COUNCIL.

Regular Meeting—Street Matters—The New Market House—Reports of Officers—Miscellaneous Business.

The Council of Birmingham met in regular monthly session last evening.

Burgess Salisbury occupied the chair, and the following members were present: Messrs. Atterbury, Duncan, Doyle, Conway, Kerr, Schneider, Schwarm and Zeifel.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The Burgess appointed Mr. Zeifel on the Street and Police Committees.

Mr. Atterbury presented the account of John P. Beech, Treasurer, of receipts and expenditures since last meeting.

The report shows a balance on hand of $2,532 49 on May 1st. Accepted and approved.

THE NEW MARKET BUILDING.

Mr. Doyle, from the Market Committee, submitted plans for the new market building. The new building will be three stories in height, cost about $40,000, and will be paid for by bonds to be issued by the borough. The market building will contain 25 large butchers' stalls, 54 vegetable stalls, two large halls with stages and galleries, supper room, two large Council chambers, Regulator's office, Commissioner's office, two committee rooms, and two offices on first floor. It will have two large ventilators, running up from the ground to the roof. The large hall will be 71 by 70 feet. Messrs. Barr & Moser, the architects, state that they have combined the latest plans, both in the East and West, of market buildings, together with such improvements as suggested themselves, and they believed the plan to be complete.

Mr. Atterbury suggested that bonds be issued to run for five, ten and fifteen years, bearing 7 or 7 3-10 per cent. interest, and that the proceeds from the market house be appropriated to the payment of the interest and the redemption of the bonds. He said the bonds could be readily negotiated, and at the rate of interest mentioned. The gentleman also referred to the fact of the Allegheny market house having been built in the same manner, and also of the further fact of it having been paid for in one year. Now it was a handsome source of revenue. He said the market house could be erected under this without a cent of cost to the borough.

Mr. Schwarm moved to refer the matter back to the Market Committe, with instructions to report at next meeting. A resolution for the erection of the market house carried.

REPORT OF STREET COMMITTEE.

Mr. Duncan, from the Street Committee, submitted a report recommending the grading and paving of Ninth street, from Carson to Bingham street; also, the paving of William street, from Ninth to Tenth street; also Breed street.

Mr. Zeifel recommended the paving of the entire street; he was opposed to paving in patches.

Mr. Atterbury said not all of the street was in condition to be paved.

On motion of Mr. Conway, the matter was referred back to the Street Committee. Carried.

Mr. Duncan suggested that the matter of paving Washington street be also referred to the Street Committee. Carried.

Mr. Zeifel called attention to the condition of the water drops on Washington street, and stated that in the matter of drainage they were insufficient to carry off the water during a heavy rain, and as the Street Committee would have to make an excursion to examine into certain streets he hoped the drops would receive attention.

On motion of Mr. Atterbury, the Committee was instructed to have the drops repaired.

The Regulators submitted a plan of the curbing on Fourteenth street and streets in the immediate vicinity, showing the curbing to be entirely too high. Mr. Schneider reported, as the judgment of the Street Committee, that the curbs were too high.

Mr. Kerr moved that the Street Committee have power to confer with the Regulators and establish a grade for curbs suitable alike to the borough and the property holders.

Mr. Duncan suggested that the grade of streets be established, and that the criterion to be judged by should be the old curbs already set.

Mr. Kerr's motion was adopted.

ELECTION OF WHARFMASTER.

Mr. Doyle called attention to the fact that the election of Wharfmaster had been overlooked at previous meetings, and he thought an election should be held.

Mr. Atterbury moved that Mr. Charles Evans be elected by acclammation. Carried.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Doyle directed the attention of Councils to the salary of the Burgess—fifty dollars per annum—and thought it was a disgrace upon the borough to offer such a salary.

On motion of Mr. Schwarm, the matter was referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Schneider said the Gas Company neglected to properly repave the streets after laying pipes, whereupon the Burgess stated there was plenty of law relating to tde subject, and it was the duty of the Street Commissioner to enforce that law.

Mr. Scharm moved that the Finance Committee notify the Gas Company to have the lamps repaired and put in condition to light the borough. Carried.

A petition for gas lamps on Washington street was offered, and, on motion, referred to the Finance Committee, with power to act.

A petition for the extension of the sewer on Eighth street to the Monongahela river was referred to the Street Committee.

REPORTS.

The Market Master reported receipts during April to the amount of $159. Report accepted and filed.

The Weighmaster, Fred. Baxmyer, acknowledged receipts to the amount of $99 35, and the Wharfmaster, Charles Evans, $45 75, during April. Accepted and filed.

The Street Commissioner reported expenditures during April aggregating $260 87. Accepted and filed, and a warrant for $350 ordered.

Several bills were read, and on motion warrants were ordered.

On motion of Mr. Schwarm, the Burgess was authorized to have the Council chamber white-washed, painted, &c.

On motion, adjourned to meet on next Tuesday evening to hear the report of the Market Committee.

Election of Directors.

The annual election for Directors of the Monongahela Water Company, was held yesterday with the following result: Messrs. J. P. Pears, B. F. Jones, James Marshall, Mark Watson, Alex. Chambers, C. J. Schultz, John O. Phillips, J. H. Swett, T. B. Atterbery.

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' cloth and cassimere Hats at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

Public Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—Nothwithstanding the steady, persistent rain, the new theater was well attended last evening to see Barras's spectacle, the "Black Crook." The piece went off smoothly, and gave general satisfaction. But a few chances remain to see the beautiful work, as it will positively be withdrawn at the close of this week.

VARIETIES THEATER.—The Varieties was filled last evening by an enthusiastic crowd, who were lavish in their applause. Cotton and Archer are first-class song and dance men, and Murphy and Egbert are hard to beat. Nellie Clifford is a good ballad singer, and already very popular.

Manager Aims has been tendered a complimentary benefit by his personal friends, the Varieties company and members of the press, and has designated to-morrow evening as the time. Mr. Aims has few equals as a caterer for the amusement of the public, and never allows pains or expense to deter him from producing the latest novelties. That he deserves a bumper no one will deny; that he will have it no one doubts.

THE CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—Rosston, Springer and Henderson's "Mastodon" circus and menagrie spread their immense tents in East Liberty to-day, and give exhibitions this afternoon and evening. The menagarie department is complete, and the performers in the circus are the best in the country. The great procession will enter Pittsburgh to-morrow morning and parade through the principal streets. Performances on the Red Lion lot day and evening.

SPLENDID stock straw goods, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

EMPORIUM OF ROSENBAUM, FLEISHMAN AND COMPANY, 72, 74 AND 76 MARKET STREET.

The Philadelphia emporium of millinery goods of Messrs. Rosenbaum, Fleishman & Co. have been greatly increasing their stock during the past few days to supply the large and increasing demand made upon them by the trade. In fact, Mr. Rosenbaum found it necessary to repair to the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia to make the necessary arrangements to keep their stock in full lines of all kinds of millinery goods, notions and fancy goods of the market. The resources of the house have been thoroughly tested, and at times the demand was greater than the supply. This in the future will be obviated. The retail department, under the management of Mr. Moore, is now meeting with flattering success. The wholesale department, under the immediate supervision of Mr. Fleishman, convinces us of his proficiency as a careful and liberal provider for the trade. To those in want of merchandise in their line, we would say that a large and elegant stock awaits them at the warerooms of this house.

BUY YOUR TEAS

At first hands, from Fust Yama Tea Importing Company, 140 Smithfield street.

MASONIC JEWELRY.

Pins, rings, key stones and Sr. Kt. Crosses can be had and ordered to suit the fancy at the new jewelry store of Mr. Geo. W. Biggs, 159 Smithfield street.

BEAUTIFUL HATS FOR CHILDREN

At Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

GET THE BEST.

Purchasers in the country, who are unable to visit the manufactory themselves, should be careful, in ordering crackers from their grocer, to specify *Marvin & Co.'s* manufacture. Those who desire a superior article of crackers, cakes or biscuit, should remember to send for Marvin & Co.'s, if they cannot supply themselves personally at the bakery, Nos. 91 and 93 Liberty street. FMW.

LADIES' OPERA CHAINS,

New pattern. Band and chain bracelets, exquisite and charming designs, at Geo. W. Biggs, 159 Smithfield street.

BUY YOUR TEAS

From the importers, F. T. I. Co., 140 Smithfield street.

BLACK CROOK AND MAY QUEEN HATS

At Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

THE NILSSON OPERA CHAIN,

The latest and handsomest novelty out, can be seen as well as appreciated at Mr. Geo. W. Biggs's store, four doors above Sixth street, on Smithfield.

YOU CAN TASTE THE TEAS

Before buying at F. T. I. Co., 140 Smithfield street.

STIFF, SEMI-STIFF AND SOFT FELT HATS

In a variety of late styles and colors, at Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

TEA CONSUMERS

Will find a well selected stock at 140 Smithfield street.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S

Gold hunter-case watches, in endless styles, at Biggs's store, 159 Smithfield street.

GOOD TEAS

At first hands, at 140 Smithfield street, F. T. I. Co.

ROUGH AND READY, MILAN, SENNET AND CANTON HATS,

At Palmer's, 84 Wood street.

ANOTHER LARGE PURCHASE.

Mr. McKelvey has just returned from the East, and informs us he has made larger and more extensive purchases than ever. Buying exclusively for cash and in large invoices, his firm will be able to put into the Pittsburgh market a lot of Jagger wagons which they can sell at fifty, seventy-five and a hundred dollars cheaper than they can be manufactured for here. The wagons can now be seen at Schaffer's Bazaar, and buyers are solicited to call and examine their stock before making their purchases.

TEAS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

At 140 Smithfield street. F. T. I. Co.

THE ASSORTMENT OF STRAW GOODS

Now in stock at R. H. Palmer's is large and varied, and from which cash dealers may make selections at lowest Eastern jobbing prices. Palmer's is the place, 84 Wood street.

NO DUST IN THE TEAS

Sold at 140 Smithfield street.

GEO. W. BIGGS'S NEW JEWELRY STORE,

No. 159 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth street.

Sleeve Buttons

Of every conceivable shape and material, can be secured by going to the new jewelry store of Mr. Geo. W. Biggs, 159 Smithfield street.

Pearl Handle Table Cutlery.

Some exquisitely fine Pearl handle Table cutlery just received at the China Palace of Breed & Co.'s.

Every Article

Is new, and just been purchased from the Eastern markets—by Mr. Geo. W. Biggs, personally—to be had at his store, 159 Smithfield street.

Trusses and Supporters.

Rupture, abdominal weaknesses, relief and cure. Seeley's hard rubber truss supporter and pile pipe. Cleanly, cool, light, safe and comfortable. Never rusts, break nor soil. Used in bathing. Best in use. Sold by all druggists. ws

Burnett's Superior Extracts.

Lemon, Vanilla, &c., are universally known to be the purest, most delicious, cheapest and best. For sale by all grocers and druggists. w*

Watch Repairing and Cleaning

A special feature. He does the work himself—thirteen years' experience—at Biggs's, No. 159 Smithfield street.

Messrs. Breed & Co.,

The proprietors of the "China Palace," 100 Wood street, wish to announce that they have one of the nicest and finest stocks now on hand ever offered in this city of silver plated ware, in immense variety, and will dispose of the same at remarkably low prices. A word to the wise, &c.

The Feet—Corns and Banions.

The corn solvent in the shape of a pencil is one of the most wonderful preparations of late years for the cure of those various troubles of the feet which give so much annoyance to those afflicted in that way. There is no trouble this time to those so afflicted, for now one after another of the corns are taken from the feet as if by magic, and leaves the under surface smooth and unimpaired. It is done by a complete and perfect disintegration of the corneous substance, which is uprooted by a painless process, and as much so as if it had never existed. This will be good information to thousands of sufferers who are constantly under the necessity of having their corns pared, when, lo! in a week or two they are back! The corn solvent will do away with all this, and take them out by the roots, so that with ordinary care they will never return. One pencil is sufficient to cure half a dozen of corns. It is equally good for soft or hard corns or bunions. Price 50 cents. Sent by mail anywhere for 60 cents. Sold only at KEYSER'S great medicine store, 167 Liberty street. d*

MARRIED.

PURDY—KNEELAND—On Monday evening, May 1st, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. D. Howard, Mr. J. H. PURDY, of Connellsville, Pa., to Miss ANNIE KNEELAND, of this city.

Utica, N. Y., papers please copy.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

Iron Founders, Manufacturers Light Grey Iron

CASTINGS.

(Light Cast Goods our Specialty.)

Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Latches, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. P. O. address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE PROCESSION ON MONDAY WAS fine, but not as nice as the

PHOTOGRAPHS

Taken by WILKISON & McMINN, No. 41 Fifth avenue, corner of Wood street.

Call and see for yourselves.

WILKISON & McMINN.

NINTH WARD LICENSE.

Why do the Attorneys of the Christian Association, before the License Board, object to information on the petition of some of the applicants for license in the Ninth ward, and allow others to go through to which the same objections might be urged? A case in point: James M. Taylor, Esq., an Alderman in and for the Ninth ward, resides in the Nineteenth ward, formerly East Liberty, his name is attached to a great many petitions for licenses to sell liquors. In the Ninth ward some parties whose petitions have his name on—Marker Rush and others, for instance—were allowed to go through, when others were objected to and refused on this ground. The undersigned notified Mr. Cree of several names on Rush's petition who were not residents of the ward, and no objections were received or proof asked as to their residence at the hearing. Why is this?

W. J. McFETRIEDGE.

MILITARY AND FIREMEN'S EQUIPMENTS,

Society Regalias, Badges of all kinds.

Companies and Societies Fitted Out with every article required.

J. M. MIGOOD & SON, Manufacturers,
27 South Eighth street, Philadelphia.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee and Manager............JOHN A. ELLSLER.

Entire Change of Dances and Specialties for the second week of the NEWLY REMODELED Grand Spectacle

THE BLACK CROOK,

Which will be presented TO-NIGHT and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, introducing the famous Ærial King, the famous Gymnast,

ROBERT PERCY,

And the marvellous Juggler, LOZADO, together with the combined

Viennoise and Parisienne Ballet

And Stanfield's Dazzling

TRANSFORMATION SCENES.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.

FRED. AIMS............Manager.

TO-NIGHT MORE NEW STARS.

Murphy and Egbert, Song and Dance Men.
Chris. Sanders, Dutch Comedian.
Miss Nellie Clifford, Vocalist.
Last Week Female Minstrels.

The Hyams Sisters, Sage Richardson, Mazori Arnoldi, Cotten and Archer. All the Troupe To-night in a New Bill. Saturday the Popular Matinee.

Academy of Music.

For a Short Season, Commencing

Monday Evening, May 8.

CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS.

The Great Star Troupe of the World,

In their Grand Ethiopian Soirees. Unequalled throughout the World. Look at the Artists.

FRANK MORAN,
J. H. Ross, Samuel Hosfeld,
J. W. Holden, J. S. Paul,
BOBBY NEWCOMB,
W. L. Hobbs, J. G. Russell
J. Beck, J. A. Barney,
BUFFALO BOYS.
George Charles Charles Gibbons,
J. W. Lemont, Eph Horn, Jr.,

J. L. CARNCROSS, E. F. DIXEY.

Presenting to the public an entirely New Programme, as performed by this Company only.

ADMISSION—Parquette and Dress Circle 50c; Secured Seats in Parquette and Dress Circle 75c; Family Circle 35c; Gallery 25c.

Box Office open for sale of Reserved Seats MONDAY, May 8, from 10 till 4. Doors open at 7½; commence at 8 o'clock.

Mercantile Library Hall.

LAST SEASON HERE OF

THE GRAND English Opera Combination.

Grand Matinee TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY Matinee at 2 o'clock, when will be performed Wallace's Charming Opera,

MARITANA,

With Messrs. Bowler, Campbell, Howell, White; Miss Rose Hersee and Mrs. Zelda Seguin in the cast.

To-night, for the first time here in English, and second time by this Company, Meyerbeer's greatest work,

Robert Le Diable,

With Messrs. Castle, Drayton, Howell, Chatterson, Mrs. C. R. Bernard, Miss Emma Howson in the cast.

TO-MORROW EVENING, last appearance of the Grand English Opera Combination in Pittsburgh.

MARTHA.

Reserved Seats can be obtained at Charlotte Blume's Music Store, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

The Great Mastodon IS COMING.

Will Exhibit at Pittsburgh,

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

MAY 4th, 5th and 6th.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING ON THE

RED LION LOT,

Entrance from St. Clair street.

Rosston, Springer & Henderson's

WORLD-FAMED

CARAVAN, MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS.

WILD ANIMALS AND RARE BIRDS,

From all parts of the World.

The Menagerie and Circus constitutes DISTINCT EXHIBITIONS. Menagerie opens one hour previous to the Circus.

The proprietors are pleased to announce that they can present to their patrons the rarest, the most amusing and instructive sight ever beheld in a Menagerie.

Three Little Baby Lions.

They were born on the 16th of April last, and are as playful and harmless as kittens, and at the Afternoon Exhibition will be taken from the Lioness' Cage and CARRIED AMONG THE AUDIENCE, and the LADIES AND CHILDREN WILL BE PERMITTED TO HOLD THEM. More than 10,000 CHILDREN have visited these nursing lions during the past three weeks. Included in the GIGANTIC CIRCUS, are the wonderful

Bedouin Arab Troupe,

Fourteen in number, and more and better general and special performers than ever appeared in this city in any equestrian organization. Trick Horses, Trained Ponies, Mules, &c., &c.

Admission to all 50 cents. Children under 10 years, 25 cents. Begins at 2½ and 8 o'clock P. M.

GRAND PROCESSION DAILY, between the hours of 9 and 11. Elephants, Camels, Dromedaries, Chariots, Cages, and a full Military Band. See programmes and descriptive catalogues for particulars.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

As it is impossible to secure any other location than the Red Lion Lot, for Exhibitions in this city, suitable alterations have been made for the accommodation thereon of both the Menagerie and the Circus. Attentive officers and ushers will be present. Ladies and children can attend the afternoon exhibition unaccompanied by gentlemen.

GREENSBURG, April 29; WEST NEWTON, May 1; McKEESPORT, May 2; EAST LIBERTY, May 3.

RAILROAD HALL.

FAIR

For the Benefit of St. Peter's Church, in

RAILROAD HALL,

Sandusky street, next Railroad crossing, Allegheny city.

Open Every Evening.

☞Splendid Cornet Band in attendance. MWF

15c. OPERA 15c.

LIBRETTOS,

FOR

BOHEMIAN GIRL,
MARTHA,
MARITANA,
ROBERT Le DIABLE.

Just Received and for Sale at 15c. Each.

BARR & KNAKE,

12 SIXTH STREET.

A GRAND FAIR

FOR THE

Rebuilding of St. Bridget's Church.

OPEN TO-NIGHT,

AT CITY HALL,

AND WILL CONTINUE EVERY NIGHT FOR TWO WEEKS.

Music by St. Bridget's Cornet Band. tf.

GLENWOOD GROVE.—THE PLATFORM recently destroyed at Glenwood Grove is now being REBUILT on an enlarged plan and in a substantial manner. A new Dining Hall, 100 feet long, is also in course of erection, with a Ticket Office at the entrance. The Grounds are being put in order, and everything pertaining will be in tip-top condition. The Grounds will be ready by the first of May. For terms, &c., apply to J. H. WILLIAMSON, at Hazelwood Station, or at the Steam Ice Cream Works, 61 Fifth avenue.

LIPPINCOTT'S

KEYSTONE

SODA WATER APPARATUS,

BEST, CHEAPEST,

MORE CONVENIENT,

MORE HANDSOME DESIGNS,

NO COMPLICATION OF MACHINERY.

Samples Can be Seen at the Agency,

McClarran & McKennan's,

DRUG STORE,

85 MARKET STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

☞SEND FOR CATALOGUE w

SEED POTATOES

LAKE SHORE SEED PEACHBLOW,

Selected for Planting. Price $3 50 per Barrel.

Orders by Mail will receive prompt attention.

HENRY REA, Jr.,
285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

MILLINERY GOODS. MILLINERY GOODS. MILLINERY GOODS.

72. SPRING 74. MILLINERY 76. GOODS!

Straw Hats,
Gimp Hats,
Hair Hats,
And Bonnets.

NOTIONS!

Kid Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Piques, Corsets,

Ribbons from No. 1 to 250,
Silks and Satins, all colors,
Artificial Flowers,
Frames, Velvets, &c.

NOTIONS!

Lace Collars,
White Goods,
Hair Coils,

Velvet Ribbons,
LACES, CRAPES,
FULL LINES.

NOTIONS!

Hair Switches,
Berages and
Grenadines, &c., &c.

At Lowest Eastern Prices!

☞WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS WILL DO WELL TO EXAMINE OUR STYLES AND PRICES BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

ROSENBAUM, FLEISHMAN & COMPANY,

Wholesale Rooms, Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Market Street, up Stairs, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AUCTION SALES.

A. McILWAINE, 106 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Free Excursion Train to LEETONIA AND RETURN.

Will leave UNION DEPOT at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 8th of May, 1871, to the great Auction Sales of over 200 Lots on the premises.

The Great Western Band

Will accompany the Excursion. A rare chance to secure a Home or profitable investment.

Leetonia is situated on the line of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, at the crossing of the Niles and New Lisbon Railroad.

This new manufacturing region, from being located in the best Coal field for smelting and manufacturing iron, must in a short time become the rival of Pittsburgh; and located in the finest agricultural portion of the State—homes, rents and living being much cheaper, must induce many blast furnaces and rolling mills to be located at this point. Also, having large railroad facilities—the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, Niles and New Lisbon, to the Lakes, and the Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Continental and Chicago Railroad is expected to pass over the southern end of the Property to be sold. There is already in this city four Blast Furnaces, turning out over six hundred tons of superior pig metal weekly; one Rolling Mill of large capacity; Planing and Saw Mills and other manufactories. It is proposed to build a Rolling Mill to manufacture railroad iron; also, a Nail Factory is provided for, and a Paper Mill, Steel Mill and several other manufacturing improvements. Being the first division of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, and having cheap and superior manufacturing facilities, it must induce the railroads coming in there to place their work shops at this point, and this now flourishing town must outstrip Altoona of the Pennsylvania Central as a railroad city. To iron workers and mechanics—Now is your time to secure a cheap Home at your own price in Leetonia—the new vital new manufacturing city, where you can have a Healthy home, Pure Water and Cheap Living. Also, a handsome Residence and Grounds will be sold. For sale by

G. STOY,
102 Fourth avenue.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

12 1-2 ACRES

IN McCLURE TOWNSHIP,

With Excellent Improvements.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 17TH, AT 2 O'CLOCK, on the premises, by order of Orphans' Court, will be sold the valuable Farm of 12 Acres and 74½ Perches, belonging to the Estate of James McAllister, deceased, and situate in the Brighton road to the Perrysville road, between Sheriff Fleming's property and Uniondale Cemetery.

It is bounded by the lands of Wm. Dilworth, Nicholas Carr, and Robert McKeever, all under excellent cultivation, with a fine Orchard of over 100 choice Peach Trees, in bearing, together with Apple, Plum and Cherry Trees, over 1,600 Strawberry Plants, about One-half Acre planted in Asparagus, and a large collection of Small Fruits, under high cultivation; also, a carefully attended Grapery, containing a great variety of the very choicest kinds. The improvements are a TWO STORY DWELLING of 8 Rooms, with Hall through center, a good Stable, and all necessary Outbuildings; also, a never-failing Well of excellent water and 2 Cisterns.

The fine condition of this Property, and its unsurpassed situation, near the Allegheny City line, make it the most inviting which has for years been offered at public Sale.

TERMS—One-third Cash, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest, secured by Bond and Mortgage on the premises.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

ap26,m3,16tf

380 Acres Coal

AND

A 103 ACRE FARM

IN ROBINSON TOWNSHIP.

Near Mansfield Station, on P. C. and C. Railroad.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 11th, at 2 o'clock, will be sold, at A. McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, the valuable Farm of 103 Acres and 21 Perches, situate in Robinson township, on Campbell's Run, within a mile of Mansfield Station, on Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Columbus Railroad, about six miles from Pittsburgh. This is the well known McMillan Farm, with a two-story Frame House, good Barn and Orchard. The improvements and surface only to be sold with the Farm.

Also, about 380 Acres of Coal, in solid body, underlying the above and adjoining tracts, formerly the John and Joseph Ross Property.

Terms—One-third Cash, balance on Mortgage, bearing 8 per cent. per annum interest, payable semi-annually.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

JEWELRY.

ORR'S

Jewelry Store,

114 FEDERAL STREET,

Corner of Park Way, Allegheny City.

EVERYTHING IN THAT LINE.

NEW GOODS, LOW PRICES.

NEW AND ELEGANT

JEWELRY,

(ROMAN FINISH.)

OPERA, GUARD and VEST CHAINS, SLEEVE BUTTONS and STUDS, RINGS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. W. WATTLES',

No. 26 Fifth Avenue.

Prices marked in Plain Figures, as Low as can be bought anywhere.

AMERICAN WATCHES.

WALTHAM WATCH CO.,
E. HOWARD & CO.,
ELGIN WATCH CO.,
UNITED STATES WATCH CO.,

OF ALL GRADES,

Wholesale and Retail,

At the Lowest Prices in the City.

THE ZIMMERMAN WATCH.

This Watch, made by KARL ZIMMERMAN, Liverpool, is fully equal to any Watch in the market (not excepting the Frodsham). Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city. For sale by

Meyran & Siedle,

SOLE AGENTS, 42 FIFTH AVENUE.

MANUFACTURERS.

ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,

COR. THIRD AVE. AND LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

IRON PIPE FITTERS

AND

BRASS FOUNDERS,

AGENTS FOR A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S

STEAM PUMPS.

ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP.

MWF

MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS.

Anderson & Freyvogel,

SUCCESSORS TO S. S. FOWLER.

Iron Founders and Mill Furnishers,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Grist, Saw Mill and White Lead Machinery French Burr, Cocalico and Esop's Mill Stone (De Four & Co.;) German Anchor Brand Bolting Cloths; Water Wheels, Smut Machines, Rolling Mill and other Machinery, Pulleys, Hangers and Shafting.

NO. 39 WATER STREET,

MWF PITTSBURGH, PA.

WHEAT AND RYE

WANTED BY

D. WALLACE,

No. 353 LIBERTY STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

A. LEGGATE, 159 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

MAGNIFICENT SUBURBAN RESIDENCE!!

Mr. Ewing's Property, at Osborne, the first Station on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, east of Sewickley,

IS FOR SALE.

There are Sixteen Acres of Ground. Five Acres, immediately surrounding the Dwelling, are liberally planted with Fruit and Shade Trees, and handsomely laid out with Walks and Drives. Eleven Acres, north of the Beaver road, contain several good building sites, and numerous Springs of Water, conducted by iron pipes to the various buildings on the premises.

The Dwelling is a very substantial and beautiful Frame Building, occupying a commanding and imposing elevated position, from which extensive scenic views of river, country and village are obtained. It contains, on first floor, a magnificent Hall, 16 feet wide, Parlor and Reception Room, with Bay Windows; Dining Room, with adjoining Pantry; Gentlemen's Washroom, Kitchen, Storeroom, Scullery, Closet and Washhouse, all fitted up with their respective modern appurtenances.

The second floor contains five very handsome, large Bed Chambers, two smaller Chambers, large Bath Room and Water Closets; Private Bath adjoining one of the Chambers; two Cedar Closets, and other Closets and Wardrobes. These Rooms are superbly fitted up with every requisite for comfort and convenience.

The entire House is heated with Radiators, by Benton's Automaton Steam Apparatus. Cellar underlies the whole House, is cemented, and divided into compartments for vegetables, coal, &c.; large Bake Oven, Water Force Pump, and contains a Gasoline Apparatus, by which the entire Dwelling and Carriage Drives are lighted superior to city gas.

Abundant supply of Spring and Cistern Water is diffused throughout the entire premises. The Drainage is perfect. The Outbuildings consist of a first-class Stable of four stalls and large Carriage House, Cow House, Lumber Rooms, Ice House, with Cooling Room, and Servants' Apartments. Spring Water Hydrants at Stable and throughout the Grounds. This is a complete place. As a Suburban Residence it is faultless. It is offered on account of the owner's intended removal.

For full particulars, apply to

A. LEGGATE,

Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,

159 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

LARGE SALE

OF

FINE AND ELEGANT

BUGGIES, BAROUCHES, &c.,

ON

Wednesday May 3d, 1871.

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

AT THE

Carriage Factory of Stoner & Marlatt,

NOS. 167, 169 AND 171 PENN ST.,

Pittsburgh, Penna.

During the past Winter and Spring we have completed a handsome assortment of about 70 pieces of Carriage work, consisting of Shifting Top Buggies, No Top Buggies, Piano Box Buggies, Jagger and Jersey Wagons, Light Rockaways, Prince Albert Buggies, Buck Wagons, Light Carriages for two or four persons, all being carefully and substantially built for home sales, by skillful workmen, for the spring trade (not for auction.) All our work is of a finer quality and finish than has ever been offered at public sale in Pittsburgh.

We will close out the entire stock during the next thirty days. Also, a number of Second-hand Jersey Wagons, Buggies, &c. All parties interested in the purchase of Vehicles are invited to call before the day of sale. To be sold without reserve.

TERMS—Ninety days credit with approved security, or 3 per cent. will be deducted for cash on sums above $50.

STONER & MARLATT.

By N. WHITING & CO., Auctioneers.

JOHN H. STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.

LIVERY, SALE

AND

COMMISSION STABLES,

Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Auction Sale Saturday, 10 O'clock A. M.

A Splendid Offer.

200 LOTS

OF ONE-QUARTER ACRE EACH,

Thirty Miles from Pittsburgh, to be disposed of

AT $1 00 A LOT.

The subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Fayette, Allegheny, Westmoreland and other counties in Western Pennsylvania, that he has decided to dispose of a Valuable Piece of Property, containing 50 ACRES, AT LAYTON'S STATION, P. AND C. R. R., FAYETTE COUNTY, 30 miles from Pittsburgh, upon the DISTRIBUTION PLAN, the Drawing, as will be seen below, being perfectly fair and honest.

The Ground, Beautiful Meadow Land, will be laid out in the most approved plan, with Streets and Alleys, will be an enlargement of the Village of Perryopolis, and will contain

200 Lots of One-quarter Acre Each.

The Property adjoins the thriving Village of Perryopolis, and lies directly upon the re-opened line of the

HEMPFIELD RAILROAD,

Purchased by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, March 30th, 1871, and which, from the positive assurance given, will be extended from Washington, Pa., to Layton's Station this Summer, and it is highly probable

A DEPOT

Will be erected upon a portion of this Property.

These Lots will then become very valuable, on account of the Railroad Connections with which they are surrounded and the advantages arising from the extension of Perryopolis.

The Distribution Plan or Scheme Proposed is as follows:

On the 4th of July

A GRAND PIC-NIC will be held at WEST NEWTON, Excursion Tickets being issued by the Connellsville Railroad and Monongahela Packet Company. 12,000 TICKETS AT ONE DOLLAR EACH will be sold. These will admit the holder to the Pic-Nic, where the DRAWING FOR LOTS WILL TAKE PLACE.

Twelve Thousand Duplicate Tickets will be placed in the Box and there will be one Lot for every 60 Tickets sold. The Drawing will be done in the usual manner, by fair and impartial persons, appointed for the purpose, and subscribers holding the lucky Tickets will be awarded the Lots then and there, receiving the Deeds as soon as possible thereafter.

Tickets for the Pic-Nic may be obtained of WM. BARR, No. 25 Fourteenth street, Birmingham; CHARLES BAUCH, Druggist, corner Second avenue and Grant street; JOHN W. PITTOCK, opposite Postoffice, or the subscriber,

W. H. WRAY,

d* Perryopolis, Fayette County.

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS,

At Brushton Station, P. R. R.,

On long time and easy payments. Good Building Lots on Frankstown avenue; a good Frame House of 9 Rooms, well finished; very desirable, on easy terms. Persons wishing to purchase Homes or Building Sites will do well to call on D. McGURK, Real Estate Agent, opposite Twenty-first Ward School, Frankstown avenue, near Torrens Station.

Great Western Gun Works.

RIFLES, SHOT GUNS, REVOLVERS.

Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Bullets, Game Bags, Shot Belts, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials and Sporting Goods of every description. I deal exclusively in Fire Arms and Gun Material, and have the only full assortment in the city, and sell at lower prices than can be bought anywhere in the country. Call and see, or send for a Price List before purchasing elsewhere. Firearms neatly and promptly repaired. Guns for hire. Tents for sale. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or traded for.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, 179 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FEATHERS,

AND

BEESWAX,

ALL GRADES,

F. G. CRAIGHEAD,

262 LIBERTY STREET.

COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY.

ARTIST MATERIALS.

J. G. BACKOFEN & SON,
Dealers in Drawing Instruments,
Oil and Water Colors, and Brushes of all kinds. Give us a call, at No. 161 Smithfield street.

BRUSHES.

J. D. THOMPSON & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Brushes,
And Importers and Jobbers of Fancy Goods, Notions and Toys, No. 240 Liberty street, corner of Wood.

BANKS.

AMERICAN BANK.
80 FOURTH AVENUE.
Cash Capital............$200,000.
JOHN FLOYD, President. W. FLOYD, Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY,
92 FOURTH AVENUE.
W. H. EVERSON, President.
W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

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CHAS. ABEL & CO.
Manufacturers of
The celebrated Vegetable Hair Oils, and Dealers Drugs, Perfumery, Medicines, &c., 172 Wylie ave.

J. HENDERSON & BROS.,
Wholesale Dealers in
Drugs, Paints, Oils and Patent Medicines, 266 Liberty street.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

LORENZ & WIGHTMAN,
Manufacturers of all Sizes
Window Glass, Fruit Jars, Bottles of every description, &c., &c., 32 Wood street.

WRAPPING PAPERS.

FRAZER, METZGER & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Hardware, Coffee, Glass, Carpet, Baling, Straw, Batting Rag, Manilla and Roofing Papers.
Office and Warehouse, No. 82 Third av.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

CAST STEEL.

OFFICE AND WORKS:

Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward,

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Sheffield Steel Works.

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Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST TOOL CAST STEEL,
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW STEEL,
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RAILWAY SPRINGS AND SPRING STEEL,
ELLIPTIC AND SIDE SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &C, &C.

93 Water and 100 First Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL,

Office and Warehouse, Cor. Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; ALSO, BEST

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

INSURANCE.

Western Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

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WM. P. HERBERT............Secretary.
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Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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Monongahela Insurance Co.,

OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED 1854.

CASH CAPITAL............$175,000.

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.

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Citizen's Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office—Corner Market and Water streets, Second Floor.

WM. BAGALEY............President.
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Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.

Insures against loss or damage by fire.

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Peoples' Insurance Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, N. E. corner Wood street and Fifth avenue, second floor.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

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A New Wrinkle,

WITH NO BED BUGS.

PERRY'S PATENT FOLDING

BED LOUNGE,

SOLD ONLY BY

Lemon & Weise,

118 FOURTH AVENUE,

Where may be found a Full Assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen

FURNITURE.

MWF

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No. 42 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Prepared with care FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDINGS.